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NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean County, outside of Bradford.

McKean County Miner

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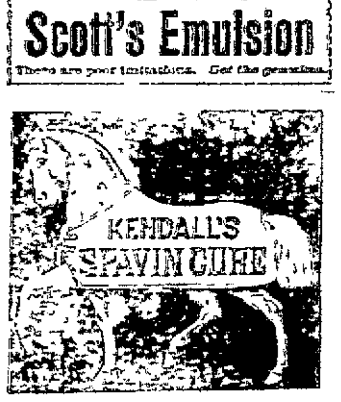

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WM. T. SHERMAN.

Struggles and Triumphs of the Citizen, Soldier and Patriot

THE LAST OF THE GREAT TRIO.

Schoolboy and Cadet—The Scion of a Very American Stock—Disappointed in Not Getting Into Mexico and in Getting to California—Marriage and Civil Life in Louisiana—Civil War—And the Rest Is Familiar History.

GEN. W. T. SHERMAN.
[From his last photograph.]

It is [illegible] stock from which he [illegible]. The Sherman family came from Sussex, England. One branch produced [illegible] Sherman, William M. Evarts [illegible]. Another gave us the two brothers, Senator John and Gen. William T. Sherman. The father of these [illegible] Charles R. Sherman, [illegible] judge of the Ohio supreme court, and during the war of 1812 had acted as commissary [illegible]. Being a great admirer of the Shawnee chief Tecumseh, when the child destined to become one of the [illegible] chieftains of the civil war was born [illegible] gave him for a second name Tecumseh.

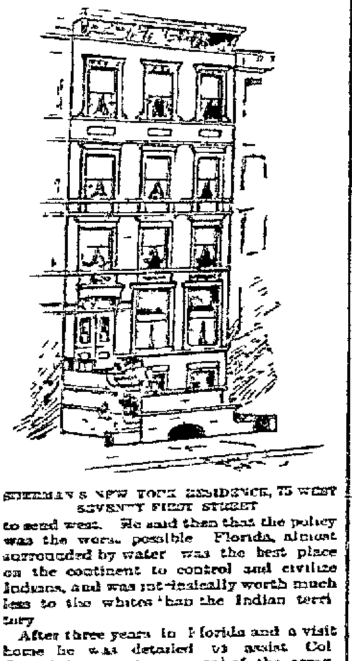
William Tecumseh Sherman was born at Lancaster, Ohio, [illegible] of February, 1820. His father died when he was 9 years old, and the boy was taken into the family of [illegible], who always treated him as his own. At [illegible] academy he studied the ordinary branches besides Latin, Greek and French. Mr. Ewing being [illegible] and having a cadetship at his disposal [illegible] to prepare for West Point. In 1836, however, Sherman was employed [illegible] with the engineers [illegible] Valley canal, receiving [illegible] a day for his work.

Having [illegible] in the latter part of May, 1836, he went to Washington to report to Senator Ewing, traveling over the [illegible] road to Frederick, Md. There he was told that he could take cars to Washington, [illegible] having faith in [illegible] railroad, he says [illegible] to the coach. From Washington he went to Baltimore by rail, thence by boat to Havre de Grace, thence by rail to Wilmington, Del., and thence up the Delaware by boat to Philadelphia. After a few days of delightful sightseeing he took rail to Bordentown, rail to Amboy and boat to New York. There he met William Scott, the husband of one of his cousins, a neatly dressed young fellow. He says [illegible] looked on me as an untamed animal just caught in the far west, fit for gunpowder and nothing else. The steamer Cornelius Vanderbilt took him to West Point, where he arrived on June 12.

Sherman was a good scholar. He stood sixth in a class of forty-three, and but for the demerits for his inattention to rules and regulations would have stood even higher. Upon graduation he was commissioned a second lieutenant in the Third United States artillery, to report at Governor's Island, New York, where he was assigned to the command of a company of recruits preparing for service in Florida.

In Florida, South Carolina and California

Gen. Zachary Taylor was then in chief command in Florida, and Col. (afterward Maj. Gen.) Worth commanded the Eighth infantry at St. Augustine. Sherman went with his company to St. Augustine and seems to have learned more there about spearing fish than shedding blood. The Seminole war was over, the Indians were scattered, and the [illegible] were principally hunting up the fragments to send west. He said then that the policy was the worst possible. Florida, almost surrounded by water, was the best place on the continent to control and civilize Indians, and was intrinsically worth much less to the whites than the Indian territory.



SHERMAN'S NEW YORK RESIDENCE, 75 WEST SEVENTY-FIRST STREET.

After three years in Florida and a visit home he was detailed to assist Col. Churchill, inspector general of the army, in taking depositions in upper Georgia and Alabama concerning losses by volunteers in Florida by reason of the failure of the United States to provide sufficient forage. This duty took him to Marietta, Ga., where he became familiar with the ground over which twenty years afterward he was to lead a great army. His peregrinations extended from Bellefonte, Ala., to Atlanta, Ga., and his knowledge of the region was so minute that twenty years later, giving an order to Gen. McPherson to ascend Kenesaw mountain, he said, "Half way up you will find a plateau and peach orchard—a good place for your men to take breath before the assault." He had visited the orchard many times during his former stay.

Early in 1846 he was a first lieutenant at Fort Moultrie. Singularly enough, the company was commanded by Capt. Robert Anderson, who fifteen years later was to hold the fort while the storm of civil war was gathering about it. Gen. Taylor was at this time at Corpus Christi, Tex. Sherman was ordered north on recruiting service and assigned to duty at Pittsburg, Pa. Here he heard of the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma, and chafed under the quiet duties of a recruiting officer.

Impatient to reach the scene of active operations, he left his corporal in charge of his recruiting office and took what men he had gathered to Newport Barracks, opposite Cincinnati. "I then reported in Cincinnati," says Sherman, "to the superintendent of the western recruiting service, Col. Fanning, an old officer with one arm, who inquired by what authority I had come away from my post. I argued that I took it for granted he wanted all the recruits he could get to forward, and did not know but he might want me to go along. Instead of appreciating my volunteer zeal he swore at me for leaving my post and told me to go back to Pittsburg."

He was soon, however, assigned to a company under orders for California, and on the 14th of July, 1846, sailed from New York. Thus was he deprived of the experience that others found so useful when the great war made the captains and lieutenants of '46-'48 the generals of '61-'65. While in California Sherman heard that the Mexican war was over.

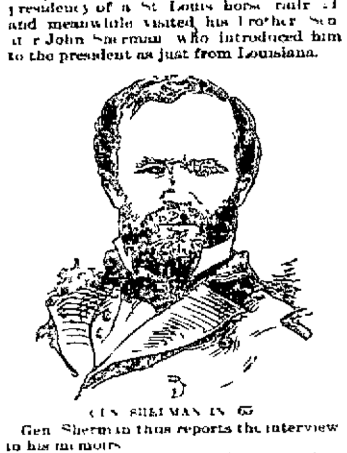
Two years later he returned from the Pacific coast with dispatches to the war department, visited his mother and returned to Washington, where on May 1, 1850, he was married to Ellen Boyle Ewing, daughter of his foster father, then secretary of the interior. It was a "swell" wedding indeed, the most brilliant of that season—and there were present Clay, Webster, Benton, President Taylor and all his cabinet and many other distinguished men.

Mrs. Sherman died in November, 1888, at the home in New York at the age of 64, after a happy married life of 38 years. She was buried at St. Louis.

After a bridal tour to Niagara and a business trip to California and return to Lancaster, Lieut. Sherman resigned his commission and entered a banking firm in San Francisco. He remained through six stirring years; then came the panic of 1857, the bank was closed, and in 1859 he located in Leavenworth, Kan., as lawyer and real estate agent. He found the life insupportably dull, and eagerly embraced an offer (for which he was somewhat indebted to Maj. D. C. Buell, afterward general) to take the [illegible] of superintendent of the Louisiana Military academy. But he held it [illegible] a year, for the great [illegible] was at hand.

Opening of the Civil War

His resignation was accepted in the [illegible] of April, 1861. He had already sought the presidency of a St. Louis horse railroad, and meanwhile visited his brother, Senator John Sherman, who introduced him to the president as just from Louisiana.



GEN. SHERMAN IN '65.

Gen. Sherman thus reports the interview in his memoirs:

"Ah," said Mr. Lincoln, "how are they getting along down there?" I said, "They are getting along swimmingly; they are preparing for war." "Oh, well," said he, "I guess we'll manage to keep house." I was silenced, said no more to him, and soon left. I was sadly disappointed, and remember that I broke out on John, damning the politicians generally and saying, "You have got things in a h—— of a fix, and you may get them out as best you can," adding that the country was sleeping on a volcano that might burst forth at any minute, but that I was going to St. Louis to take care of my family and would have nothing to do with it.

The apparent cheerfulness and hopefulness of the president was doubtless discouraging then to many others who did not know of the load behind it. Of all the eyes that looked into the future none saw farther than Mr. Lincoln's.

Sherman was elected president of the horse railroad and entered upon his duties April 1, 1861. Twelve days after came the firing on Sumter. Sherman was offered the chief clerkship in the war department through Montgomery Blair, with a prospect of being assistant secretary of war, but declined. He says Frank Blair intimated to him that he would secure his appointment as brigadier general and the position [illegible] afterward held, but that he declined this offer. "For the work to be done in the field Lyon was perhaps a better man than Sherman. Lyon was ready to act in those fermenting times when there was little or nothing to work with, while Sherman's strength was only developed when the means were at hand and the machinery in line for action." Sherman formally offered his services by letter to the secretary of war on May 8, 1861. Six days later he was appointed colonel of one of the new regular regiments, the Thirteenth infantry.

Delays and Disasters of '61

In June, 1861, he was assigned to the command of a brigade in the Army of the Potomac, and Bull Run was the first military contest of any kind that he saw or took a part in—"when," he says, "for the first time in my life I saw cannon balls strike men and crash through the trees and saplings above and around us, and realized the always sickening confusion as one approaches a fight from the rear; then the night march from Centreville on the Warrenton road, standing for hours wondering what was meant; the deployment along the edge of the field that slopes down to Bull Run and waiting for Hunter's approach on the other side from the direction of Sudley Springs, away off to the right; the terrible scare of a poor negro who was caught between our lines; the crossing of Bull Run, and the fear lest we should be fired on by our own men; the killing of Lieut. Col. Haggerty, which occurred in plain sight, and the first scenes of a field strewed with dead men and horses." Thus does Gen. Sherman graphically picture his entrance to his first battle.

Then followed the period of reorganization. McClellan was soon in command of all the armies of the United States. Sherman was made a brigadier general, and on the 24th of August was ordered with his former classmate, George H. Thomas, to the department of the Cumberland to report to Gen. Robert Anderson, once captain of the battery in which Sherman served at Fort Moultrie, S. C.

Buckner was at the time supposed to be marching on Louisville; the state of Kentucky was endeavoring to preserve her neutrality, and there was a very small Union force at hand with which to make a defense. Sherman advanced to Muldraugh's Hill with such volunteers and home guards as could be collected. Gen. Anderson's health was not equal to the command of so many conflicting elements, and on the 8th of October, 1861, he published an order relinquishing his command, which fell on Sherman as next in rank in that department.

It is impossible for the student of war history to peruse the record of Sherman's administration in Kentucky and his subsequent advance to Atlanta without wondering that the same Sherman acted in both fields. Sherman in Kentucky found himself an unwilling commander. "Looking at his field," say Messrs. Nicolay and Hay in their "Life of Lincoln," "with a purely professional eye the disproportion between the magnitude of his task and the immediate means for its accomplishment oppressed him like a nightmare."

A COUNCIL OF WAR.

His impatient temper soon got his rather sarcastic tongue in most injudicious action. Secretary Cameron came in person to listen to his complaints and asked what he wanted.

"Sixty thousand men at once, and 200,000 before we are done," was his reply.

It is definitely recorded that for once in his life Simon Cameron was shut up. When he repeated this to Adjt. Gen. Lorenzo Thomas he added: "Sherman is crazy. He wants 200,000 men sent to Kentucky." The next day it was in the papers that the secretary thought Gen. Sherman crazy—a newspaper correspondent was present to hear the remark. And every word that Sherman said to Cameron was in print within a week. In another week Gen. Sherman was relieved and ordered to report at St. Louis"—to Gen. Halleck.

Shiloh and Vicksburg

One of the most fortunate things that happened to Sherman and the Union cause was the order for him to report to Grant at Paducah. He had started out with the same disposition as other generals who were destined to become gigantic failures, to magnify the difficulties in the way and take a discouraging view of his own resources. In Grant he found a man who was always ready to act with what materials were at hand, who from the first was looking at his front rather than his rear. Sherman was a man who could profit by the contact, and doubtless to this fact more than any other is due his final triumph as one of the great leaders of the war.

He was at Paducah when Fort Henry and Fort Donaldson were taken. On the 10th of March, by order of Halleck, he embarked his division at Paducah, and at Fort Henry reported to Gen. C. F. Smith, by whose orders he joined Grant at Pittsburg Landing.

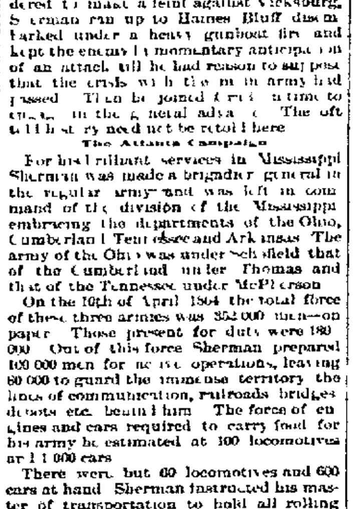
At the battle of Shiloh Sherman commanded his division. For the second time he had an opportunity to take part in a great battle and in command of three or four times as many men as he led at Bull Run.

On the 11th of April Gen. Halleck arrived at Pittsburg Landing and assumed personal command. Commanding his division with the right, Sherman was a witness to Halleck's illustration of the art of war as laid down in the books by advancing an army of over 100,000 men by regular siege methods on Corinth, a place of no especial natural strength and defended only by dirt and about 50,000 Confederates. Grant knew that the siege of Corinth was a farce, but Sherman, who was full of impulse and still had a great deal to learn, spoke of it as "a victory as brilliant and important as any recorded in history."

Then came the operations about Vicksburg and on the Yazoo river. Sherman's command consisted of four divisions. He attacked the Confederate fortifications above the Chickasaw bayou and was driven back, having lost 1,900 men to a Confederate loss of [illegible].

His failure in Kentucky had been followed by his failure at Vicksburg, and he was neither trusted by the people nor by the administration. McClernand assumed command of Sherman's army, except two divisions, and Sherman issued a farewell address. [illegible] two divisions he accompanied McClernand's army to Arkansas [illegible] investment he [illegible] in the assault [illegible] according to McClernand's report, his usual activity and enterprise.

Sherman was assigned to the left of Grant's army [illegible] to the rear of Vicksburg. Having been ordered to make a feint against Vicksburg, Sherman ran up to Haines' Bluff, disembarked under a heavy gunboat fire and kept the enemy in momentary anticipation of an attack till he had reason to suppose that the crisis with the main army had passed. Then he joined Grant in time to engage in the general advance. The oft told story need not be retold here.



SHERMAN'S ARMY LEAVING THE MACON RAILWAY.

The Atlanta Campaign

For his brilliant services in Mississippi Sherman was made a brigadier general in the regular army and was left in command of the division of the Mississippi, embracing the departments of the Ohio, Cumberland, Tennessee and Arkansas. The army of the Ohio was under Schofield, that of the Cumberland under Thomas and that of the Tennessee under McPherson.

On the 10th of April, 1864, the total force of these three armies was 352,000 men—on paper. Those present for duty were 180,000. Out of this force Sherman prepared 100,000 men for active operations, leaving 80,000 to guard the immense territory, the lines of communication, railroads, bridges, depots, etc., behind him. The force of engines and cars required to carry food for his army he estimated at 100 locomotives and 1,000 cars.

There were but 60 locomotives and 600 cars at hand. Sherman instructed his master of transportation to hold all rolling stock arriving from Louisville at Nashville. In this way he accumulated sufficient cars and engines to transport food to his armies.

Gen. Joseph E. Johnston was in his front with an army of 42,000 men. Johnston was afterward joined by an additional force of 22,000 men. Thus the armies stood at 100,000 to 64,000. By the 1st of June Sherman had lost 10,000 men, and Johnston 13,000. The force then stood: Sherman 90,000, Johnston 51,000, showing a surplus of 39,000 for Sherman.

In a limited space it is impossible to give an account of the different battles fought in this campaign. It will be more interesting to note the features of the struggle, the objects to be gained and the advantages and disadvantages on either side. Sherman, having a superior force, and being each day drawn farther from his base, was anxious to bring on a battle. Johnston must either fight a force exceeding his own by nearly 40,000 men or at last demoralize his army by prolonged retreat. The two armies would come together, each would throw up breastworks, the country being mountainous; usually protected Johnston's right. Sherman would throw his surplus to his own right, on the outer extremity of which was his cavalry, and when about to get in Johnston's rear Johnston would retreat.

Sherman, grown impatient, decided to attack at Kenesaw. The armies of the Cumberland and the Tennessee marched forward to the assault. The result was a failure scarcely less bloody than Fredericksburg. Then Sherman once more threw out his flanking column and Kenesaw fell. Union pickets took possession one morning without a shot. Sherman, who with a glass was watching the pickets climb the heights and saw them go over the crest, at once ordered a quick pursuit. So the game went on till Sherman was in sight of the spires of Atlanta.

Then Johnston was relieved of his command by Jeff Davis, and Gen. Hood was put in his place. Hood fell upon Sherman's flank, McPherson was killed and the Union forces driven back with great loss. Sherman was held at bay in sight of Atlanta for a month. The check was discouraging, but the great flank movement forced Hood to evacuate.

A southern writer has told a story of the surrender of Atlanta in most graphic fashion. It was known that Sherman with his army was nearing the city, and the mayor, accompanied by a little band of citizens, rode out to meet the general.

A sudden turn in the road brought them face to face with a marching detachment of men in blue. A brief halt, a hurried explanation. A Federal colonel rode up to the spot and asked a few questions. The white flag, the appearance of the strangers in citizens' garb and the calm measured words of Mayor Calhoun satisfied the officer, and an orderly was at once detailed to guide the visitors to the commander's camp.

SHERMAN AT ATLANTA.

When the mayor and his friends were introduced to Gen. Sherman they saw before them a man of [illegible] who looked fully ten years older. His brown face was seamed with lines of care, [illegible]. His [illegible] and his rough closely trimmed beard, together with his weather beaten field uniform, made him look like anything but a [illegible]

[illegible]

Shortly after [illegible] the streets were blue with [illegible] Federals. All [illegible] and in a day the place was [illegible]

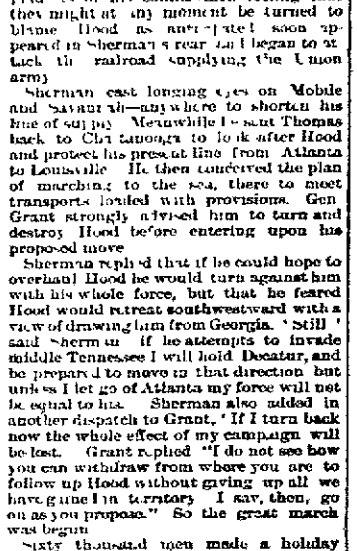
[illegible] occupied the best houses, [illegible] Gen. Sherman [illegible] comfortably [illegible] at the corner [illegible] two days before had been denouncing him as a [illegible] for whom even the worst fate was too good. The two got along very agreeably, and in less than a week the housekeeper told her friends that the general was the nicest man in the world and had been shamefully slandered.

The rejoicing in the north at the fall of Atlanta knew no bounds. Sherman, from having suffered unpopularity, became an idol. Many expected the war to end at [illegible], but there was still a fox at large who must be caught. Hood [illegible] imitated Beauregard at Corinth when the Confederate army disappeared before a superior force, to turn up elsewhere.

But when we consider Sherman's [illegible] with a line of several hundred miles in his rear extending through a hostile country, we see how far superior was the Sherman who followed Johnston's army to Atlanta to the Sherman who was bewildered in Kentucky.

March to the Sea

Sherman entered Atlanta on the 1st of September. While the people of the north were rejoicing at his success, Sherman himself was puzzling his brains as to the next move on the chess board. With an army of 100,000 men several hundred miles from his base, his enemy gone from his front and Hood to strike at any other point along the whole Confederate and Union front, Sherman might well listen to the plaints of his countrymen, feeling that they might at any moment be turned to blame. Hood, as anticipated, soon appeared in Sherman's rear and began to attack the railroad supplying the Union army.



THE MARCH TO THE SEA.

[The dotted upward curve shows the general line of march of the [illegible] the broken line that of the Fourteenth corps, [illegible] that of the Fifteenth [illegible] show the prescribed route of the cavalry, but it is to be noted that the cavalry swept over a large breadth, and foraging parties of the infantry often departed from the main line.]

Sherman cast longing eyes on Mobile and Savannah—anywhere to shorten his line of supply. Meanwhile he sent Thomas back to Chattanooga to look after Hood and protect his present line from Atlanta to Louisville. He then conceived the plan of marching to the sea, there to meet transports loaded with provisions. Gen. Grant strongly advised him to turn and destroy Hood before entering upon his proposed move.

Sherman replied that if he could hope to overhaul Hood he would turn against him with his whole force, but that he feared Hood would retreat southwestward with a view of drawing him from Georgia. "Still," said Sherman, "if he attempts to invade middle Tennessee I will hold Decatur, and be prepared to move in that direction; but unless I let go of Atlanta my force will not be equal to his." Sherman also added in another dispatch to Grant, "If I turn back now the whole effect of my campaign will be lost." Grant replied, "I do not see how you can withdraw from where you are to follow up Hood without giving up all we have gained in territory. I say, then, go on as you propose." So the great march was begun.

Sixty thousand men made a holiday march over the territory lying between Atlanta and the ocean. The march to the sea has doubtless done more to attach fame to the name of Sherman among the masses than any campaign he planned or executed. There is something in it so different from the ordinary lead and powder and blood of war. The men were so happy.

"Uncle Billy, I guess Grant is waiting for us at Richmond," they called out as Sherman passed them on the march. There were shots fired, but at sheep and chickens; there was blood spilled, but it was the blood of November turkeys. It was a jolly, roistering, reckless army—an army that had fought for and won the privilege of roving at will over the territory that was laid open to it. In about thirty days the advance came to the banks of Ossibaw sound, where frowned Fort MacAllister, but Gen. Hazen's division formed in line and walked over the parapets with but little trouble. Supplies were at hand, sent down from the north by sea; the goal was won. Sherman had a new and safe means of supply, and the moral effect of the move was tremendous.

Sherman says in his "Memoirs": "I considered this march as a means to an end, and not as an essential act of war. Still then, as now, the march to the sea was generally regarded as something extraordinary, something anomalous, something out of the usual order of events, whereas, in fact, I simply moved from Atlanta to Savannah, as one step in the direction of Richmond, a movement that had to be met and defeated or the war was necessarily at an end."

Finishing the Struggle.

On the first day of February, 1865, Sherman started with 60,000 men in pursuit of the second part of his plan, which was to strike Richmond from the Carolinas. He moved up to Columbia, S. C., which he destroyed, and pushed on to Fayetteville, N. C. The movement to the left was intended as a feint, but news reached Hardee (through a New York paper), who was watching Sherman, that the Union supplies were to be drawn from Goldsboro. This did away with all effect of deception. From Fayetteville Sherman reported progress to Grant, assuring him that he would be ready to aid him in the spring campaign.

Meanwhile Gen. Joseph E. Johnston had been placed in command of the Confederate forces in the Carolinas. On the night of the 18th of February Gen. Slocum encountered Johnston's army at Bentonville. Sherman ordered him to fight defensively until he should himself come up with reinforcements. When Sherman arrived he hesitated to bring on a general engagement, being entirely ignorant of the force at Johnston's disposal. Besides, he had but little food in his wagons, and expected Schofield and Terry to join him from Wilmington. Gen. Mower broke through the Confederate line on his extreme left flank. Sherman ordered him back, but lest the enemy should concentrate upon him ordered a brisk skirmish fire along the line.

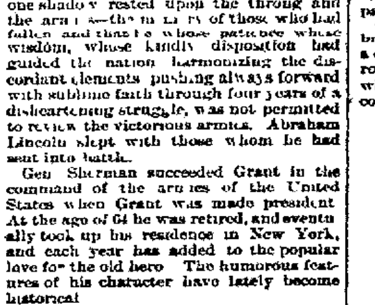
Sherman has acknowledged that he made a mistake in not pursuing Johnston then. The next day the Confederates were gone, and Sherman had missed an opportunity. Johnston had but 14,000 men, and with the force at his command Sherman could have destroyed him.

While Sherman's march to the sea has been attended with great eclat, his march through the Carolinas has been nearly lost sight of. Yet the distance traversed in the latter was greater than in the former, and required the crossing of five navigable rivers.

It was now possible for Sherman to join Grant in Virginia, but again the situation was embarrassing. Grant and Sherman now led two different armies in proximity to Lee, and should Lee elude Grant at Petersburg, join Johnston and attack Sherman, if successful the two might turn and crush Grant. At least this was the apprehension of the two leaders, who had learned one of war's most important maxims, never to despise an enemy. But either Grant or Sherman was powerful enough to cope with the combined Confederate forces, for by this time the Confederacy was in its death throes.

Having arrived at Goldsboro Sherman went to Fortress Monroe for an interview with Gen. Grant and Mr. Lincoln. He has given the testimony of Admiral Porter, who was present at the meeting, to show that Mr. Lincoln was ready to have almost any terms accepted from Gen. Johnston rather than have him join Lee and render the fighting of another battle necessary. Sherman went back to Goldsboro and announced his plans to his generals, but all was rendered unnecessary by the fall of Richmond and Petersburg. Then it was again feared Lee would attempt to join Johnston, and Grant directed Sherman to push on, and, in cooperation with himself, try, as Grant expressed it, to "finish the job." On April 12 Sherman received the news of Lee's surrender.

On the morning of the 14th of April he received by flag of truce a letter from Gen. Johnston proposing to surrender. Sherman replied that he would make the terms of Appomattox a basis. A meeting was arranged between the two generals, and on the 17th, as Sherman was about departing to keep his engagement, he received the news of the assassination of President Lincoln. Sherman met Johnston, who declared he had authority over all Confederate armies, and that he would surrender them, but he thought Sherman ought to give him some guarantee for the men and officers of their political rights. Other prominent Confederate officers were called in, and Sherman wrote terms for surrender to submit to the new president, Andrew Johnston. The papers were signed and forwarded.



SHERMAN'S ARMY ENTERING SAVANNAH.

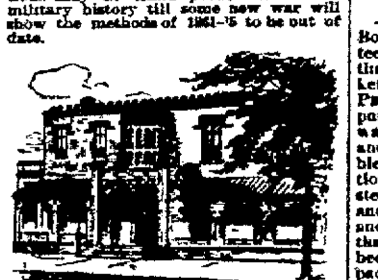
The taking up of civil matters in this cartel, promising to guarantee to the people of the states their political rights and franchises, at once insured its disapproval at Washington. Grant joined Sherman at Raleigh by direction of the president, for the purpose of assuming command. New terms were drawn up between Johnston and Sherman for the surrender of Johnston's army alone and approved by Gen. Grant.

Then came the grand review in Washington, the flags, the decorations, the enthusiastic multitudes, while hundreds of thousands of veterans marched through the streets past the reviewing stand. But one shadow rested upon the throng and the army—the memory of those who had fallen, and that one whose patience, whose wisdom, whose kindly disposition had guided the nation, harmonizing the discordant elements, pushing always forward with sublime faith through four years of a disheartening struggle, was not permitted to review the victorious armies. Abraham Lincoln slept with those whom he had sent into battle.

Gen. Sherman succeeded Grant in the command of the armies of the United States when Grant was made president. At the age of 64 he was retired, and eventually took up his residence in New York, and each year has added to the popular love for the old hero. The humorous features of his character have lately become historical.

The actual ability of any eminent man cannot be weighed dispassionately in his own time. Sherman failed signally in the early part of the war, but was eminently successful in the latter part. He was always true to his convictions, and to the sight with which he saw the problems before him. He never did much with little, but he did a great deal when amply supplied with means. When Grant left him in command in the west he was free to prosecute any campaign in his own way. That he prosecuted the campaign he saw before him in a masterly way (except his blunder at Kenesaw), and handled his men and kept open his communications with great skill, no one can doubt, but it will remain for the dispassionate military student to determine whether or not his plan was at fault.

When he started for Atlanta his whole army amounted to nearly 200,000 effectives. The combined Confederate forces that could have opposed any move he chose to make in the west were not more than 50 per cent. of the number of his own. His plan of following Johnston involved the stringing out of his army from Louisville to Atlanta. The situation was cumbersome for Sherman and greatly to his disadvantage. The question for the military critic is, whether he could have done any better—anything to break up the status of chasing one small army which had the advantage of engaging only a portion of the force opposed to it, and involving a line of supply to defend extending through a hostile country over 300 miles? These questions may at times puzzle students of military history till some new war will show the methods of 1861-'5 to be out of date.



HEADQUARTERS OF SHERMAN AT SAVANNAH.

Sherman will always be admired for what he effected, irrespective of the great means at his disposal and his manner of procedure. Among the Union leaders in the civil war he will doubtless always take rank second only to Grant.

—Families, jobbers and everybody can be supplied with fresh and salt meats promptly upon application at Scull's, East Smethport, Pa.

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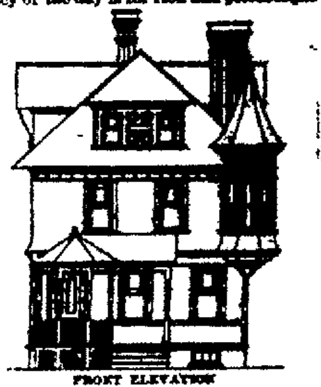
A $3,000 COTTAGE.

David W. King Describes an Attractive and Convenient Design.

(Copyright by American Press Association.)

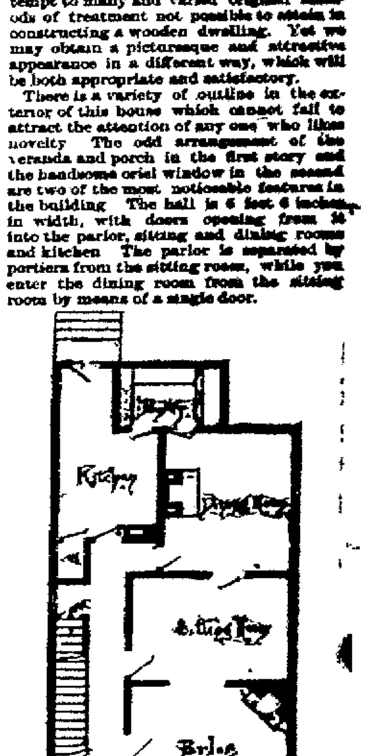
As in fashions of dress, so in those of architecture, there will be at times strong reactions, at others changes may come gradually. A good example, illustrating this in this country, is the rise and decline of the Mansard or French roof, which was the fashion twenty or more years since. It came in various forms, straight, and with concave and convex curves, a hideous vision to the artistic eye. Happily the fashion has changed. The architectural tendency of the day is for rich and picturesque



FRONT ELEVATION.

effects in both exterior and interior construction, dependent upon the materials used. Stone, brick and terra cotta lend themselves to a great variety of form, and tempt to many and varied original methods of treatment not possible to attain in constructing a wooden dwelling. Yet we may obtain a picturesque and attractive appearance in a different way, which will be both appropriate and satisfactory.

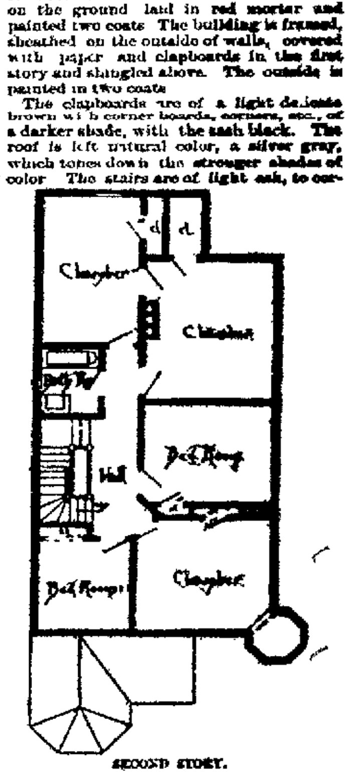
There is a variety of outline in the exterior of this house which cannot fail to attract the attention of any one who likes novelty. The odd arrangement of the veranda and porch in the first story and the handsome oriel window in the second are two of the most noticeable features in the building. The hall is 6 feet 6 inches in width, with doors opening from it into the parlor, sitting and dining rooms and kitchen. The parlor is separated by portiers from the sitting room, while you enter the dining room from the sitting room by means of a single door.



FIRST STORY.

From the main chamber above the dining room the oriel window projects, adding a pretty effect to the whole. The other rooms on this floor are of good size and conveniently arranged, with bathroom complete in the rear portion of the house, with ample closet room for the principal chambers and a handsome stairway. There are two rooms finished in the attic, with the remainder left unfinished. The foundation walls are of stone or brick. The bricks used in the chimneys are selected from the hard brick stock delivered on the ground, laid in red mortar and painted two coats. The building is framed, sheathed on the outside of walls, covered with paper and clapboards in the first story and shingled above. The outside is painted in two coats.

The clapboards are of a light delicate brown with corner boards, corners, etc., of a darker shade, with the sash black. The roof is left natural color, a silver gray, which tones down the stronger shades of color. The stairs are of light ash, to correspond with the finish of the woodwork in the building. All other woodwork inside is painted in two coats. The building is heated by a furnace, and is provided with a good range and boiler. The mantels and fireplaces are very neatly fitted up with open grates complete.



SECOND STORY.

The front yard has a picket fence in front. The sides and rear are fenced with ordinary board fencing. The building also has electric bells.

The cost of the above building would be not far from $3,000.

D. W. KING.

—Everybody remember that Dennis' Botanic Remedies are positively Guaranteed to give better results for the price than any others of the kind on the market. Try them and you will be convinced. PROOF—A man at Portage Creek, Pa., purchased some articles of a man who was closing out some household stuff, and found a package of Dennis' Vegetable Compound. After reading a description of the same, with directions for steeping and using it, concluded to try it, and says that it was just what he needed, and that he derived more benefit from it than from any of the doctors, who had been treating him. Price 50 cents per package. For all diseases of the blood, liver and kidney, sick headache, constipation, &c.

Mrs. S. Palmerton of Delaware county, N. Y., was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Shippey of Bordell, says that she has cured herself of dyspepsia and Rheumatism by using four packages. For sale at the Drug Stores or other places of trade or by mail. G. T. DENNIS, Eldred, Pa., Prop'r. and Manufacturer.

—"First Attempt" sold at the Central and Wright House.

McKean County Miner

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ADVERTISING RATES.

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Editors and Proprietors.

Smethport, Pa. Feb. 20, 1891.

[illegible] has spoken in reply to the slanders which have been heaped upon him for a year or more, and certainly the earnestness of his denial and the facts produced to prove his statements carries conviction.

GROVER CLEVELAND exhibited a great amount of shrewdness a few days since, in coming out openly against the free coinage of silver. He has strengthened himself as a candidate for President where he needs strength.

It is amusing to hear of Major Miller of Franklin talking before the Legislative committee in the interest of the Independent refiners. He has earned a fortune in the refining business as a partner of the Standard Oil Company. Speeches from such sources should have no weight with Legislative committees.

We publish in another column a summary of the road law which was prepared by the Road Commission of which Hon. J. T. Griffith of this county was a member. It has some very commendable features and some which we fear will prove cumbersome. But most anything will be preferable to our present system.

HALLO, what is this? Senator elect Vilas, of Wisconsin opposed to free coinage? He'll have to be kicked out of the party of free whiskey and free [illegible] he will have to change his views, as a number of democrats have lately done to pretend to get nearer to the demands of the Farmers' Alliance.

Already the plates are one fifth higher than they were last summer. [illegible] American skill and ingenuity has brought down the price of the cans made from these plates so that the can which sold for $3 a hundred in Baltimore, the centre of the canning industry, last summer before the McKinley bill passed now sell for [illegible]. So will it be with the tin plates when American workingmen get their hands in making them.

Two notable deaths have occurred within the past week. Admiral David D. Porter the highest naval officer of the United States died at his home in Washington on Friday morning Feb. 13th, at [illegible] a. m. William Tecumseh Sherman the famous General of the union army during the war of the rebellion died at his home in New York city on Saturday Feb. 14th, at [illegible] P. M. These two men were at one time in command in their respective arms of the service during the war. They were great commanders and their names will go down in history as two of the most illustrious men this country has ever produced. An additional sketch of Gen. Sherman's life will be found on our first page.

SPEAKING EDITORIALLY

The Bradford Star [illegible] Hon. F. E. Johnson of Cameron [illegible] the doubtful honor of having introduced one of the most [illegible] bills [illegible] in the State Legislature during the present session. The bill provides that if at any time two thirds of the resident taxable inhabitants of a township or any portion of a county shall for any reason desire to change the boundary lines and be set off into another county the change shall be made upon petition to the Secretary of Internal Affairs who together with the Governor and Secretary of the Commonwealth shall consider the application and shall grant it upon recommendation of three commissioners appointed by them to survey the territory and inquire into the advisability of the change. The bill is objectionable because it makes it much too easy to change the boundary lines of counties, for the additional reason that it makes a few interested petitioners superior to the mass of residents of the counties affected. Because while it empowers a few petitioners to alter the symmetry of two counties and rob one county of its wealth and territory it provides no proper way for the people to be heard in opposition or to defeat the scheme of territorial spoliation. The bill looks as if it were framed under cover of a general law, but aimed at some special case. Under the bill, if the people of a township become dissatisfied or angry over any one of the innumerable local causes of irritation that arise from time to time, they might get set off into another county though all the other people in both counties [illegible]. Under the bill counties might be juggled for political purposes, a [illegible] strong Democratic district [illegible] a township into a close county [illegible] to change its political complexion or for any other indefensible [illegible] that unprincipled [illegible] might have in view. Considered in [illegible] and in its [illegible], the bill is bad. It ought to be summarily rejected." The Star might have added, that the power lodged in the State officers is [illegible] dangerous for there is no appeal from their decision. They could conspire together and grab an important section of a county against the protest of nine tenths of its citizens and there would be no remedy. The bill would undoubtedly be declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

An illustrated article of timely interest on "Women's Hotels" by Robert Stein, of the United States Geological Survey, will appear in the number of *Harper's Bazar* published February [illegible]. Anna Fuller will contribute to [illegible] an entertaining story [illegible] "Charles," and Mary Lowe Dickinson a second article on "The Order of the King's Daughters" describing the methods of work pursued by the order, and some of the results which have been achieved.

JUDICIAL APPORTIONMENT.

Under the census taken last year it is shown that McKean County has a population of 46,863. The Constitution of Pennsylvania provides, that "whenever a County shall contain 40,000 inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district, and shall elect one judge learned in the law. Counties containing a population less than is sufficient to constitute separate districts shall be formed into convenient single districts, or, if necessary, may be attached to contiguous districts as the General Assembly may provide." At present McKean County is a Judicial district with Potter county attached. The district has two Judges, a President and an Additional Law Judge. During the present session of the Legislature the State will be re-districted into Judicial districts and the question arises as to the disposition of this district.

There is no probability that the Additional Law Judge will be continued beyond the term of Judge Morrison, the present incumbent. In fact the act of Assembly under which the office was created makes no provision for but one term. The Constitution provides that when a County has 40,000 inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district and shall elect one judge "learned in the law." It also provides that the office of Associate Judge, not learned in the law, is abolished in counties forming separate districts, but continues them in counties not large enough for separate districts. The clear intent of the framers of the Constitution was, that where counties contained a population which entitled them to a separate district, they should elect a judge "learned in the law" who should reside in the district and who should attend to all the business required of a judge there by doing away with any necessity for Associate Judges.

No one will question the propriety of the citizens of McKean County asking for a separate Judicial district in the Apportionment bill which is to be made this winter. The esteem in which Judge Olmsted is held in this County is unqualified in character, and were he a citizen of the County there would be no question about his being continued as President Judge as long as his physical organization would permit. But he is not a citizen of the County and has no intention of becoming one, and in the re-organization of the Judicial districts of the State, the County of Potter in which he resides will undoubtedly become a part of some other district than attached to [illegible]. There is no good reason why Potter and Cameron with their [illegible] population should not be made a district having Judge Mayer with a district composed of Clinton and Elk with their [illegible] population.

In the re-organization of the Judicial districts by the Legislature, the fact should not be lost sight of that if this district is continued in its present shape the office of Additional Law Judge must be continued for another term or this county will be left without a Judge in 1893 when Judge Morrison's term expires. No greater injustice could be done the county than to be left in that shape and no man understands this better than Hon. W. [illegible] Burdick Chairman of the Judicial Apportionment Committee of the House. That he will see that justice is done McKean County is [illegible].

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY.

The Republican Club of New York city celebrated the anniversary of martyred Lincoln's birthday in that city on Thursday last. The club gave a dinner to a large number of leading citizens of the city and invited guests from abroad among whom was President Lincoln's surviving associate Hon. Hannibal Hamlin. Among the responses to toasts was that of Congressman Mason of Chicago to "The Republican Party." After scoring the Senators who had recently proved recreant to their trusts, Mr Mason said:

"The mission of the Republican party will never be finished until it is the settled law of the land that honest commerce is based on honest money.

"The mission of the Republican party will never be finished until the American Congress devotes its time to the interests of America regardless of the wishes of every other Nation in the world, and all our citizens agree that protection and patriotism mean the same thing.

"The mission of the Republican party will never be finished until we elect a House and Senate with sand and clear grit enough to announce the rule that the majority and not the minority shall manage the affairs of State.

"The mission of the Republican party will never be finished until every ship that sails the seas with our flag at the masthead has protection and aid equal that given to its competitors by the Nations they represent.

"The mission of the Republican party will never be finished until the doctrine of 'States rights,' as taught by Jefferson Davis, is doomed to an eternal and everlasting damnation.

"The mission of the Republican party will never be finished until every citizen, regardless of race, color or creed, shall have the unquestioned right to cast his vote and have it counted as it is cast.

"The mission of the Republican party will never be finished until every debt due the Union soldiers is paid, and no where in our land can be found one of them homeless and sleepless, holding in his hand the broken promises of Abraham Lincoln.

"The mission of the Republican party will never be finished until it is written on our books that men and not money make a nation; that citizenship is more sacred than silver. That the fire of the forges better go out and our chimneys stand against the sky monuments of past prosperity, than that one citizen, however poor should be stripped of rights guaranteed him by our law."

Those readers of *Harper's Magazine* who chanced to reside in the city of Buenos Ayres will not be unduly flattered by Theodore Child's impressions of "Argentine Capital" as recorded in his article to appear in the March number of that periodical. At the close of his entertaining description of the South American metropolis, he says, in his usual fearless and impartial manner: "The impression that the city and its sociological phenomena make upon on is wholly and repeated by that of coarse and brutal materialism. There seems to be no poetry, no sentiment, no generosity in the life of its citizens, there is nothing amiable, witty, or attractive in the exterior aspect of men and of things. On the one hand you see the race for wealth in all the crudity of unscrupulous speculation and cynical malversation of public funds, and on the other hand, the ostentatious display of wealth in the grossest manifestations of vulgar luxury."

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

From our own correspondent.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 13.—The Senate and House committees have put in lots of time and word the past week and the sessions of the two houses have been full of work.

The Senate Judiciary General committee gave two extended hearings to the friends of Senator McCreary's oil pipe measure—(this is practically a duplicate of the Burdick House bill). The evening session of the committee was held in the Senate chamber and ex Senator Lee of Franklin was the champion for the bill and his argument was an exhaustive and seemingly a convincing one. He covered the entire complaints of the Producers Protective Association and made converts to the necessities of the bill. He made an able argument. Mr Miller of Franklin a producer and refiner answered Mr Lee to show that the bill was useless and attempted to prove that if it should be enacted into a law, the oil fields of this State would be ruined, besides he said the complaints against the Standard Oil Company came from a class of producers, who were only disgruntled because they did not make money fast enough. This kind of argument Senator Lee answered in a few brief side remarks. The Standard Oil Company was represented further by Mr. Olmsted of Harrisburg, ex Deputy Attorney General Lyman Gilbert of Harrisburg and Mr Payne general manager of the Standard's interests at Meadville, but none of these gentlemen attempted to make any argument they were only present for delay and succeeded in staying action, finally on the bill, until after a future hearing, which was fixed for Thursday evening, Feb 19th. There were also several representatives of the Independent Refineries present who desired a little delay and who were opposed to some of the provisions of the bill under consideration.

The rotunda of the Capitol was on Wednesday last lively and noisy with oil pipe discussions and the opponents and advocates of the measures were often found in heated discussions as to the necessity for such a measure. Representative James, Venango county and Senator Lee engaged in a wordy duel over their bills and the discussion gathered quite a crowd of listeners. Both gentlemen became quite earnest and several times the expressions used, back and forth were neither elegant nor argumentative.

It is the purpose of the Judiciary General Committee to have a final hearing and take final committee action on the Senate bill on Thursday next at which time the Standard Oil people will be heard.

The Corporation Committee of the House also heard Senator Lee and several others on the Burdick bill on Thursday afternoon in its favor and will have a further hearing on Thursday next for the opponents of the bill.

The friends of the Road Commissioners bill were accorded a hearing last week and urged the Legislature to adopt State supervision over the roads of the Commonwealth. There are four propositions in the Legislature now to make our public roads better, and as a matter of course differing widely in their desire to accomplish the same results. There is one in the House, Senator Brown of York county a prominent Granger and who sees everything he looks at through spectacles covered with hay seed, has two bills in the Senate while the fourth is the one prepared by the road commission. The probability is that where there are so many cooks the broth will be spoiled and the Legislature may adjourn and leave the roads of the Commonwealth no better than they were when this Legislature convened.

The bill to allow certain innovations on the present Sunday law has received its due share of consideration by the House committee having it in charge. Philadelphia and Pittsburgh were largely represented before the committee on Wednesday last against any alteration or change in the present law of 1794. But Mr Fow of Philadelphia is determined to amend the law so that certain business callings can be followed on Sunday as well as week days. The Legislature is, however, not in its determination and the Sunday law will no doubt remain as our early law makers intended it to be. The Sunday law breakers would be pleased if some innovation could be made on the law of 1794 but the present Legislature, I fancy will not change the law.

The Senate resolution of condemnation for the course pursued by Senator Cameron on the Force bill in Congress and which Veto Bob returned disapproved a week or ten days ago was called up for final disposal in the Senate last week and the consideration of the veto was postponed indefinitely on the motion of Senator Cobin. The debate on the question was not so much on the resolution as it was for the purpose of setting right the record of some Senators who had vouched for Mr. Cameron's Republicanism on the personal assurances from the senior Senator that he was all right on the Elections bill. When this had been done the Senate refused to honor Pattison's partisan political veto with any consideration at all.

The "fly reporter" on duty somewhere about the Legislative hall created quite a sensation by sending broadcast over the State that a defalcation of over $50,000.00 had been discovered in the office of the late Adjutant General of the State. It fell like a thunder clap from a clear sky on all of General Hastings friends, many of whom said well, what next? Inquiring at Adjutant General McClelland's office proved the rumor a fancy of the reporter's imagination who heard only a fraction of the story and rushed to a telegraph office with the startling news of a defalcation. General Hastings saw the published report and came at once to Harrisburg and ten minutes afterwards the official announcement was made that the "fly reporter" was a l—r. There was a deficit in the Adjutant General's office, the large part of which was carried over from Governor Pattison's former Adjutant General, but every penny was honestly expended and fully accounted for.

The sudden decease of Captain Thomas F. Maloney, Superintendent of the State Arsenal left a vacancy to be filled by the Governor. He selected Captain Cooper who was named, but his refusal to take the place developed a whole army of Democratic patriots who were willing to serve the State at $1,500 per annum as Arsenal Superintendent. The commander of the 8th Regiment N. G. of Pa. was urged for the place and his influence the best that the party could muster, but the Governor couldn't see it and he named Colonel Chris T. O'Neill of Allentown of the 4th Regiment N. G. of Pa. This unlooked for solution of the arsenal appointee is accounted for by the rumor that Colonel Magee was not as ardent a Pattison man during the campaign as he ought to have been and hence his rejection.

Granger Demming of Harrisburg wont be Quarter Master General on the Governor's staff. It is reported that such a selection was not the Governor's, but it was made to satisfy certain demands that were made and it is rumored that Governor Pattison would not be displeased if the Senate refused to make the confirmation. And the indications now are that Demming wont be confirmed.

The coming Encampment of the G. A. R. at Altoona will likely be the largest ever held since its organization. It is expected that at least eleven hundred delegates will compose the encampment, and these will have a following that may swell the attendance of comrades to eight or nine thousand. Besides the comrades there will be present the representatives of the W. R. C., the Ladies of the G. A. R. and the Sons of Veterans and Altoona will be taxed in its accommodations for the "Boys" and the "Girls" who will be present. Great interest centres on the selection of Department Commander. There are five aspirants for the position, but it looks now as if the deciding contest will be between Comrade Taylor, Juniata county, late of the Pennsylvania Reserves, and Comrade Gen. Boyer, Harrisburg, late of the 96th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. Both of these comrades are very popular in the G. A. R., either would fill the position with honor and credit, but we of this section of the State want Boyer because we know him and know what his G. A. R. work has been. Nothing preventing one of the votes for Boyer for Commander will be cast by ALCROFT.

FROM THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

From our own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 17.—The hearings on the subject of the proposed silver legislation before the Committee on Coinage of the House have continued, with no very definite prospect of an immediate report on the bill. The most interesting and significant hearing so far was that of a day or two ago at which a representative of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation appeared, and stated in substance that the business men of New York were adverse to silver, and insisted on a single gold standard. The Democrats of the House are getting very importunate and the silver Republicans are also trying to whip enough of their party into line with the Democrats to take the bill out of the hands of the committee. The Republicans feel that President Harrison will veto any free coinage measure that may come to him, and they are not disposed to waste the time of the House even on a compromise, especially in view of the adverse sentiment that has been revealed by the hearings already had on the subject.

The plot visibly thickened when Mr Grosvenor had read in the House Mr Cleveland's letter to the Cooper Institute, declaring himself opposed to free silver, and the Democratic leaders in both Houses have been fairly burning to secure some silver legislation that will bind the party and shut out the Buffalo prodigy. Mr Cleveland's bold stand is variously regarded here but all commend his frankness and it has been a constant strain on the Democratic leaders here to keep Mr Cleveland quiet on the silver question and he let the cat out of the bag at a very unfortunate juncture.

Senator Quay's promised vindication materialized yesterday afternoon, nearly the whole Senate being present. It was such a defence as a man would make under the circumstances, but it is a question whether it will not have the effect of opening old wounds. It is intimated that the sequel of the matter will be Senator Quay's resignation as chairman of the National Republican Committee.

A report has just been received to the effect that a bed of tin ore discovered some time ago about sixty miles southwest of Washington in the Blue Ridge is to be developed by a company of capitalists now forming. This is another instance of the stimulating effect of the McKinley bill upon the industries of the country and the people of the Shenandoah Valley now believing that protection does protect, are said to have already changed their position to a great extent upon this question.

Uncle Jerry Simpson the sockless statesman, elected last fall to represent the Wichita, Kansas, district in Congress as a Farmers Alliance man put in an appearance at the House a day or two ago to get on to the hang of the legislative mill. There will be five representatives of the Farmers Alliance in the next House and he of the sockless feet will be the guiding spirit of the delegation.

Coincident with the death of General Sherman comes that of Admiral Porter who died in this city Friday and thus the navy at the same time with the army is deprived of its high est and most famous surviving officer. Admiral Porter's funeral takes place this afternoon and he will be buried in the National Cemetery at Arlington in the midst of 20,000 comrades.

G. D. M.

NOW FOR FACTS AND FIGURES.

It is now time for the opponents of the Burdick pipe line bill to produce their facts and figures. Senator Lee produced figures to show that it costs no more than 6 cents per barrel to collect and transport oil for a distance of 30 miles or less. The Burdick bill allows double that rate of compensation. It was shown in the discussion of the Billingsley bill four years ago that under the agreement between the National Transit company and Tide water company they allow each other 6 cents per barrel to cover the cost of such service and they are presumed to know what it does cost.

The burden of proof is thus put upon the monopoly to show why a rate of 12 cents per barrel is not just and equitable. Threats of removing pipe line or refusing to care for oil will not do. Intimations that business is more profitable in Ohio and West Virginia are not germane to the question. Facts and figures must be produced supported by indubitable evidence of their authenticity or the Burdick bill should be passed. It is no time for specious argument.

Unless the Standard monopoly can prove that it costs on an average more than 12 cents to run a barrel of oil, every legislator who opposes the Burdick bill should be requested to retire to private life at once. If the request is not complied with voluntarily the operation of the ballot box may be resorted to.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

The Wonderful Tower.

The highest structure in the world is Eiffel Tower at Paris, 1,000 feet high. But the recent discovery of Dr. Franklin Miles is certain to tower far above it in promoting human happiness and health. This wonderful nerve medicine builds up worn out systems, cures fits, spasms, headache, nervous prostration, dizziness, sleeplessness, monthly pains, sexual troubles, etc. Mrs John R. Miller, of Valparaiso, Ind., and J. D. Taylor, of Logansport Ind., gained 20 pounds a month while taking it. Finely illustrated treatise on "Nervous Disease" and sample bottle of the Restorative Nervine free at A. B. Armstrong's who guarantee it.

Mothers will grow weary and sigh over the baby's troubles when Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup would relieve the child at once.

Some Startling Facts.

The official returns from Boards of Health show that nearly three fourths of all deaths are from Consumption. When we think over this fact it is awful though every case started with a simple Cough or Cold. Realize how important it is to check this terrible malady which can be done by using Pan Tina Cough and Consumption Cure. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Trial bottle free at Frank H. Foster's Drug Store.

Legal Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania, on Thursday the [illegible] day of March, A. D. 1891, by E. R. Dollar, M. J. Colcord, C. A. Dorey, A. [illegible] Lillibridge and J. C. Goding under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Crystal Spring Water Company" the character and object whereof is for the supply of water to the public at the borough of Port Allegany, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same, and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Acts of the Assembly and its supplements.

M. J. COLCORD,
Solicitor.

February 1[illegible], 1891.—6w

Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS, HON. A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge, [illegible] Associate Judges [illegible] of the Peace, [illegible] and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday, Dec. 12, 1890, and to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 23d day of February, 1891, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables, within the county that they be then and there in their proper person at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of said county of McKean are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Smethport Feb. [illegible] 1891, and in the 115th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

WALTER GRUBB, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALES

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF FIERI Facias, Levari Facias and Alias Venditioni Exponas, Alias Fieri Facias, Pluries Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County Pa. and to me directed, I will expose at public sale in the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on

MONDAY FEBRUARY 23, 1891, AT 1 P. M.,

the following several pieces of property:

1

All the defendant's interest in and to all that certain tract or piece of land in Sergeant township County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, part of section Nos. 34, 67 (of lands formerly of the McKean and Elk Land and Improvement Company) described according to a survey made thereof on the 14th day of October 1871 by H. S. Powell surveyor. Beginning at a post in the south boundary line of the Philadelphia and Erie Railway, running thence south eighty-three degrees west one hundred and eighty-five perches, to a beech corner, thence north eighty seven degrees west eighty perches to a post corner, thence north three degrees east fifty two perches to a corner made by Powell and Marsh surveyors in 1863 thence on the same course one hundred and ninety-nine perches to a post in the south boundary line of the right of way of the said Philadelphia and Erie Railway, thence along the said south boundary line south forty six degrees east twenty perches, south forty degrees east fifty two perches and south sixty degrees east thirty three and one half perches to the place of beginning containing one hundred and seven acres improved and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house with wing on side, two shed barns, a young orchard of about [illegible] trees, about 30 acres improved and well watered.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Anders Thorstenson at the suit of Frederick Collins, Charles H. Hutchinson and Harry G. Clay trustees.

Apple & Bouton Plff's Att'ys.

2

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece of land with frame dwelling house thereon situated on the south side of Greeves street Kane McKean County Pennsylvania, now occupied as a dwelling by the said O. G. Kelts bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post the northeast corner of the school lot thence by the south line of Greeves street thirty feet from the centre thereof north seventy degrees east fifty feet to a post, thence perpendicular thereto south twenty degrees east one hundred and sixty three and thirty five hundredths feet to a post, thence parallel thereto south seventy degrees, west fifty feet to the southeast corner of the school lot, thence by said school lot north twenty degrees west one hundred and sixty three and thirty five one hundredths feet to the place of beginning, containing eight thousand one hundred and sixty-seven square feet more or less, improved and having thereon one large two story frame dwelling house and usual out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of O. G. Kelts at the suit of Joseph Nelson.

W. P. Weston, Plff's Att'y.

3

Defendant's interest in all that certain lot of land situate lying and being in the City of Bradford county of McKean, and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the easterly side of Congress street [illegible] from [illegible] avenue eighty (80) feet thence [illegible] easterly at right angles to said Congress street one hundred (100) feet thence southerly [illegible] parallel with said Congress street [illegible] feet [illegible] westerly one hundred (100) feet thence northerly [illegible] Congress street forty (40) feet to the place of beginning [illegible] John W. Wicks [illegible] Charles Newell and was formerly a part of the [illegible] farm [illegible] M. A. Barber [illegible] Recorder's office [illegible] McKean county in deed book No. [illegible] improved and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of M. A. Barber and W. M. Barber at the suit of C. G. Fitzgibbon.

[illegible] & Byles Plff's Att'ys.

4

Defendant's interest in all that certain lot of land situate lying and being in Wetmore township McKean County and state of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows to wit: That portion of the Ballykin spring lot intersected between the Smethport road and the right of way of the Big Level and Bradford railroad containing about 5 acres more or less, improved and having thereon one one story and a half wood dwelling house one small barn, one well of water about 30 fruit trees, usual outbuildings and all improved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of J. H. [illegible] at the suit of C. L. [illegible].

A. M. Huey Plff's Att'y.

5

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in [illegible] township McKean county [illegible] being a part of lot No. [illegible] in Warrant No. 3317 [illegible] beginning at a post the northeast corner of [illegible] twenty six and one fourth rods [illegible] one hundred and fifty-six rods [illegible] containing eight acres, more or less, and having situate thereon and to the same belonging three oil wells with carpenter rigs complete, three engines, one boiler, tubing, casing, steam [illegible] and tankage [illegible] same land conveyed to first party herein by Jno. A. Turner by deed of even date herewith.

Also:—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the township and county and State aforesaid bounded and described as follows to wit: Being a part of lot No. 175 Warrant No. [illegible] Beginning at a post in the northeast corner of lot No. 175 running thence south twenty six and one fourth rods thence west and parallel to the north line of said lot No. 175 one hundred and fifty-six rods to the west line of said lot No. 175 thence north on the west line of said lot [illegible] rods to the northwest corner of said lot No. 175 and thence on the north line of said lot No. 175 one hundred and fifty six rods to the place of beginning and containing twenty five and a tenth acres being the north one-quarter of lot No 175 and having situate thereon and to the same belonging [illegible] oil wells, engines, boiler, tubing, casing, tankage etc. And being same land conveyed to first party herein by Jno. A. Turner by deed of even date therewith, saving, reserving and excepting therefrom eight acres sold and conveyed to C. W. Dennis, and being the same land last above mentioned and described which has been duly conveyed by the said C. W. Dennis by sundry mesne conveyances to the said Frank M. Johnston. Leaving seventeen and [illegible] tenths acres as the amount of land said first part or interest in which is hereby conveyed or intended so to be. All of above described land being same land this day conveyed to first party by the said Jno. A. Turner by deed of even date therewith.

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of F. F. Woodard at the suit of John A. Turner now for use C. B. Whitehead.

W. B. & J. B. Chapman, Plaintiff's Att'ys.

6

Defendant's interest in all that certain parcel of land situate in Eldred township, McKean county and State of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of land conveyed to Mrs. L. F. Booth by W. L. Hartson and wife by deed dated June 11th, 1884 running thence east 407.15 perches to a post corner thence north 42 perches to a post corner thence west [illegible] perches to a post corner in the centre of Mecks Creek road or highway thence south thirty-six degrees east along said highway to the north west corner of Mrs. Booth's lot aforesaid thence east [illegible] perches to the northeast corner of the said Booth lot thence south thirty six degrees east [illegible] perches to the place of beginning. Containing 25 acres, more or less, subject always to the conveyance of the oil right made by W. L. Hartson to C. Wheaton on the 17th day of January 1881 being the same land conveyed to E. R. Loop by W. L. Hartson and wife by deed dated June 11 1884 and recorded in McKean county deed book Vol. No. 24 page [illegible]. All improved and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house one barn with usual outbuildings, one to two acres set with fruit trees and a good spring of water near the dwelling house.

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Edward R. Loop at the suit of Dr. J. H. Douglass.

E. R. Mayo, Plaintiff's Att'y.

WALTER GRUBB Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport Pa. Feb. [illegible] 1891.

Charter Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APplication will be made to the Hon. Thos. A. Morrison, Additional Law Judge of the County of McKean at the court house at Smethport, Pa., on Monday, February 23d 1891 on the meeting of the court, at two o'clock p. m. of that day for a charter to incorporate Mrs. Emma Allen, Mrs. Mary Backer, Mrs. Lillie F. Capehart, Mrs. Maria Carter and Mrs. Carrie Stickles their associates and successors, into a body corporate under the name and title of the UNION AID SOCIETY, to be incorporated for the purpose of maintaining the public worship of God, at East Smethport, in said county of McKean, according to the rites and doctrines of the Christian religion and the Protestant churches.

MRS. EMMA ALLEN,
MRS. MARY BACKER,
MRS. LILLIE F. CAPEHART, &c.

Smethport, Pa., Jan. 29th 1891.

L. R. MAYO, Att'y for Applicants.

American Steamship Line,

JNO. W. BAKER, Agent,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Tickets sold to and from all points in Europe at reasonable rates.

The "American Line" is the only Trans-Atlantic line sailing under the American flag. Accommodations first-class. Sailings on Wednesday of each week.

For particulars call on or address
JNO. W. BAKER, Agt.,
Smethport, Pa.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 25, October Term, 1890.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Maggie B. Lunger, by her next friend, W. B. Stevenson, did, on the second day of June 1890, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Perry L. Lunger.

We therefore command you, the said Perry L. Lunger, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the 4th Monday of Feb. next, to answer the petition or libel of said Maggie B. Lunger and show cause, if any you have, why the said Maggie B. Lunger, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. WALTER GRUBB Sheriff.
W. B. & J. B. Chapman, Libellant's Att'ys.
Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 26, 1891.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. [illegible], February Term 1890.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county greeting:

Whereas, Edward W. Evans did on the 20th day of January 1890 prefer his petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County praying for the causes therein set forth he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Helen Bailey Evans.

We therefore command you the said Helen Bailey Evans that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas here to be held for the county of McKean on the 4th Monday of Feb. next to answer the petition or libel of said Edward W. Evans and to show cause if any you have why the said Edward W. Evans your husband should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. WALTER GRUBB Sheriff.
W. B. & J. B. Chapman Att'ys for Libellant.
Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 26 1891.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 21 October Term, 1890.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas Angie Housler, by her next friend, Nathan Housler did, on the ninth day of August, 1890 prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Bigler Housler.

We therefore command you the said Bigler Housler that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean on the Fourth Monday of Feb. next to answer the petition or libel of said Angie Housler and to show cause if any you have why the said Angie Housler your wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. WALTER GRUBB Sheriff.
S. M. Smith Libellant's Att'y.
Smethport Pa. Jan'y [illegible] 1891.

FURNITURE

Established, 1836

BUY OF THE MAKER

We box, ship and pay freight on all out of town orders.

GREAT MARKDOWN SALE

BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

We will [illegible] prices on goods at [illegible] season of the year that you cannot [illegible] at any other time. Will guarantee prompt delivery and entire satisfaction.

Our enormous buildings are groaning under the weight of every description of furniture. Now we intend moving the goods livelier than ever, and

CHAMBER SETS,

In Walnut, Mahogany, Birch, Antique Oak and [illegible] Oak. Antique Ash and [illegible] [illegible] have all suffered THE LOWEST CUT IN PRICES we have ever made [illegible] you know we have the largest and [illegible] assortment in the United States [illegible] Take first cars at all depots and inquire for our

Mammoth Warerooms.

Every horse car conductor can direct you where it is and [illegible] for a favor both to you and us. If you can't come write for cuts descriptions and prices.

Parlor Suits!

All kinds qualities and prices. MORE PARLOR SUITS in our rooms than are shown by any three houses put together in the city.

Now won't you be better satisfied to select a PARLOR SUIT to-day from a stock of 100 styles than from one dozen? Then again, we will make you almost as low a price on a handsome CRUSHED PLUSH PARLOR SUIT as you can buy a common hair cloth one for. Then again we combine all the artistic skill and taste of designers and workmen that can be found. Come straight to 247 to 255 Ellicott street. We have made the prices so low that the goods must go and that quickly. If you can't come, write to us for catalogue.

100 complete Parlor sets, ranging from $35 to $250.

500 complete Chamber sets and single pieces in well nigh endless assortment including

Sideboards,
Secretaries,
Mirrors,
Fancy Chairs,
Hat Racks,
Wardrobes,
Writing Desks,
Dining Tables,
Dining Chairs,
Fancy Rockers,

from the cheapest that's reliable to the most expensive that will tempt your money from you and leave no regret.

☞ A postal card is enough to get our illustrated catalogue prepared specially for our out of town buyers.

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VEGETABLE BALSAMIC
ELIXIR

Has stood the test for *fifty-nine years* and has proved itself the best remedy known for the cure of

Consumption,
Coughs, Colds,
Whooping Cough,
and all Lung Diseases
in young or old.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Price, 25c., 50c., $1.00 per bottle.
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SMETHPORT, PA.

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ALL WORK GUARANUEED.

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BUFFALO, Feb. 18, '91.

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Something new every day, coming and going, received by the carload, cut up into small pieces and sent all over the country

When we pause to think of the multitudes of families scattered all over this and neighboring States (in addition to our city trade) who look to us—twelve months in the year—for their supplies in dry goods, it prompts us to do still greater things each season. The possibilites are wonderful! There is no limit!

If you've followed our little preachment on the development of the shopping by mail system, you'll the more readily understand why one gets most for their money where there's most to choose from, where things are new, coming and going every day, where styles are better and prices the least for standard qualities. Letter orders are filled with as much care as if you were here doing your own selecting. No question as to your getting satisfaction. Our name is a warrant of that.

Writing for samples is simple enough and we're always glad to send them, but sometimes some people don't think. If you want a carpet, a new bonnet or a toothbrush we expect you to by in person. Lots of merchandise can't be sampled. You can tell us just what it is you do want and the chances are you'd get it right. That's next best thing to not coming at all.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO.

EXPORT BEER!

Present specialties in Bottled Goods, are Bartholomay's Lager and Export Beer, and Fine India Pale Ale and Porter.

Our shipping facilities are A 1—quick time being made to all surrounding towns—while the quality of the goods are unexcelled.

Family and Shipping Trade a Specialty.

S. S. WOODBURY,
17 Mechanic Street - - BRADFORD, PA.

Orders by mail, telephone or telegraph promptly attended to.

P. S.—Try our export and be convinced that it is the finest in the market.

JOHNSON'S
ANODYNE
LINIMENT
UNLIKE ANY OTHER
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.
GENERATION AFTER GENERATION
HAVE USED AND BLESSED IT
SOOTHING-HEALING

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love It. Every Traveler should have a bottle of it in his satchel. Every Sufferer from Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure. Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price 35 cts. by mail, 6 bottles, Express paid, $2. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

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General Insurance Agency,
SMETHPORT, PA.

The following first-class companies represented

North America, Philadelphia	$ 9,600,000
Franklin Philadelphia	3,500,000
Pennsylvania Fire Philadelphia	8,000,000
County, Philadelphia	853,554
Hanover New York	2,479,654
Sun Fire, London, U. S. Branch	2,500,000
Royal, London	5,406,735
Commercial Union, London	2,716,025

LIFE INSURANCE.

Mutual Life New York	$140,000,000
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Also agency for the sale of first-class

Pianos, Organs
BANJOS
— AND —
SEWING MACHINE.

All sold for cash or on installments

Orders by mail promptly attended to and correspondence solicited.

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50 INCHES HIGH AT 60 CENTS PER ROD

Lawn Garden Poultry and Stock Fencing, all sizes and widths. Gates to match. Prices low. Sold by dealers. Freight Paid. Send for circular. THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO., CHICAGO. [illegible] All-Steel LAWN and CEMETERY Fence.

$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment, at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

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BUILDING PAPER,
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PAINTS, OILS and GLASS.

Agent for

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Warransed to cut ten per cent. more timber (the same labor being used) than any other saw made. Wholesale agents for

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producing the finest light from natural gas of any burner in existence.

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GAS AND LAMP FIXTURES!

Manufacturers of

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light and heavy, the best irons in the market.

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French Mixed in 5-pound Boxes—Very Fine,

Chocolate Creams of all kinds, etc. Also a complete stock of

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Etc.

Everything in the line of Gents' Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs too numerous to mention, Mufflers, Collars and Cuffs, and the largest line of Neckwear to be found in the city. I am headquarters for

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Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, in fact everything in the Smokers' line.

GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

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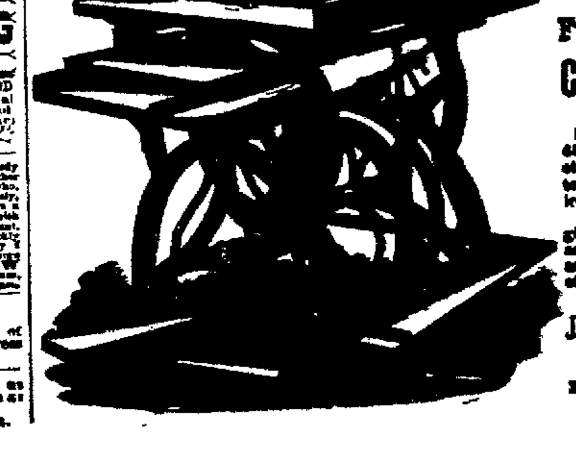

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Iron Frame, Steel Shafts and Arbor, Machine Cut Gears, Center of Table made of Iron.

Send for Catalogue giving full Description and Prices of our Hand and Foot Power Machinery.

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McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., Feb. 20, 1891.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

CLUBBING RATES.

We will send the Miner and any paper or magazine mentioned below for one year, to any address, as follows:

The Miner and Philadelphia Weekly Press $1 50

The Miner and Albany Weekly Journal $1 50

The Miner and Pittsburg Chronicle $1 50

The Miner and Judge Library of Fun monthly for $1 60

The Miner and Harrisburg Weekly Patriot for $1 75

The Miner and New York World for $1 60

The Miner and Cosmopolitan Magazine for $3 10

The Miner and American [illegible] for $2 [illegible]

The Miner and Demorest Family Magazine for $3 10

The Miner and National Tribune for $2 00

The Miner and Home Market Bulletin for $1 50

The Miner and Scribner's Magazine for $3 10

[illegible] week.

—It is Mayor Sp[illegible] now, if you please.

—Port Allegany has a [illegible] pedro club.

—[illegible] will have free postal delivery after March 1st.

—It is predicted that the last of this month will be cold and stormy.

—According to the Reporter [illegible] of Port Allegany is [illegible].

[illegible]

—[illegible] Marvin [illegible] this winter.

[illegible] with a [illegible] of fresh [illegible].

—The republicans [illegible] contrated [illegible] that they were [illegible].

—[illegible] Smethport postoffice owing to the large number of valentines [illegible].

—[illegible] will be presented [illegible] Monday evening [illegible].

—Our [illegible] characters when they appear [illegible].

—[illegible] this winter [illegible] will [illegible] spring [illegible].—Philadelphia Times.

[illegible] church social will be held [illegible] evening at [illegible] of Mrs. [illegible] on Water St. All are invited.

—A Smethport [illegible] county citizen killed thirteen [illegible] within two weeks upon his premises in a central part of the borough.

—It is currently estimated that the production of hemlock lumber in this State and adjacent territory will reach 800,000,000 feet this year.

—The installation of officers in the Knights of St. John and Malta will occur Tuesday evening next and a full attendance of the members is requested.

—February treats the days of the week impartially this year. There will be four and no more of each in this shortest of the months [illegible] usually "[illegible]" [illegible].

An editor who set to a little paper [illegible] years ago is now a millionaire. Nothing is impossible where industry and economy are combined with good looks. [illegible].—Ex.

—The meetings by Rev. Games, the blind preacher under the auspices of the Free Methodist church will probably be brought to a close this week. The meetings have not been what was anticipated.

In consequence of the heavy rains of the first of the week backed up by the immense quantity of logs in Marvin creek, the water rose to such a height as to submerge all the low lands in the vicinity of the stream.

A section of the track of the B. [illegible] R. R., near the depot in this borough was washed out of position by the high water. In consequence of which trains were unable to reach the depot platform on Tuesday.

—The monthly dime social of the W. C. T. U. will be given in their rooms in the [illegible] building Tuesday evening March [illegible]. Refreshments will be served and a pleasant time is anticipated. All are invited.

—One of the most successful and enjoyable parties ever given in this section was that at the Mt. Jewett Odd Fellows on [illegible] evening. Upwards of 100 couples were present. Prof. Mills orchestra furnished the music.

—The election in this borough, on Tuesday last passed off very quietly there being little or no contest for any of the offices. The entire Republican ticket was elected with the exception of one Councilman and one School Director.

—The [illegible] Echo, is the name of a new [illegible] paper published at Emporium, by Card & Co. the first number of which was issued on Saturday last. It is small but gives evidence of unusual ability. We wish the new venture unlimited success.

—A strange incident occurred at [illegible] on the Northern Central railway a few days ago. The track-walker picked up on the track a man's finger bearing a gold ring but all search has been unavailing to find the owner of the finger or any other trace of the accident.

—The State Superintendent of Public Instruction has called a meeting of the County Superintendents of the State to be held at Philadelphia on the 26th and 27th of March. A meeting of the National Superintendents will be held in the same city on the 25th, 26th and 27th of the same month.

—At [illegible], Wayne county a few days ago while a strong wind was blowing and it was quite warm there was a shower of [illegible] or [illegible] similar to those found on oats before they are ripe at harvest time. There were millions of them and they were all full of life and motion.

—Another disgraceful drunken row occurred in this borough on Saturday evening last, and of course no arrests were made. These fights are becoming altogether too frequent, and it is high time the authorities [illegible] put a stop to them. If we have a high constable he should be made to attend to the duties of his office.

—A Luzerne county woman recently had a startling experience. While sitting in her sleigh in front of a store, the entire mass of snow on the large building slid from the roof, burying her nearly to the neck. The snow was so heavy and so solidly packed about her and the horse that it took considerable time to dig them out. The lady escaped uninjured.

—Inez Harbour, the charming child actress, and Dr. Harry Crane, the old time favorite will appear in the cast of "Saved by his Child," supported by a company of 40 performers, at the opera house, on Tuesday evening next. The Bradford papers speak of their performance as far above the average. The piece will be presented with all the original fine scenic effects. Tickets are 25, 35 and 50 cents and reserved seats are now on sale at Armstrong's drug store.

—The G. A. R. Annual Encampment, Dept. of Penna will be held at Altoona, Feby [illegible]. In order to accommodate those desiring to attend the [illegible], [illegible] R'y Co. will sell excursion tickets to Altoona and return at the low rate of $[illegible] from Bradford, $[illegible] from Mt. Jewett. Tickets will be sold Feby 24 to 27 inclusive and are limited for return [illegible] to Feby 28th 1891. For further information apply to nearest B. R. & P. agent.

—A high [illegible] says that there are [illegible] and many societies, lodges and organizations of one kind or another that are always anxious to pay respect to the memory of some [illegible] or other but not half so anxious to pay the publisher for publishing the resolutions. [illegible]

—[illegible]—Emporium Ind.

The annual meeting of the McKean County Teachers' Association [illegible]

The Smethport correspondent of the Bradford Star in last week's [illegible] speaking of the then coming election in this borough says: "It is anticipated that there will be quite a lively time next Tuesday and especially for the two School Directors, as church [illegible] have been [illegible] the school board for [illegible] years [illegible]. We want men that will represent the people and not [illegible] church society." This statement which had no foundation in fact but was rather a fantasy of a narrow minded bigot failed to materialize as we knew it would [illegible] that the very lines [illegible] about the very thing on which he was speaking. Does he realize that when he makes such an assertion he is impugning the character of such men as Hon. F. A. Morrison, Messrs. J. W. Boston, E. B. May, F. L. Keenan, D. C. Young and Dr. H. L. McCoy, who constitute our school board, and who have [illegible] object in view that of placing our schools where they stand today—in the front ranks of the educational institutions of the country. He seems to have a particular antipathy to the Miner and has made other misstatements to papers with which he has had the misfortune to be connected as a correspondent, which will not bear the light of day and only proves that he cannot do justice to anybody or anything against which he has a personal prejudice, and no matter how worthy [illegible] of consideration. We quote another item in the same issue of the Star which we have been asked to correct. He says: "The Valentine hop at the opera house on Monday evening" etc. The [illegible] club gave no hop that night, and no one knows it better than the correspondent who is the secretary of that club. The Valentine hops were so much of a success that it was not necessary to steal the honors that rightfully belong to another. To Thomas Tracy, who was the proprietor and made all the arrangements for the party in question is due the credit.

Good manners are made up of petty sacrifices. Why not then sacrifice 25 cents and buy a box of Old Saul's Catarrh Cure when suffering from nasal catarrh.

—For fine goods in the liquor line, either for medicinal or family use order of N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford Pa.

McKean County Association, G. A. R.

At the annual business meeting of the McKean County Association, G. A. R., held at Eldred on the 18th inst., the following officers were elected:

President—Wm. Dobie, Post 38
Vice President—A. Smith, Post 350
Secretary—H. M. Choate, Post [illegible]
Treasurer—J. B. [illegible], Post [illegible]
Chaplain—T. W. Chamber, Post [illegible]
Council of Administration—E. F. Howell, Post 24, A. C. Douglass Post [illegible], F. H. Ryan Post [illegible], Wm. Nett Post 350, E. L. Marc, Post [illegible], C. R. Hatch, Post [illegible], E. H. Camp, Post [illegible], C. E. Haigh Post [illegible], W. L. Chapman, Post [illegible].

The place for holding the next annual reunion was fixed at Bradford and it was left with the officers of the association to fix the date.

W. B. Chapman, T. Rogers and C. H. [illegible] the committee appointed at the Duke Centre meeting on the monument fund [illegible] their report. After considerable discussion, on motion the committee was continued and instructed to assess each post pro rata on their membership for the amount of indebtedness remaining due and unpaid upon the soldiers monument.

The Association then adjourned.

It is sweet to live, but oh! how bitter—to be troubled with a cough day and night. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, however, relieves promptly. 25 cents.

—"Gold Leaf" Whiskey distilled by Gold Leaf Distilling Co. N. R. Collins & Co., Owners and Proprietors.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

S. S. Bolls, of Olean, was in town on Tuesday.

J. D. James, of Kane, was in town Wednesday.

A. W. Boyd, was over from Sawyer City on Monday.

E. F. Burt, of Port Allegany was at the county seat Monday.

B. F. Wright and John R. Shoemaker visited Bradford last Friday.

S. H. Smith, of Eldred, was a caller at the Miner office yesterday.

Elisha K. Kane, of Kane, had business in town on Friday of last week.

John Troy the genial insurance man of Olean, was about town Tuesday.

A. J. Bond of Bradford was shaking hands with Smethport friends on Saturday last.

F. W. Meese of Kane, was in town Wednesday and found time during his stay to visit the Miner office.

Alex McNabney, of New York, an officer in the secret service is visiting his sister Mrs. Wells, of Water street.

Misses [illegible] and Lena Wright of Smethport, are the guests of their brother, Frank Wright of this place.—Kane Leader.

Frank Hyde of Buffalo is visiting in Smethport, a guest at the residence of Charles McKean, of the south side.

W. M. Hendricks of Fredonia, N. Y., was in town the first of the week the guest of [illegible] Sheridan Gorton.

J. S. C. Graham of Buffalo, and D. H. Burlingame of New York were registered at the Wright House on Wednesday.

Among the Bradford [illegible] in town Monday were P. A. Roberts, C. H. Chadderdon, John Green and Attorney T. F. Munn.

Webb Pyers formerly of this place but now of Warren, was shaking hands with his former [illegible] a few days in Smethport, on Tuesday last.

Prof. W. F. Shaw will discuss the [illegible] "Teacher" at the meeting of the Teachers' association at Eldred next week.

Robert H. Kane and wife of Smethport are at the Hotel Anderson. Mr. Kane is an ex-member of the Legislature.—Pittsburgh Times, Feb. 15.

Dr. Harry Crane and George Sterley of Bradford were in town Wednesday making arrangements for the production of "Saved by his Child" by the Bradford amateurs.

W. F. Hovey of Smethport has opened [illegible] meat market in the [illegible] building in the room recently occupied by Mr. Burnham.—Emporium Press.

Mr. Clark Watson of [illegible], a gentleman who has been connected with the newspaper business for more than fifty years and who edited and published the [illegible] Democrat for a number of years was in town Tuesday. Mr. Watson is getting pretty well along in years but is as spry and hearty as most men of forty. He was on his way to visit his son, H. C. Wilson, who is now one of the proprietors of the DuBois Express and a newspaper man of considerable note.—[illegible] Clarion Breeze.

Smethport Graded School

Report for month ending February 10 1891.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT

PUPILS WHO HAVE NOT BEEN ABSENT OR TARDY DURING MONTH.

Bessie Hussey	Ella Keenan
W[illegible] Sherwood	Edith Keenan
Katie Keenan	Mabel Morrison
Mattie Tay	Lay Young
[illegible]	George Sprague

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT

[illegible]

Grace Kelly	Lucy Wright
Carrie [illegible]	Helen McCoy
[illegible]	Mattie Keenan
[illegible]	[illegible]
Ida Wardsley	Jennie Hussey

AVERAGE CLASS STANDING 90 OR ABOVE

[illegible]	Mattie Keenan
[illegible]	Robert Chalmers
Josie Holder	Leon Crosby
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] Wright
Carrie [illegible]	[illegible] May
Helen McCoy	Grace McCoy
Mattie Hussey	[illegible] Hussey
Ida Wardsley	Nellie Hussey
[illegible] Keenan	Nellie Foster

PUPILS NOT ABSENT OR TARDY

[illegible]	Nellie Foster
[illegible]	[illegible] Holder
[illegible] Keenan	[illegible] McCoy
[illegible]	Herbert Lord

John Carlton
CARRIE G. SMITH, Teacher

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT

PUPILS NOT ABSENT OR TARDY

[illegible]	Arthur Front
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Carl Lohner
[illegible] Chandler	Harry Locke
Frances Campbell	Kate Lohner
Clare Crown	Alice Thomas
Ethel [illegible]	Edith Thomas

AVERAGE CLASS STANDING 90

Martha Brennan	Victor Pigel
[illegible]	Helen Ferrest
[illegible]	Garth Lohner
Lottie Corwin	Ray Walters
Frances Campbell	Frank Anderson

[illegible] DEPARTMENT

Martha Brennan	Ira [illegible] Anderson
[illegible]	[illegible] Orford
[illegible]	Anna Johnson
[illegible]	Rachel Austin
[illegible] Forrest	Lois Young

LEE A. [illegible], Teacher

SECOND PRIMARY

[illegible] DEPARTMENT

[illegible] Bennett	Grace Hasen
Bert Cory	Rachel McCarthy
[illegible] Carlson	Jennie McMahon
Roy Chase	Fred Mulligan
[illegible]	Joseph [illegible]
[illegible] Digel	[illegible] Moore
Maurice Hussey	[illegible] McCandless
Mabel Locke	Mabel Thomas

Alberta Sturdevant

CLASS AVERAGE 90 OR ABOVE

[illegible]	Jennie McMahon
Bert Cory	[illegible]
[illegible] Digel	Rachel McCarthy
Leo Mercer	Mabel Thomas

Albert Servatius

ATTENDANCE

Mabel Locke	Bert Cory
[illegible]	Josie McCandless
Loyd Moore	[illegible] Starks

Mabel Thomas
HATTIE A. [illegible], Teacher

FIRST PRIMARY

ATTENDANCE

Earl Abby	George Irvin
Howard Alexander	Richard Lorentz
Harold [illegible]	Maurice McCabe
George Bayer	Geoffrey Mayo
Paul Cramp	John Walters
Bertie Hall	Ella Cory

Ruth Forrest

[illegible] DEPARTMENT

Emma Hendrickson	Jennie Holmes
Leo [illegible]	[illegible] Dewey
Letha Moore	[illegible] Hall
Emily McCandless	Ruth Forrest
Lizzie Quinlan	Lottie Burns
[illegible]	Gracie Grubb
Anna Servatius	Richard Lorentz
[illegible] Stark	Ward Walters
Marion Coon	Ward Baker
Bessie King	George Layer
Ella Cory	Phoebe [illegible]
Bessie King	[illegible] Gifford

MINNIE [illegible], Teacher
A. C. ANDREWS, Principal

St. Luke's Church

Services on Sunday next at 10 and 10.30 a. m. and at 7.30 p. m.

At All Saints Memorial Chapel, East Smethport, services on Sundays at 2.30 p. m., and on Thursdays at 7.30 p. m.

Specimen Cases

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by F. E. Foster's Drug Store.

Election Results.

Following is a list of the successful candidates in last Tuesday's election in the districts named, the votes of the several candidates in Smethport borough and Keating township being given in full:

SMETHPORT.

Burgess—W. F. Specht	1[illegible]0
Howard Hartwell	65
Council—P. D. Hopkins	121
M. L. Armstrong	123
J. A. Shook	122
Warley Gifford	113
Justice of the Peace—G. H. Smith	131
Gilbert Lyman	130
Constable—Charles Lemmler	151
Dennis Quinlan	97
Assistant Assessors—D. C. Young	123
A. D. Burbank	122
C. A. Burdick	103
C. A. Mosco	110
School Directors—W. B. Gallup	131
L. W. Dunn	120
S. J. Gifford	140
J. A. Holder	117
Auditor—J. C. Galloo	133
Leon Hogarth	110
Judge of Election—Frank S. Baker	124
John M. Kelly	103
Inspector of Election—W. W. Burlingame	150
D. F. Keefe	97
KEATING TOWNSHIP—FIRST DIST	
Supervisors—H. A. Moore	73
C. W. Freeman	110
Richard Griffin	150
E. J. Mehill	143
School Directors—Robert Dean	81
C. A. Backer	156
John T. Kent	123
A. E. Cory	123
J. G. Boyer	14[illegible]
Eugene Hussey	1[illegible]
Collector—Casper Smith	106
A. A. Daly	13[illegible]
Auditor—A. T. Stranahan	144
Asst. Assessor—G. W. King	132
J. S. Reynolds	144
J. H. Tracy	133
A. A. Stephens	112
Town Clerk—O. B. Busa	140
W. J. Oviatt	132
Judge of Election—J. D. Ostrander	1[illegible]
W. G. Holder	143
Inspector of Election—W. A. McIntosh	142
Albert Hussey	34
SECOND DISTRICT	
Supervisors—H. A. Moore	5[illegible]
C. W. Freeman	33
Richard Griffin	11
E. J. Mehill	29
School Directors—Robert Dean	33
C. A. Backer	53
John T. Kent	53
A. E. Cory	13
J. G. Boyer	15
Eugene Hussey	51
Collector—Casper Smith	50
A. A. Daly	51
Auditor—A. T. Stranahan	6[illegible]
Asst. Assessor—G. W. King	61
J. S. Reynolds	13
J. H. Tracy	13
A. A. Stephens	12
Town Clerk—W. J. Oviatt	6[illegible]
O. B. Dean	12
Judge of Election—W. F. Wilson	9
Inspector of Election—W. G. Duffy	10
H. H. Harrison	70
THIRD DISTRICT	
Supervisors—H. A. Moore	9
E. J. Mehill	[illegible]
Richard Griffin	15
C. W. Freeman	13
School Directors—Robert Dean	24
C. A. Backer	18
J. T. Kent	13
A. E. Cory	[illegible]
J. G. Boyer	5
Eugene Hussey	13
Collector—Casper Smith	6
A. A. Daly	13
Asst. Assessor—G. W. King	13
J. S. Reynolds	1[illegible]
J. H. Tracy	19
A. A. Stephens	16
Auditor—A. T. Stranahan	1[illegible]
Town Clerk—O. B. Dean	[illegible]
W. J. Oviatt	[illegible]
Judge of Election—John Leavitt	25
Inspector of Election—A. Johnson	16
J. W. Connell	10

PORT ALLEGANY

Burgess—Frank Kernan
Council—[illegible]
Collector—M. A. Soule
Justice—C. A. Larrabee
School Directors—S. E. Rowley, M. Snyder
Assistant Assessors—W. H. Keeler, W. L. Bradish
Auditor—Henry Green
Judge—M. J. Dwyer
Inspectors—D. B. McCarty, J. L. Ward.

LIBERTY TOWNSHIP

Supervisors—M. M. Griffin, C. W. Burr
[illegible]—John Acre
Asst. Assessors—J. J. Gallup, F. M. Windsor.
School Directors—D. Crawford, Sam Schoonover
Auditor—A. H. Allen
Town Clerk—[illegible]
Judge—Samuel Gifford
Inspector—J. [illegible] Allen

NORWICH TOWNSHIP

Supervisors—C. W. Dickinson, L. Benson.
Collector—[illegible]
Assistant Assessors—J. B. Oviatt, Aug Ebert
Justice—M. [illegible]
School Directors—M. Allard, F. B. Grantier
Auditor—C. D. Coons
Town Clerk—J. P. Oviatt.
Judge—A. I. Lake
Inspectors—C. S. Sawyer, E. E. Leddick.

HAMLIN TOWNSHIP

Supervisors—Gust Peterson, Philip Hafner
Assistant Assessors—Geo. Richards, Charles Paulson
School Directors—O. B. Mosser, Jno. Larson
Town Clerk—Chas. Paulson
Auditor—Gust Larson.
Collector—Geo. H. Sparks
Inspectors of Election—Bert Hutchins, Chas Paulson.
Judge of Election—S. W. Pattison.

ELDRED TOWNSHIP

Justice of the Peace—F. S. Carpenter
Supervisors—J. Smith, Gilbert Moody
Collector—D. M. Burnham
School Directors—M. McAnliff, J. C. Farner
Auditor—John Tracy
Town Clerk—J. G. Campbell
Inspectors of Election—Pat McDonald, S. H. Burlison.
Judge of Election—Geo. Kelly
Assistant Assessors—C. M. Slack, H. J. Doolittle

KANE.

Burgess—S. M. Orr
Council—L. D. Keesor, B. F. McConnell.
School Directors—D. Howells, O. G. Kelts
Collector—[illegible]
Assistant Assessors—F. A. Lytle, J. B. Grove
High Constable—E. E. Looker
Judge of Election—M. W. Moffitt
Auditor—Carl Ekstrom
Inspectors of Election—F. W. Meese Sr., H. Crosson.

WETMORE TOWNSHIP

Supervisors—Jno. A. Gustafson, Wm. Karlson
School Directors—Wm. L. Bauer, Wm. Wilson
Assistant Assessors—J. O. Lindell, P. Karlson
Town Clerk—Alex Noblquist
Auditor—Al Noblquist
Judge of Election—C. L. Okerlind
Inspectors of Election—John McKnall, John M. Owen.
C. Rector—Wm. Wilkins
Justice of the Peace—John McKnall

SERGEANT TOWNSHIP

Supervisors—Jacob Amend, Geo. Darney
Constable—Samuel Scott
Collector—Jacob Hafner
Assistant Assessors—J. Leyes, Geo. Schleiff
Justice of the Peace—F. P. McCarty
School Directors—Geo. Schleiff, Geo. McClincon
Town Clerk—Jacob Amend.
Auditor—J. S. McCarty
Judge of Election—J. W. [illegible]
Inspectors of Election—G. T. Wandrum, Geo. [illegible]

LAFAYETTE TOWNSHIP

Supervisors—J. J. McLarren, Mark Hardie
Collector—John Hoop.
Assistant Assessors—Wm. Nicholson, John McMahon.
School Directors—John Green, Frank Sprague
Town Clerk—I. T. [illegible]
Justice of the Peace—E. W. Penfield.
Auditor—M. E. McCarren.
Judge of Election—E. W. Penfield, 1st dist. Jas Mahoney 2d dist.
Inspectors—H. H. Quinn, C. S. Rosencrantz 1st dist. D. M. Sumner, Chas Rogey 2d dist.

ELDRED.

Burgess—E. V. Dean.
Council—J. E. Welch, Alfred Galatin.
Justice of the Peace—Fred F. Brown.
Constable—W. J. Burr
Collector—W. F. Burr
School Directors—A. H. Mayo, Edmond Smith.
Assistant Assessors—F. S. Archibald, W. A. Young
Auditor—F. W. Haven.
Judge of Election—O. C. Wiedman.
Inspectors—S. H. Rockwell, O. E. Smith.

CERES TOWNSHIP

Supervisors—A. D. Brown, Thomas Ostle
Collector—F. L. Lamphere.
Constable—F. E. Lamphere
Assistant Assessors—G. W. Hacker, M. Hargraves.
Justice of the Peace—Willard Holley
Town Clerk—G. W. Hacker.
School Directors—Geo. Hamilton, Barton Holley
Judge of Election—A. C. Hovey
Inspectors—J. E. Flanigan, W. A. Cole.

ANNIN TOWNSHIP

Supervisors—J. J. McCarey, H. M. Harder
Collector—H. A. June
Assistant Assessor—Thos. [illegible], J. S. Hodges.
School Directors—James Splain, D. Lane and Henry Smith each had 78 votes.
Auditor—S. L. June.
Town Clerk—Frank Williams.
Judge of Election—A. M. Hooney
Inspectors—Leroy Bishop, Lawrence Bissell.

List of Letters

Remaining in the postoffice at Smethport, Pa., for the week ending Feb. 14

Anderson, Alma.	Mason, W. H.
Armstrong, Elmer.	Parsons, Ben.
Bradford, L. C.	Raynor, Laura—2.
Hope, Stephen—2.	Smith, Mrs. F. M.
Jansen, Alrida.	Smith, E. P.
Johnson, Josie	Sherwood, Ella
Kinney, Edwin—2.	Vasbender, O. C.
Lynch, Jack.	Williams Frank.
McLaughlin, Howard.	

Persons calling for these letters, please say advertised and give date.

L. M. [illegible], P. M.

Thousands Poisoned.

In a recent work on Heart Disease, Dr. Franklin Miles—the noted specialist—gives many new and startling facts. The thousands of people are slowly poisoning themselves, weakening their hearts by the use of tea, coffee, tobacco and alcohol. These are Heart Whips, causing it to beat rapidly, thus gradually wearing it out, producing shortness of breath when exercising, pains in side and shoulder, hungry and faint spells. Finally heart failure and sudden death. For weakened and irritated heart the press everywhere highly recommend the New Heart Cure discovered by Dr. Franklin Miles, which is for sale at A. B. Armstrong's.

AROUND THE COUNTY.

Interesting News From Various Localities As Related by Our Regular Correspondents.

BRADFORD.

W. J. Carr spent Sunday at Johnstown.

Capt. C. V. Merrick was kept at home for a few days nursing a sore arm.

T. P. Kelley, of the Riddell House, has returned from a visit to Pittsburg.

The Knights of Pythias banqueted at the Henderson House on Tuesday evening.

Mrs Emily Ewing the Chautauqua instructor in the art of cooking, is stopping at the St. James.

The various churches were well attended on Sunday. Every body and his wife were out to enjoy the spring-like weather.

J. K. Emmet was royally welcomed here on Tuesday. Every seat was sold and Fritz in a Mad House was highly appreciated by a cultured audience.

Dr. Crane's talented company have made arrangements with [illegible] to produce their play "Saved by his Child," at Smethport Tuesday the 24th.

Bradfordians are recovering from a genuine small pox scare. No cases have occurred in the city but many people have taken precaution and been vaccinated.

A wanderer returned from a month's sojourn at Titusville, Franklin, and Oil City reports these places much duller than Bradford and is glad to come back to his native scenes of liveliness and prosperity.

The 14th of February was celebrated at the schools, 2,300 valentines being distributed among the scholars. In one room only original verses were sent. Judging from some of these Bradford can boast of a few embryo poets.

Dr. A. Victoria Scott Hensler gave an interesting lecture at the Methodist Church Monday evening. Her talk about "Picturesque Alaska" makes her hearers better acquainted with an almost unknown part of our own country.

Election passed off without any excitement. In the third ward the Democrats had no opposition and of course their ticket was elected. In the fourth ward the Democrats made no nominations. The voting was close in the other wards.

Tuesday afternoon when the high water inundated Hilton street Mrs. W. H. Barrett's four-year old daughter fell from the back stoop of her house and narrowly escaped drowning. The mother waded into the water waist deep to rescue her little one.

A Star man interviewed the shade of the departed Sitting Bull through a spiritualistic medium. He found the great chief [illegible] concerning the Indian uprising, somewhat changed since all things have become clear to him in the Happy Hunting Grounds.

Eugene Peak arrested his book keeper Lewis LaCompte on a charge of larceny for refusing to give up the books. LaCompte intended to keep possession of the books until his wages were secured but the trouble was settled and Mr. Peak [illegible] his ledgers.

The marriage of Miss Alice [illegible] to Mr. Arthur L. Chapman took place on Wednesday the 11th. A reception was held in the evening at the residence of Mrs. [illegible] Harper. The bride is a favorite with Bradford's young folks and the happy couple are congratulated by a legion of friends.

The Chinese who form a small part of Bradford's population enjoyed themselves while celebrating their New Year anniversary last week. The banquet given at the Presbyterian church to celebrate the tenth anniversary of the founding of the Chinese Sunday school brought the festivities to a successful [illegible].

The recent rains have swollen the Tuna until it has assumed the proportions of a goodly sized river. Foreman, Davis, [illegible] and [illegible] streets were flooded and considerable damage was done. At the lumber storage yards, piles of lumber had to be chained in order to keep them from floating away. At the glass factory in spite of pumps kept working all night, business had to be suspended on account of the water. Jackson avenue was made unfit for travel in some places by water cutting great gullies and rushing in torrents over the street.

The City Council met on Monday evening. The Mayor vetoed a measure providing for the paving of Corydon street from Webster to Mechanic. His reason for vetoing this was because the Catholic Church refused to pay their part of the assessment. The bill for paving Chambers street was also vetoed because there was no guarantee of payment from the Methodist church. Contracts were advertised for paving Chestnut street, also for building a bridge on Elm street. A report was made of the investigation of an alleged trespass upon the city's land at Marilla brook. It was recommended that Howard Atling and A. L. Chapman be restrained from operating their saw mill on the city's lands and taking logs therefrom.

KANE

We have a [illegible] period.

"Have you been vaccinated?"

Too much rain for [illegible] weather.

Fires are rather numerous in Kane lately.

Popularity of a personal nature does not always win for one.

We have a river on Kane Hill so we can have a good stage of water.

A gradual melting of the snow has nearly ruined the sleighing in and around Kane.

Frank A. Lyle is a hustler in politics [illegible] the effect.

Dear Editor were you ever defeated for a Borough office? If so you can lend us a little grain of consolation and sympathy.

Remember that J. F. Kelly the liveryman will dispose of all his stock at public sale on the 28th inst. when you can purchase good horses cheap.

The vote in Kane Borough was an unusual light one owing to the incessant rain. It poured in torrents all day. It was a good day for the Democrats.

E. E. Looker was handicapped. He could not defeat the entire Gillis family and the carbon works at north Kane. These are the sterner and tender facts.

Our firemen were on hand promptly at the [illegible] on Monday and did good work. We should have a better system to give an alarm of fire and avoid these vexatious delays.

Mrs Rauf wife of J. Rauf, died very suddenly last week on South Wetmore Avenue. She was a loving [illegible] grief stricken husband and two small children to mourn her loss, the youngest a babe of only two weeks old. Mr. Rauf has the sympathy of the entire community in this sad bereavement.

Mrs. Eliza Rathbun mother of Jule E. Rathbun died last Saturday of dropsy of the heart at the residence of her son Jule E. She had only resided in Kane about 3 months. She was universally respected by all who had made her acquaintance. Her remains were taken to Oswego, N. Y. her former home for burial.

Hon J. T. Griffith and his family returned home from Ebensburg, Pa. on last Friday. He is not looking as robust and active as usual. He is a tireless worker when at the State Capitol and he may have overtaxed his iron constitution. His physician Dr. Preston was unable to persuade him to take the needed rest.

Quite a number of our Republican candidates are in the soup. Some of them would rather suffer an occasional defeat than to get wet. Well the truth is that some men differ in mind as well as they differ in body, when it rains in torrents as it did all day on last Tuesday. Our newly elected Burgess has great talent and some industry and the two will [illegible]. Our defeated candidate for Burgess was too cautious [illegible] his only ambition was to be right, and got it wrong by getting under cover out of the rain too early in the day.

On last Monday forenoon the people of Kane were startled by a terrific explosion. It was soon discovered that the fine residence of Fred Swanson standing on the corner of Haines and Chase streets had been blown into an almost shapeless mass of ruins by an explosion of natural gas that had escaped into the cellar from a leaky gas main. The Hook and Ladder and Hose Cos., were on the ground in a few minutes after the alarm was given and by hard work and plenty of water succeeded in saving the surrounding buildings except the large blacksmith shop of Swanson Bros. which stood within a few feet of the residence the debris of which took fire instantly after the explosion and burned very rapidly. Fred his wife and little son made miraculous escapes all being in the house at the time of the accident. Mrs. John Swanson was less fortunate she was blown from the dining room into the cellar and made her escape through a back cellar door and reached the pump her clothes on fire. When out she had partly extinguished her burning clothes by pumping water on herself while lying beside the pump. She was taken to Woodside Hospital at once, when it was discovered that she was frightfully burned and may not recover. Fred Swanson had one of his hands badly burnt. Miss Jessie B. Kenney of DuBois was the heroic young lady who, when she heard a child scream, rushed into the burning building and came out amidst the flames with little Harry the son of Fred Swanson. Many stout and fearless hearts quailed when brave Jessie rushed into the flames. Mr. A. G. Larson rescued Mrs. Fred Swanson uninjured. Not gold but gratitude can only repay such heroic deeds. The loss may reach $7,000, a small insurance on the building only.

CERES.

F. H. Call was in Olean Wednesday

Agent Gleason visited Olean Monday

Lawyer Curtis, of Bolivar was in town Monday

Mrs Kate Simons was in Allentown Thursday

Frank Welch, of Austin, was in Ceres last week.

Mrs Sate Childs of Olean is visiting friends in Ceres.

Mrs. G. W. Hackett is recovering from a serious illness.

William Cranston of Genesee, was doing the town Monday

E. L. Smith, of Olean was in town several days this week.

D. R. Rooney of Olean, is in town shipping the King Run lumber.

Frank Raymond, of Wellsville, was shaking hands with friends Saturday

Geo King, of Washington, D. C., arrived here Monday evening for a ten days visit.

Mr and Mrs. J. E. Brock are visiting their daughter in Austin Mrs. H. D. Lashey

The King's Daughters No. 1 gave an old-fashioned spelling school Monday evening, which netted them $2.25.

At this writing Robert Hogan, the man who met with the accident in the woods still lies in the same unconscious condition. His death is hourly expected.

Mr Cornelison's sister, of Addison, is visiting him at this place before his departure for Australia, for which country he intends to sail with his wife next Monday.

F. W. Burdick of Olean was in town Wednesday and Thursday, doing professional work. By the way, he is one of the best piano tuners to be found in this part of the country.

Mrs. F. H. Van Wormer and her father D. B. Brown, returned from Washington and Brooklyn, where they have been making an extended visit among friends, on Wednesday of last week.

On Saturday last George Brink while running the slab slasher at the mill, cut off the fourth finger of his left hand. It is an uncomfortable and inconvenient circumstance for George.

W. H. Smith of Allentown, N. Y., and his wife, [illegible] Phipps, of Buffalo stopped in town Thursday, on their way from Buffalo to Allentown. Miss Minnie Smith, sister of the groom accompanied them. The couple were married at Buffalo the day previous.

KENDALL CREEK.

Miss Amelia Dana, of New York is visiting in town.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Pease are visiting relatives in Buffalo.

Mrs. John Kaiser has recovered from an attack of the grip.

Mrs. C. B. McKinney is suffering from an attack of la grippe.

Mrs. Chas. De Hart has returned from a visit to Hornellsville, N. Y.

There was no school in Room B. Tuesday, on account of the election.

Mrs. C. D. Longfellow is visiting her daughter Miss Hattie Purple, in Philadelphia.

Miss Lou Bailey has returned from Geneseo, where she has been attending school.

Mrs A. E. Brandon of Allentown, is the guest of Mrs. C. B. McKinney and family.

Geo. Derry, who has been the guest of his sister Mrs. Wm. Dobie, left for Kansas city Monday.

Miss Jennie Walborn left Monday for her home at DuBois, called there by the illness of her sister.

Rev. J. H. Steady held revival meetings at Sawyer City Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of this week.

There was no school in North Kendall during the first part of the week on account of the illness of the teacher Miss Lillian Johnson.

The Owl Club met at the home of Miss Ella Smiley on Washington St., last Friday night. There was a large attendance and a most enjoyable evening was spent.

The supper given by the Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church, last Thursday evening was largely attended. The abundant and tempting viands disappeared all too quickly. It was a success in every way.

The funeral of Mrs. G. S. Calkins who died at the Bradford Hospital last Sunday was held in the Presbyterian Church Tuesday at 2 p. m. A large number of friends of the deceased were present. The remains were interred in Oak Hill Cemetery. Mrs. Calkins was greatly esteemed and loved by all who knew her. She leaves a husband and daughter to mourn her loss.

A Demorest Medal Contest was held in the M. E. Church last Tuesday evening. The large audience room was crowded. Music was rendered by the Kendall Glee Club and the Leroy Family. The eight contestants acquitted themselves very creditably indeed. Dr. Comfort, Mrs. E. B. Stone and Mrs. Fritz all of Bradford acted as judges. The medal was awarded to Miss Susie Sherman.

COLEGROVE

The children of Mr. John Crumble are sick with the scarlet fever.

Geo Pelton of Belmont, N. Y., lately visited his brother Ed. Pelton of Crosby.

Will Herzog of Smethport visited his sister Mrs. C. A. Anderson last Sunday.

Bert Christley is in [illegible], N. Y., where he was called last week by the death of his mother.

Mrs. Chet. Gallup of [illegible] is calling on friends and relatives in Colegrove and Norwich.

Henry Smith has changed his vocation and is now vigorously working at the blacksmith trade.

Don't forget the party for Fred Granteer this week Friday evening. Price of tickets for dance and supper $1.

The monthly gospel temperance meeting will be conducted by the W. C. T. U. in the Union Church next Sunday evening.

Will Mealer returned to his family last Saturday. Will when you go on an excursion again don't forget your wife and babies.

Miss Jennie Gallup is quite well again from an attack of measles. Her sisters, Mae and Eva are now suffering from the same disease.

Ed Calkins and family after a months sojourn among acquaintances returned this week to their home in Steuben county N. Y.

Rev Leach will not conduct the Childrens Meeting on Saturday this week as he does not expect to return from Buffalo until Saturday evening.

CLERMONT

Mrs. S. B. H[illegible] is on the sick list.

H. T. and J. W. Horabaugh are visiting in Indiana county.

[illegible] of B[illegible] has returned to his home in Clearfield county.

John R. Shoemaker of Smethport was in town last Monday.

[illegible] Perry has been keeping bachelors hall for the past few days.

Mrs. F. F. Burdick has been quite ill but is better at this writing.

Miss Emma Howard has returned from an extended visit with friends at Knapp's Creek.

Last Monday evening Prof. F. W. Browne the [illegible] gave an entertainment in the Union Church. He was greeted by a large audience notwithstanding the rain. The entertainment consisted of comic and sentimental songs and a lecture. Prof. Browne is a fine musician and is good to hear and those who failed to hear him missed a rare treat.

There was a little scene enacted in that portion of our village called the "patch" last Monday. The result was a few bruises and a black eye for one of the parties. Both young men are quite popular therefore we refrain from mentioning names. We are informed that the dispute arose over a respectable young lady residing in this place to whom both young men have been paying attention.

ELDRED.

J. W. R[illegible] and wife of Smethport were in town last Saturday.

F. W. Judson of Emporium, was looking around town Monday.

Miss Nora Archibald has returned from a visit to friends in Chaffee N. Y.

Leroy Fairchilds and wife of Duke Centre, visited friends in town Saturday last.

Mr and Mrs. J. D. Downing are spending a few days at the mineral springs of Cambridge.

We are having very high water in this section owing to the recent rains and much damage is looked for.

Charlie Wells departed Monday morning for Butler Pa., where he will accept a position on the pipe line.

Mrs. A. J. Clark of Kinzua was called here this week by the serious illness of her daughter Mrs. A. H. Rockwell.

Eugene Brooks has sold his livery stable to Mr. J. J. Riley, this place, and Wm. Glover of West Almond N. Y.

The New Road Bill.

The proposed road law formulated by the Road Commission and to be considered by the Legislature, provides that road taxes must be paid in cash. The system of allowing farmers to "work out" their tax is abolished, but compensation is offered in declaring that preference must be given to road taxpayers who shall desire it in the employment of labor on the highways. For such labor cash will be paid.

The bill provides that every township in the State shall elect three road supervisors without salary to serve for three years the term of one official expiring each year, the quarter sessions court to have authority to fill vacancies. The supervisors must organize on the first Monday in March and levy a road tax not to exceed 10 mills on the dollar, unless the court shall authorize an increased tax.

Townships can be divided into road districts with a road master for each district, who shall see that all work done in his district is in accordance with plans, and oversee the men at work. The supervisors shall fix a day's wages and hours of work for road masters and workmen giving preference to taxpayers between 18 and 50 years of age, resident in each district.

No unnaturalized person shall be employed on the public works while all machinery and tools needed may be purchased by the supervisors, discretion being given them to join with other townships in the joint ownership of machinery.

It is provided that roadbeds shall be sixteen feet wide and ten inches higher in the center than at the sides, with drains at the side and other provisions for keeping the roadbed in proper shape when once constructed. Supervisors must report annually to the county engineer upon the amount of money expended and the character of work done during the year.

The supervisors must construct all highways by contract, and may also let to the lowest and best bidder the contract, for opening, making or repairing for all other township roads and bridges. Such contracts for maintenance may be for three years.

All counties, except Philadelphia, shall elect a county engineer for three years, his compensation being $3.50 per day for each day actually employed. The engineer must pass upon all road petitions and serve upon all road reviews. He shall designate the road in each township to be macadamized or otherwise permanently improved, such roads to be selected in a manner as far as practicable so as to form a continuous highway between the most populous points in the country to the boundaries thereof, and to points on other important roads or railroad stations, so as to best accommodate through and local travel. Such roads shall thereafter be designated as "highways."

Careful provision is made concerning the manner of opening roads and crossing of railroads and inspection of work. County engineers must make annual reports to the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

All money appropriated by the Legislature for road purposes shall be divided among the townships in proportion to the amount of road taxes collected and expended the preceding year. The supervisors of each township shall set apart at least 25 per cent of all road taxes each year, together with all money received from the State, as a separate fund for the construction of macadam or other permanent roads.

Strict regulations are made concerning the occupancy of roads by pipe lines or conduit lines of any character. County engineers and road supervisors are prohibited from furnishing supplies or being otherwise pecuniarily interested in work done upon the highways under penalty of a fine not exceeding $500 or imprisonment for six months.

[illegible]

Items of Interest Gathered from Various Sources by the Man With the [illegible].

—Smoke "First Attempt."

—"First Attempt" clear Havana.

—Smokers' articles of every description at Emil Thamm's.

—Satter No. 1 is the best cigar in the market. Sold by Howard Wilson.

—For fine goods in the liquor line, either for medicinal or family use order of N. R. Collins, & Co., Bradford, Pa.

—After breakfast smoke "First Attempt."

—For fine tobacco, cigars, etc., go to Emil Thamm's. Fine stock and low prices.

—"Gold Leaf" Whiskeys, distilled by Gold Leaf Distilling Co. N. R. Collins & Co., Owners and Proprietors.

—For fine goods in the liquor line, either for medicinal or family use order to N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa.

—Farmers and farmers' sons who have a horse and rig at their disposal and who are looking for profitable employment may secure positions worth from thirty to sixty dollars a week by addressing A. J. Potter, 3 East 14th St., New York.

—"Gold Leaf" Whiskeys distilled by Gold Leaf Distilling Co. N. R. Collins & Co. Owners and Proprietors.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeny, ring bone, stifles, sprains and swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong druggist Smethport.

How often we hear middle-aged people say regarding that reliable old cough remedy, N. H. Downs' Elixir: "Why, my mother gave it to me when I was a child, and I used it in my family. It always cures." It is always guaranteed to cure or money refunded. For sale by H. L. McCoy and A. B. Armstrong.

—Whiskeys, wines and liquors. N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa. Largest stock, lowest prices.

Every mother should have Arnica & Oil Liniment always in the house in case of accident from burns, scalds or bruises. For sale by H. L. McCoy and A. B. Armstrong.

—Whiskeys, wines and liquors, at N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa. Largest stock, lowest prices.

Costiveness can be permanently cured by the use of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. For sale by H. L. McCoy and A. B. Armstrong.

China Department.

We carry in stock a full line of white and decorated Haviland China comprising every article for the table, mantel and cabinet. Special attention given to White Haviland China for decorating. Prices the same as the regular New York price, viz 50 cents per franc. Usual discount to teachers. Our Smethport and out-of-town customers are cordially invited to send in their orders by mail, which will receive our prompt attention.

L. EMERY JR. & CO.
45 Main St.
(Second Floor) Bradford Pa.

Interesting to Ladies.

For many years I was afflicted with all the horrible tortures incident to the diseases peculiar to my sex and spent a fortune seeking relief among the best physicians of Europe in vain. I was finally cured by a simple vegetable remedy given me by a Franco Mexican Nurse. Desirous that other sufferers may know of it, I will send full particulars to any lady on receipt of stamp to pay postage.

Address.—MADAM JULIA LA MONDE
Buffalo N. Y.

Whiskeys

50c to $3.00 per (full) quart bottle sent securely packed by express. N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford Pa.

Whiskeys.

50c to $3.00 per (full) quart bottles sent securely packed by express. N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford Pa.

The Pulpit and the Stage.

Rev. F. M. Shrout, Pastor United Brethren Church, Blue Mound, Kan., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My Lungs were badly diseased, and my parishioners thought I could live only a few weeks. I took five bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery and am sound and well, gaining 26 lbs. in weight."

Arthur Love, Manager Love's Funny Folks Combination, writes: "After a thorough trial and convincing evidence, I am confident Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, beats 'em all, and cures when everything else fails. The greatest kindness I can do my many thousand friends is to urge them to try it." Free trial bottles at F. E. Foster's Drug Store. Regular sizes 50c and $1.00.

"I cannot sing to night! My throat is sore." "Of course you haven't tried Salvation Oil?" "No." "Then get it, and you will sing like the birds."

Don't Stand that Pain.

It don't do to neglect nature's warning aches through the system cause Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache and Pain in the Side, a prompt and safe remedy is required. Red Flag Oil, the Famous Pain Cure, fills the bill. Price 25 cents.

Are you consumptive or do you suffer with a Cough or Cold? If so use Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's Drug Store.

CATARRH IN NEW ENGLAND

Ely's Cream Balm gives satisfaction to every one using it for catarrhal troubles.—G. K. Mellor, Druggist, Worcester, Mass.

I believe Ely's Cream Balm is the best article for catarrh ever offered the public.—Bush & Co., Druggist, Worcester, Mass.

An article of real merit.—C. P. Alden, Druggist, Springfield, Mass.

Those who use it speak highly of it.—Geo. A. Hill, Druggist, Springfield, Mass.

Cream Balm has given satisfactory results.—W. P. Draper, Druggist, Springfield, Mass.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED President Judge of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace, orphans and court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean has issued his precept bearing date Friday, December 12th, 1890, and to me directed, for holding a court of common pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Tuesday, the 10th day of March, 1891, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Feb 10, 1890, and in the 115th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

WALTER GRUBB, Sheriff.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF EXECUTORS, Administrators and Guardians, having been settled in the office of the Register the same will be presented for confirmation at the Orphan's Court to be held at Smethport, in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, on the 4th Monday of February, A. D. 1891.

First and final account of O. S. Carpenter, administrator of the estate of Tirza L. Carpenter deceased.

First and final account of B. M. Bailey administrator of the estate of F. W. Andrews, deceased.

First and final account of J. M. Hargraves administrator of the estate of Margaret H. Bridge, deceased.

First and final account of Eliza H. Arnold and Thomas McDowell executors of the last will and testament of Aaron S. Arnold, deceased.

First and final account of Leonora M. Martin executrix of the last will and testament of Peter Martin deceased.

First and final account of Leonora M. Martin executrix of the last will and testament of Peter Martin, deceased, who was the sole surviving executor of the last will and testament of Adam Martin, deceased.

First and final account of A. F. Bard guardian of Orilla Robinson, minor child of John Robinson, deceased.

Final account of L. Emery, Jr., guardian of Stella M. Andrews, minor child of F. W. Andrews, deceased.

J. M. McELROY, Register
H. M. CHOATE, Deputy
Smethport, Pa., Jan 25, 1891

HOP BALSAM

Cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung Diseases. Nature's own wonderful and speedy cure. Never fails. Tastes good. Children like it. Sold by Druggists everywhere. [illegible]

We Down All Competitors!

A Chance for You to Save Money at Our Expense!

We are preparing for our semi-annual inventory, and to reduce stock will offer for

ONE WEEK ONLY

Commencing Monday, February 16

300 yards	4-4 Unbleached Muslin	@ 5c	worth 6c.
600 "	4-4 "	@ 6c	worth 7c.
1200 "	4-4 "	@ 6¾c	worth 7½c.
800 "	4-4 "	@ 7c	worth 8c.
400 "	4-4 "	@ 7½c	worth 8½c.
2000 "	Lounsdale 4-4 Bleached	@ 8c	worth 10c
500 "	Fruit of Loom	@ 8½c	worth 10c

5-4, 6-4, 8-4, 9-4 and 10-4. Bleached and Unbleached at much less than value. Coats spool Cotton, 6 spools for 25c for this sale only.

2500 yards Best Makes Standard Prints, Choicest Styles @ 7c regular price 8c.

Odds and Ends, and seasonable goods in every department that we desire to close to make room for spring goods.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

SMETHPORT, PA.

STILL -:- TO -:- BE -:- FOUND!

—AT—

D. C. YOUNG'S

NEW -:- STORE

The Best and Cheapest lot of DOLLS ever brought into the town. Dressed Dolls from five cents up, worth twice as much.

FANCY -:- TOYS,

Story Books for the Children,
Gift Books for Grown People.

Pretty Hemstitched Handkerchiefs for 5 and 10 cents, Albums, Photograph frames, Glove Boxes,

TOILET CASES,

in fact everything to gladden the eye and please the hearts of the people.

And right here I wish to state that nearly all these goods were made in this country, and bought at much lower prices than the same can be purchased abroad. This was all brought about by the

PROTECTIVE TARIFF,

and the genius and intelligence of the American people, consequently the cry that the "tariff is a tax" and that those that buy imported goods pay the tax, will not apply here.

I have American Cashmere, all wool, which I am selling at 50 to 55 cents a yard, as good as imported goods at 75 cents, also a full line of Arcade Flannels, for women's and children's wear, warranted not to fade or shrink, together with a complete line of

JAMESTOWN DRESS GOODS,

warranted in the same way, that cannot be beaten in the world for price and quality. I also have a full line of Jamestown Hosiery, which pleases all my customers, and one of the finest stocks of

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBER GOODS

in the country, and at the old prices, together with a new lot of Slippers for Christmas.

My line of Groceries is very fine as will be attested by all who use them.

My stock of goods is so large and varied that it is impossible to mention even a small part of what I keep. Come to my store and prove for yourself that prices have not advanced, but are lower than ever before. If you do not see what you want call for it, and the goods will be cheerfully shown you.

D. C. YOUNG.

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 9, 1890.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Containing 65 acres, [illegible] a good house, [illegible] one mile south of Coleville, Pa. [illegible] Jan 23—[illegible] J. B. WRIGHT, Rixford, Pa.

DETROIT [illegible]

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees. Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington. Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Notice.

WHEREAS MY WIFE MINNIE HAS LEFT [illegible]

H. W. RUBIN & CO.,

THE LEADING

-:-CLOTHIERS,-:-

SMETHPORT, PA.

CUSTOM CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

[illegible] Overcoatings, Pantaloonings and Vestings. The finest line in this section of the country

READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

A full and complete line [illegible] to correspond with the times and satisfaction guaranteed in every case

A FULL LINE OF BOYS AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

The latest novelties and finest stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
MEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,

Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved style, and entire

SATISFACTION -:- GUARANTEED

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wholesale and Retail

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

AND ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

[illegible]

J. F. ROONEY

Wm RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

CURES ALL DISEASES.

[illegible]

IT PURIFIES THE BLOOD,
DESTROYS MICROBES.

[illegible]

Tonic and Antiseptic.

[illegible] NEW YORK CITY

DRUGS.

Patent Medicines,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods,
DRUGGISTS' -:- SUNDRIES.

Prescriptions promptly filled

H. O. WELLS, Smethport, Pa

No more of this!

Rubber Shoes [illegible]

[illegible] RUBBER CO [illegible]

"[illegible] SOOTERS."

[illegible] CO. Wholesale Agts [illegible]

BUFFALO

[illegible]

[illegible] can have their [illegible] on application

TO WEAK MEN

[illegible] FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

PROTECTION OR FREE-TRADE. WHICH?

Do you want to keep thoroughly posted on the effects of the New Tariff Law as shown from week to week?

Do you want to know all about the policy of Protection and have an answer to every false statement of the Free Traders?

Yes?

Then subscribe for your home paper and the AMERICAN ECONOMIST published weekly by the American Protective Tariff League New York (Sample copy free). The ECONOMIST is an acknowledged authority on Protection and should be widely read. The yearly subscription of the ECONOMIST is $2 but we have made a special arrangement with the publishers by which we can send you the ECONOMIST for one year and MINER for $2[illegible]

BOB SLEDS!

[illegible] workmanship [illegible]

I make a specialty of

HORSESHOEING,

[illegible] repairing of [illegible] Blacksmith shop [illegible]

WM MASSIE

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS

OF EVERY TYLES AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets, Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete stock of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it's a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport Pa., March 13, 1891.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE,

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION immediately. By Druggists. 25 cents.

—TAKE—

THE -:- LACKAWANNA -:- ROUTE

FOR

Hornellsville, Bath, Corning, Elmira, Binghamton, New York

and intermediate points. Trains leaving Smethport [illegible] p. m. make close connection at Olean with the L. & S. W. R. R. Co.'s Cannon Ball Train, Pullman Palace Buffet car through to New York without change. Rates as low as any line. For other tickets, &c., apply to Ticket Agent of the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. Smethport, Pa., or address

CHAS. H. HAMMOND,
[illegible] Pass. Agt., The Lackawanna & Southwestern R. R. Co.
Hornellsville, N. Y.

RUPTURE, cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phila., Pa. Ease at once, no operation or business delay. Thousands cured. Send for Circular. [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED [illegible]

Some Facts About Catarrh.

BY DR. S. B. HARTMAN.

The living membranes of the nose and throat being most exposed to the air, are usually the first to become affected by Catarrh. As soon as the Catarrh becomes seated either in the nose or throat it begins slowly to spread to other parts. Numerous passages open into the pharynx or upper throat, and, as they are all lined with the same mucous membrane which line the pharynx, the Catarrh can easily find its way to almost any part of the body. It may go upwards into the middle ear and cause deafness, or into the frontal sinuses and cause constant frontal headache. The Catarrh may go downwards through the œsophagus into the stomach and cause dyspepsia, or through the larynx, trachea, and bronchial tubes to the lungs causing hoarseness, loss of voice, chronic cough, bronchitis and consumption.

Whatever course the Catarrh takes the disease remains the same and a remedy that can be relied on to cure it in one place can also be relied on to cure it in all places. Pe-ru-na seeks out at once the damaged parts and restores the diseased and flabby mucous membrane to health and elasticity. Pe-ru-na is a natural [illegible] to the capillary blood vessels, which are weakened or destroyed by Catarrh. Here are two cases in which the Catarrh had already reached the middle ear producing deafness (as it always does).

Mr. Frederick Bierman of McComb City, Miss., had Chronic Catarrh very badly for many years. The disease finally passed up the eustachian tube into the middle ear, and had almost destroyed his hearing. He has been taking Pe-ru-na but for a short time and his Catarrh is very much better, and he hears again as well as any one.

Mr. W. D. Stokes, Baton Rouge, La., writes: "I have had Chronic Catarrh very badly now in the ear and nearly deaf. I used your Pe-ru-na according to directions and am now well; can hear the tick of a watch ten feet. Your Pe-ru-na is a wonderful medicine."

The following case illustrates the dreadful condition which Chronic Catarrh of throat and head can produce, and the utter failure of the ordinary treatment to bring any relief.

[illegible] Co., PA.

Peruna Medicine Co.: I was a sufferer from Catarrh in my head and throat. I was treated with one of the best physicians in our place for that terrible disease, and found no relief. But in 1883 I lost my speech and was not able to do any kind of work for nearly three months. I could neither eat nor sleep. Pe-ru-na did wonders for me and now I am in better health than I have been in ten years.

Yours truly,
[illegible]

No remedy can equal Pe-ru-na in cases where the Catarrh has already attacked the lungs, as in the following case:

Mrs. J. W. Reynolds of New Lisbon, Columbiana county, Ohio, says she has suffered with Congestion of the Lungs, Catarrh in the Head, and was troubled with a bad cough. She had tried a number of physicians but they all failed to cure her. She was induced to try Pe-ru-na, and immediately a marked change took place. After using Pe-ru-na her cough ceased and in a short time her other ailments were cured. She is now completely restored to health, and gives all the credit to Pe-ru-na.

Hundreds of testimonials like the above furnish the most positive proof that Pe-ru-na is a radical cure for Catarrh. What Pe-ru-na has done so many times, it is doing every day. It will do again.

A pamphlet giving full instructions for the cure of Catarrh sent to any address by the Pe-ru-na Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio.

Red Faces and Their Cause

An acquaintance of mine, a farmer, a man of [illegible] was in town and [illegible] He insisted upon my eating [illegible] with him at [illegible] and as the [illegible] and trying [illegible] nipping [illegible] gentle[illegible] friend

[illegible] at the theater [illegible] red faces of [illegible] was in earnest [illegible] I mean what I say [illegible] red faces [illegible]

[illegible] men come [illegible] theater [illegible] play [illegible] why your [illegible] that their vanity restrains their appetite [illegible] spectacles of themselves [illegible] The [illegible] pitiful sight [illegible]—[illegible] Letter

An Insult Queen Victoria Remembers.

The last time that the queen visited the city of Bath was in 1830. She was then a young [illegible] was called the Princess Victoria. In that year she visited Bath with her mother the Duchess of Kent. The two were lodged in a house in Sydney place and presently a large crowd congregated and cheered lustily in the hope of a view of the little princess. With her mother the princess stepped out upon a balcony to bow to the noisy multitude. She wore a flounced frock, long white stockings, black slippers with elastics crossing her ankles and a liberal show of white frilling appeared below the hem of her frock.

Hardly had the little princess appeared attired in this fashion of that period when a coarse voice sang out from the crowd "Oh what ugly feet!" Victoria blushed scarlet, retired at once from the balcony, burst into tears and declared that she would leave the city at once and would never return to it. The mother sought to soothe her, but the girl's wrath would not be assuaged. Next day the party left the town. In all the sixty years that have elapsed since this unfortunate incident the queen has not revisited Bath and she still speaks ungraciously of the city whenever it is mentioned in conversation.—Eugene [illegible] Chicago News.

Here and There.

Favorable reports come from the winter wheat belt.

It is told that the commission appointed to consider the means of abating the rabbit pest in Australia has examined and reported 1,400 schemes. M. Pasteur's remedy, fowl cholera, has proved of little efficacy. Rabbit proof wire fencing seems to be as yet the only feasible plan.

Pennsylvania farmers find profit in sowing rye for the straw.

France still stands first on the list of European wheat producing countries, and for 1890 boasts a fair crop—of barley a full yield in bulk, but uneven in quality, a big oat crop, but a deficient rye crop.

The past season was, in the main, favorable for the hay crop.

The sugar cane crop is a large one.

The sorghum crop has made a small yield, except at the south.

Peter Kieffer, the introducer of the Kieffer pear, who died in Philadelphia recently, was born in Alsace in 1812 and came to America in 1834. He was widely known as a pomologist.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by Frank E. Foster, Druggist.

FARM, FIELD, GARDEN.

TOPICS OF INTEREST TO COUNTRY AND SUBURBAN READERS.

Reasons Given by American Cultivator for the Continued Popularity of Wheat as a Farm Crop—Wheat Growing as a Part of a Successful Rotation.

Wherever wheat can be successfully grown it is certain to be an important farm crop. The past year the average both for spring and winter wheat remained about the same, but bad seasons diminished the crop. There is no sign anywhere of the abandonment of wheat growing in any locality where it has heretofore been successful, but rather of more general attention to this crop. The reason for this continued popularity of wheat is that its cultivation admirably supplements other crops in the relations usually adopted. No other grain gives as good a seeding as winter wheat and with it can be sown not only the clovers which succeed only in spring but also timothy and other grasses which do best when sown in the fall. As a seeding lasts two, three or four years the importance of having a good stand from the first can hardly be overestimated. Where the clover or grass seeding is good weeds have no chance to grow. This often makes a great difference in cultivation of hoed crops when the field thus well seeded comes to be plowed again. The better the sod the more fertility has accumulated and the fewer weeds there will be to fight.

Growing winter wheat has a further advantage for large farmers in the fact that it enables them to get a portion of their [illegible] out of the way the previous season so that nothing need be done to it except to harvest the crop. By devoting the best of manures to the spring hoed crops, corn and potatoes, the farmer can set aside each year one-fifth or one-sixth of his land to wheat, doing the work when he and his teams would otherwise be idle. He can thus grow as large crops as if he had devoted the whole of his farm to them. Wheat can be as well fertilized with commercial and mineral manures as with those from the stable. If whenever wheat is sown the land is seeded with clover the soil will continue to improve while the stable manure is applied to crops that pay better while they are less favorable for maintaining soil fertility.

So far as possible wheat farmers should sell only the flour of the wheat they grow. As a rule they generally sell wheat as grain, but they can easily buy again as much wheat bran and fine middlings as the grain would make and feed it out on their stock. Doing this, wheat will not be found exhaustive to the soil, and where clover is always sown with it the two combined may be fairly considered beneficial to soil fertility.

Horses That Never Ought to Be Clipped.

There is a class of horses that never ought to be clipped excepting when some skin disease or other disordered condition demands it. This applies to hack and cab horses that daily stand idle in exposed streets awaiting orders, often for an hour or two at a time. It applies also to animals that stand idle a great deal in cold stables, heavy and slow working horses, brood mares, especially if well advanced, and those that perspire easily not from the superabundant coat, but from some [illegible] disease, some debilitated—perhaps hidebound condition when the surroundings, age and value of the animal would make it inadvisable.

The same class of reasons apply to the clipping of the legs. Judgment must be used in this case. When the climate is wet and the roads muddy it is certainly an advantage to keep the hair from the ankles down short, as it dries more readily and the mud and dirt are more easily removed, lessening materially the liability to irritation of the skin at the extremities.—Horse Breeder.

Effect of Grain on Cows at Pasture

For two seasons there have been experiments carried on at the station of the Cornell university [illegible] grain ration fed to cows [illegible] Messrs. Roberts and Wing [illegible] experiments as follows: [illegible] trials in two seasons we have [illegible] both [illegible] trial with cows [illegible] grass we have [illegible] pay for the cost of the grain [illegible] increased value of manure when grain is fed which would be considerable in amount but difficult to estimate with exactness. The opinion is therefore expressed that [illegible] of this experiment it will be needed before the matter can be considered conclusively settled.

Farm Notes.

The [illegible] appended from Farm Journal are worthy of notice.

To [illegible] cows teats to [illegible] the milking are a failure. They spoil the teats.

A bad smell in the stable will often cause the milk from the cows in it to taste or smell.

Rub the swollen udder of a cow with raw linseed oil. Take twenty minutes to do it.

If sheep have the snuffles their noses should be washed with [illegible] and some warm tar smeared on them.

The feet of the sheep should be carefully looked after. If the toes are long cut them off. Do not wound the feet in so doing.

Land Plaster in the Barn Yard

Several years ago Hoard's Dairyman started the agitation among dairymen relative to the use of land plaster in stables and the manure heap for the purpose of absorbing the ammonia. The practice is growing rapidly and a number of farmers who have used it in the barn yard are greatly pleased with the results. Lime should not be used, as it has the effect to set the ammonia free, whereas plaster absorbs it.

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipation. Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 50 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at A. B. Armstrong's drug store.

—Whiskeys, wines and liquors. N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa. Largest stock, lowest prices.

Special Announcement.

We have made arrangements with Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases," which will enable all our subscribers to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address (enclosing a two cent stamp for mailing same) to Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. This book is now recognized as standard authority upon all diseases of the horse, as its phenomenal sale attests, over four million copies having been sold in the past ten years, a sale never before reached by any publication in the same period of time. We feel confident that our patrons will appreciate the work, and be glad to avail themselves of this opportunity of obtaining a valuable book.

It is necessary that you mention this paper in sending for the "Treatise." This offer will remain open for only a short time.

—Persons desiring to travel, please call on, or write for rates to W. W. Ball & Sons, Railroad Ticket Brokers and Gen Pass. Agts. to any point and over any line. 122 Union St., Olean, N. Y. Telephone connections.

HINTS TO POULTRYMEN.

Ventilating Poultry Houses Without Causing Draughts on the Fowls.

The first objects now with poultry breeders, and particularly with those who are making a specialty of egg production, are to secure warmth and afford protection from dampness to their fowls. Dampness and cold draughts of air in poultry houses are the most prolific causes of that dreaded disease, the croup. Warmth is absolutely essential to egg laying, hence only those birds that have comfortable houses to roost in lay during the winter season in rigorous climates. The draughts that find their way through doors, windows and the cracks of poultry houses result in the loss of many dollars every season. The poultry house ought to be as nearly air tight as possible, and all fissures especially about the doors and windows, closed on the approach of cold weather. The employment of tar paper as a lining to hen houses has been favorably reported upon by many, not only because this makes the house warmer, but the odor of the tar is in some measure a check upon vermin. Better still than the tar paper is tarred felting.

The question of ventilation is an important one and worthy of consideration. The ventilation gained, however, at the expense of warmth does more harm than good, and direct draughts on roosting fowls create more disease than no ventilation at all. Not a few poultry keepers make holes in one end of the house and let the air get in and out the best way it can. Others build their houses with the boards a little apart in order to provide a current of air and then wonder why there is no profit in poultry. Better far no ventilation in winter except what is gained during the day by opening the doors and windows than this reckless exposure of the fowls to draughts.

But, explains the agricultural editor of The New York World, authority for the foregoing, there is a happy medium between the two extremes of draught and no ventilation. One plan is to form a small chamber about midway between the eaves of the apex of the roof with boards and then place at the end of this chamber a ventilating trap. By this means there will be a current through the ventilating chamber that will carry off the vitiated air without causing draughts in the house itself. Wright advises for the ordinary poultry house "an opening at the highest point of the roof, surmounted by a lantern of boards put together in the well known fashion of Venetian blinds."

It must be borne in mind that the air of a poultry house does not become foul so quickly in cold as in hot weather and therefore that much in the way of ventilation may be done by airing the house during the day and employing some absorbent such as dry soil on the floor. It is wise to sprinkle the floor often with some good disinfectant. Land plaster is a ready absorbent of odors. Another cheap disinfectant is sulphate of copper diluted in water.

Comb Foundation

Prof. A. J. Cook in his guide to bee keeping has the following to say on comb foundation:

German thought and Yankee ingenuity have devised means for giving the bee a start in the important yet expensive work of comb building, and hence the origin of another great aid to the apiarist—comb foundation. For more than thirty years the Germans have used pressed sheets of wax as foundation for comb. In 1861 Mr. Wagner secured a patent in this country on a foundation. He was also the first to suggest the idea of rollers. It was not until 1874, however, that Frederick Weiss, a German, invented a machine which brought the foundation into general use here. In 1876 Mr. A. I. Root brought the roller machine and foundation into general use. Since that time improvements have been made on the machines both by Mr. Root and others.

All of the improved machines give a foundation of exquisite mold and with such rapidity that it can be made cheap and practicable. As Mr. Hedden says: The bees in two hives with foundation will be more than they would in eight days without. All who wish success must use foundation in the brood chamber and always in the [illegible] Whoever has a hundred colonies of bees may well own a machine for himself, though it usually pays better to purchase the foundation. The process of making the foundation is very simple. Thin sheets of wax [illegible] the plates or passed between two rolls which are made so as to stamp it, and on [illegible] other foundation as desired. [illegible] think even [illegible]

When to Sell Poultry

It should be a rule never to sell a fowl until it is made very fat. A hen weighing six pounds should be made to weigh seven. The one pound extra is not much, but it adds two cents a pound to the price of the whole carcass. A six pound hen which would sell at 10 cents a pound, making 60 cents, if fatted and weighing seven pounds would bring 12 cents a pound or 84 cents for the fowl. Here we see by making a fowl fat there is a clear addition of 14 cents to the total sum and 10 cents for the extra pound, equivalent to 40 per cent gain by fattening the fowl.—Poultry Keeper.

Here and There

New York state is credited with 2,000 cheese factories.

Arkansas has seven creameries.

Wisconsin has a large cranberry crop of good quality.

A large acreage of wheat has been sown for next year's crop.

Buyers have been driven west of the Mississippi for apples to supply the east this season.

Farm Journal is authority for the statement that a centrifuge factory and all needful machinery can be started new for $2,000 suitable for handling the milk of 300 cows. For 360 cows $1,500 is enough.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

At this season of the year when malaria lurks in the air, and bad colds not an unfrequent visitor, we long for a quick and effective remedy. There is scarcely a home without a sufferer from some one of the many ills flesh is heir to. A stimulant is after the intermediator. It is quick and effective. It brings relief and saves doctor bills. We can recommend Mr. Max Klein for anything in the liquor line. His Silver Age Rye at $1.50 per quart is the best whisky in the market. He will sell any Pennsylvania Rye Whisky, six years old, at $1.00 for each quart, or six for $5.00. Send for his price list and catalogue and mention this paper. Address

MAX KLEIN,
82 Federal Street, Allegheny, Pa.

A Connecticut Yankee.

Wanted an agent in each town to sell the above named book. This is Mark Twain's latest. Nearly 50,000 copies already sold. 250 illustrations. Nearly 600 pages. A great many agents average forty orders per week. Almost anyone can sell twenty five weekly. This is very profitable business. Write for terms. C. L. Webster & Co., 3 East 14th St. New York.

MONEY can be earned at our NEW line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. [illegible] TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

If You had a Friend

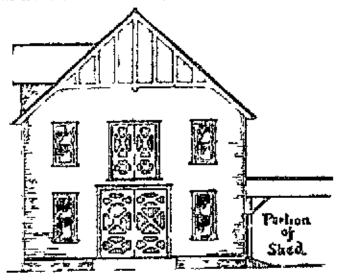
About to visit some section of the country where malarial disease, either in the form of chills and fever or bilious remittent was particularly rife, what would be about the best advice you could give him? we will tell you—to carry along, or procure on arriving, that potent medicinal safeguard, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, known throughout malaria plagued regions, here and in other countries, as the surest means of disarming the miasmatic scourge, and robbing it of its fell destructive influence. Not only does it fortify the system by increasing its stamina, but overcomes irregularity of digestion, the liver and bowels, and counteracts the unfavorable effects of over-exertion, bodily and mental, exposure in rough weather or occupation too sedentary or laborious, loss of appetite and excessive nervousness. The functions of alimentation, bilious secretion and sleep have in it a most powerful and reliable auxiliary.

A COMMON SENSE BARN

How to Build a Structure Suitable for Housing Three Horses

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

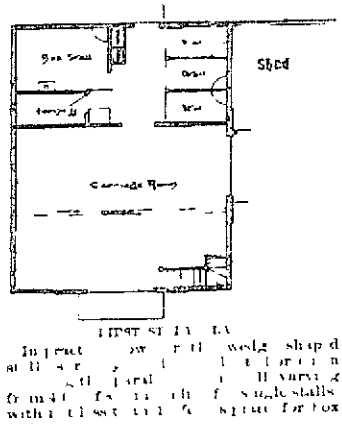
No general rule can be given for the construction of a barn which can be universally adopted. As in a building much depends upon the location, climate, special requirements to be met and the individual tastes of the owner. The horse requires greater care than any other domestic quadruped. The stable in which he is lodged should be warm and arranged so as to receive the sunlight during some portion of the day. The stable should be well lighted with convenient windows hinged on the inside and provided with storm sash for cold weather north of Mason and Dixon's line, and with mosquito netting or screens for summer adjusted on the outside of the windows and secured in place by means of hooks and screw eyes.



BARN AND OPEN SHED.

A liberal supply of pure fresh air is necessary to the comfort and health of the animal, and the allowance should be not less than two cubic feet of air space to every pound of live weight. The ventilation should be arranged so as to secure a change of air without creating a perceptible draught and so as to maintain a temperature of 50 degs. in winter and from 60 to 65 degs. in summer.

The floor on which the horse stands should be nearly level, otherwise when raised toward the horse's head it has been found to put the back sinews on the stretch, and thus to fatigue the animal when it ought to have rest. With regard to the proper dimensions of the stalls for horses there is a difference of opinion, some horsemen claiming that the width of a stall should not exceed four feet, others say that it should be fully five feet in width. From careful measurements the writer has found that a horse of average size may be considered as forming a wedge 8 feet long, [illegible] feet high, 2 feet broad at one end and 1½ feet broad at the other. In extreme cases it may be considered that the largest horse will form a wedge [illegible] feet broad at one end and 2 [illegible] at the other. The horse is capable of lying down and rising up in a space [illegible] which would give a stall [illegible] feet broad at one end and 3 [illegible] feet broad at the other as an average. The extreme case would be in excess of this—4½ feet broad at one end and 4 feet at the other.



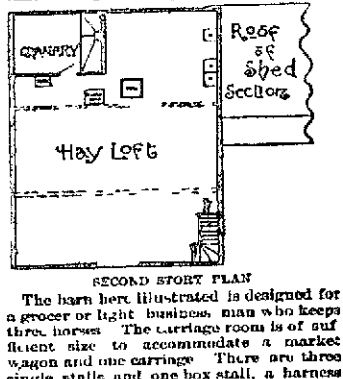
FIRST STORY PLAN.

In practice [illegible] wedge shaped stalls [illegible] varying from 4 [illegible] feet [illegible] single stalls, with at least [illegible] feet [illegible] space for box stalls.

The [illegible] of the [illegible] is from the stall [illegible] gutter [illegible] with an iron grating [illegible] If a concrete floor is used [illegible] the space where the horse [illegible] will have a wooden [illegible] upon which the horse may stand. [illegible] will thus pass between the slats to the gutter and the bed [illegible] for [illegible] horse will be kept dry and clean.

The rack from which hay is fed to the horse should be of wrought iron, the feed box of cast iron with the top smaller than the base so as to prevent the horse from wasting his feed.

In tying a horse the halter strap should be weighted and run in a tube behind the manger to prevent his feet becoming entangled in it. The practice of having a chute over the hayrack through which hay from the story loft may be thrown is a common one [illegible] employed, but should be condemned, as it is liable to fill the horse's eyes, ears and nostrils with fine dust which is likely to give the animal a cough. The most sensible way, according to some authorities, is to throw the hay upon the floor at the head of the stall and omit the hayrack altogether.



SECOND STORY PLAN.

The barn here illustrated is designed for a grocer or light business man who keeps three horses. The carriage room is of sufficient size to accommodate a market wagon and one carriage. There are three single stalls and one box stall, a harness room, grain box and watering trough. Outside the main building is an open shed for the accommodation of extra teams and storage of wagons when not in use. In the second story is the hay loft, granary, scuttle hole and chute for throwing down hay.

The foundation walls are of brick or stone, the building above the foundation walls is of timber, framed with the outside walls and gables clapboarded and roofs shingled. The floors of the carriage room and hay loft are of plank. The doors are of white pine, hung with heavy strap iron hinges, and are provided with padlocks. The exterior of the building is painted in two coats. The building can be erected for about $1,000.

D. W. KING.

Whiskeys,

50c to $3 00 per (full) quart bottles, sent securely packed by express. N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa.

Every Home Should Have It.

It is not always convenient to call a physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a physician always at hand, it kills rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, bruises and all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

There are a few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them, Pan Tina Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 cents. Trial bottle free at Frank Foster's drug store.

—Cortland county creamery butter can be found at J. H. Stull's meat market, East Smethport, Pa.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

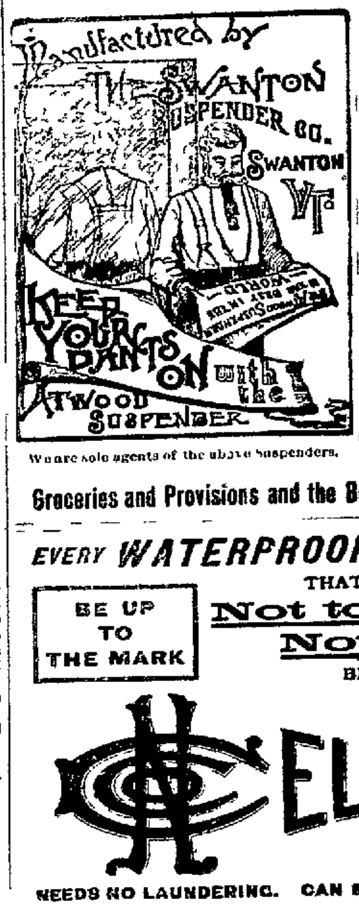
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

NEVER A FAILURE.

The Red River Valley of
Minnesota and
North Dakota
has
never
had a failure
of crops.
It produced 30,000,000
bushels of wheat
besides other cereals in 1890.
Farms can be had
on the
crop plan, or long time
cash payments.
It is not an uncommon thing
to pay for a farm
from the proceeds of
one crop.
It has all the advantages
of an old country in
the shape of school, church,
market, postal and railway facilities,
and all the chances of
a new country in
the way of
cheap lands, rich soil, and
increase in values.
It is one of the most
Fertile and promising
regions in America
not yet fully occupied.
In the rush to the far
west, however
the rich valley has
been over-looked.
It has room for a
million more people.
Write to
F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.,
for particulars.
Publications sent free.

BROWNELL BROS,

SMETHPORT, PA.,



Manufactured by
THE SWANTON SUSPENDER CO.
SWANTON VT.
KEEP YOUR PANTS ON with the ATWOOD SUSPENDER.

We are sole agents of the above suspenders.

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

OUR PROCUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Goods, including fruits, vegetables, meats, soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children's wear. Also Men's, Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF,

THAT CAN BE RELIED ON

Not to Split!

Not to Discolor!

BEARS THIS MARK.

BE UP TO THE MARK

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.

THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

CARPETS!

The largest and best assortment of carpets ever seen in this section of country is now offered for sale at the Furniture and Carpet Store in Smethport. A. Reilly, the manager, has just returned from Philadelphia, the great carpet manufacturing centre of the United States, where he has made this selection. Mr. Reilly's experience in the wool and carpet business for over twenty years gives him an experience that few, if any, in the county possess. The goods were bought direct from the manufacturers and the cash discount saved which enables us, with store rent free, insurance less than one per cent., not only to compete with surrounding cities but to sell our goods from five to ten per cent. less than the same goods are sold in some carpet houses in the cities.

Our stock of carpets includes Moquets, Velvet, Body and Tapestry Brussels, Three Ply Ingrain, All Wool, Two-Ply Ingrain, all wool, Two Two Ply Ingrain, Cotton Chain, also a fine quality Rag Carpet, Oil Cloths and Rugs of all sizes and prices. It will pay people wanting carpets to come many miles to see and examine our stock before purchasing.

SMETHPORT FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

A. REILLY, Manager.

8 tf

A. T. PALMER,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

DEALER IN HORSES, Wagons, Carriages, Carts, Harness, Etc.

WATER STREET BARN.

—ALSO—

FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,

BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE. SMETHPORT, PA.

Ely's Cream Balm For CATARRH

THE POSITIVE CURE.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

-:- FURNITURE. -:-

Talk is cheap, but Sound Business Principles always pays in the long run. To the people of Smethport and the country surrounding, we have a few words to say.

First—we keep the finest and best quality as well as the cheapest goods in the furniture line, to be found in any establishment.

Second—We sell our goods at a living profit, and don't pretend to sell at less than what they cost.

Third—If we have not the goods wanted we will procure them at prices to suit purchasers.

We claim that no purchaser wants shoddy furniture palmed off onto them for first-class goods, and an experience of 27 years in the business convinces us that success always attends

-:- SQUARE DEALING. -:-

We sell a handsomer and better made bedroom set of Antique Oak furniture for $25 than was brought into this country from Buffalo during the past year for which $30 was paid.

We sell beautiful parlor sets and lounges at ten per cent. less than it will cost you to ship them in from Buffalo or Rochester.

Don't purchase until you look over our goods and prices.

SPECHT & SASSE.

TIME TABLE

in effect Jan. 1, 1891

Trains leave Smethport for East also Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS........9:18 A. M.
BUFFALO MAIL ....3:[illegible] P. M.

Train leaving Smethport at 3:[illegible] p. m. connects at Eldred with K. & K. for Bradford, at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south,

CLERMONT MAIL........7 12 A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMOD'N ....12:[illegible] P. M.
LOCAL ....7:50 P. M.

Clermont Mail connects through to Johnsonburg.

Get Time Tables giving full information from
A. E. WORNER, Ticket Agent,
E. BELL, General Sup't,
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r & Tk. Agt.
Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between the Bradford and Elk county, Clarion and Bakerstown oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT DEC. 1, 1890

WESTWARD. EASTWARD.

p m	a. m.	a. m	STATIONS	a.m.	p m	p
5 20	11 56	9 25	ar. Bradford lv.	7 00	1 40	4 5[illegible]
4 45	11 20	8 30	Kinzua Jn.	8 3[illegible]	2 05	5 22
4 36	11 13	8 19	New City	8 46	2 2[illegible]	5 41
4 06	10 26	7 46	Rixford	9 05	2 47	6 02
4 04	10 34	7 46	Duke Centre	9 12	2 56	6 07
3 45	10 15	7 26	Eldred	9 45	3 2[illegible]	6 27
			B. E. & C. R. R.			
3 20	9 08		Ceres	10 02	4 2[illegible]	
2 12	9 12		Little Genesee	11 06	5 06	
2 04	9 00		Lv. Bolivar Ar	11 15	6 10	
2 26	8 30		Allentown	11 48	6 30	
2 00	8 00		lv. Wellsville ar	12 20	6 15	
p.m	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	
p m	p m	a. m		a. m	a.m.	p.m
7 15	1 45	9 00	ar. Bradford lv	7 00	10 00	4 30
6 40	1 10	8 30	Kinzua Junct'n	8 30	10 40	5 02
6 25	1 00	8 12	Aiken	8 37	10 47	5 09
6 26	12 45	8 16	Davis	8 44	10 54	5 16
6 10	12 [illegible]	8 08	Simpson	8 [illegible]	11 02	5 24
6 06	12 26	7 56	Ormsby	9 04	11 14	6 06
5 55	11 58	7 30	Smethport	9 27	11 40	6 34
6 00	12 10	7 30	Mt. Jewett	9 30	11 40	6 51
4 25	11 40	6 45	Kane	10 10	11 10	7 2[illegible]

JNO. C. McKENNA,
Superintendent.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Dec. 1, 1890.

AR. EASTW'D.			STATIONS.	L'V WESTW'D		
A M	P M	P M		A. M.	P. M.	P M
11.05	8 16	1 22	Coudersport	8.20	1.46	5 25
11.02	8 16	1 10	Pine Creek Jc	8.22	1 47	5 22
11.05	8.13	1.06	Hammond	8 34	1.49	5.34
10 45	8 09	1 02	Fish Basket	8 28	1 54	5.38
10.51	8.06	12.59	Olmsted	8.31	1.40	5. 2
10.44	8.02	12.54	Mina	8.38	2.04	5.47
10.30	7 53	12.47	Knowlton	8.41	2.12	5 45
10 30	7.50	12.41	Roulette	8.47	2.18	5.51
10 26	7 47	12.37	Pomeroy Bridge	8.51	2.22	5.55
10 15	7 40	12.29	Burtville	8.58	2.31	6 03
10 06	7 38	12.22	Coleman	9.05	2.36	6.12
10.00	7 29	12 17	Port Allegany	9.10	2 46	6.20

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Dec 14, 1890.
TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION

EASTWARD.

9 26 a. m.—Train 8, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.45 p. m., New York 9.35 p. m., Baltimore 6.40 p. m., Washington 8 15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

9 25 p. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4 25 a. m., New York 7 10 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:00 a. m.

9 10 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a. m., New York 9:30 a. m., Baltimore 6:20 a. m., Washington 7 30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

6 15 a. m.—Train 17, daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway 3:00 p. m. for Erie.

10:20 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

7 15 p. m.—Train 11, daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 17 leaves Renovo 6 35 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Jc. 8 15 a. m.

Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8.40 a. m., Washington 8.10 a. m., Baltimore 9:00 a. m., daily except Sunday arriving at Emporium Junction 7 15 p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane.

Train 3, leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:25 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:00 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10:20 a. m. with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD
Daily except Sunday.

NORTH	STATIONS	SOUTH.
A. M. Lv		Ar. A. M.
9 40	Ridgway	11 45
9 55	Johnsonburg	11 40
10 10	Glen Hazel	11 26
10 19	Straight	11 14
10 24	Instanter	11 14
10 3[illegible]	Smith's Run	11 0[illegible]
10 [illegible]	Woodvale	11 00
10 45	Clermont	10 45

Connections are made with train 17, leaving Johnsonburg at 3 15 p. m. for Erie and intermediate points arriving at Erie at 8.05 p. m.; also at Ridgway with train 6 leaving Ridgway at 1 10 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

GEO. P. MORGAN

$7.50 $7.50

A Full Size, 40-pound

HAIR MATTRASS

FOR $7.50

On receipt of above amount I will forward one of my celebrated Mattresses, which are guaranteed [illegible] as represented or money refunded.

I will also furnish Country Cottages of 10 rooms

FOR 175.00

Morgan's Furniture Warerooms
1520, 1524, 1526 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK CITY.

N. B.—Would be pleased to have you call when in the city.

FOR MEN ONLY!

[illegible] BUFFALO, N. Y.

McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXVIII — SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1891. — NUMBER 7.

NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean County, outside of Bradford.

McKean County Miner

E. ROGERS & SON, Proprietors.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via B., N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at 12:31 p. m. and 6:37 p. m., and leaves at 9 a. m., and 2:30 p. m.

Mail via R. R. & C. R. R. arrives at 10 a. m. and 6:45 p. m., and leaves at 6:30 a. m. and 3:10 p. m.

Clermont & Colegrove Mail leaves at 12:45 p. m. and arrives at 1:30 p. m.

[illegible] Mail arrives every Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 6 p. m. and departs at 1:30 p. m. of same days.

Mails close 30 minutes before leaving time.

Money Orders will not be issued or Letters Registered between 12 m. and 2:30 p. m.

Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail from 12 m. to 1 p. m.

E. M. ROGERS, P. M.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

JOHN R. APPLE, J. W. BOUTON.
Notary Public.

Apple & Bouton.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on first floor of Henry Hamlin's bank building, Main St., Smethport, Pa. All legal business promptly attended to. Examination and abstracts of land titles, Orphans' Court practice, and collections specialties.

H. A. STONE, S. A. STURGEON.

Stone & Sturgeon.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Offices: Pompelon Hall, Bradford, Pa.

Geo. A. Berry.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Rooms 6 and 6½ Berry & Melvin Block, Bradford, Pa.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. JOHN FORREST.

Hamlin & Forrest.

LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the late firm of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly Keating & Co.) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

[illegible]

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR. Office over H. Hamlin's Banking Office, Smethport, Pa.

Sheridan Gorton.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Office in Backus Block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

R. L. Keenan.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Chautauqua House, Smethport, Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

[illegible] Ford.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office: Miner Block, Church Street, Smethport, Pa.

M. McSWEENEY. M. M. BYLES.

McSweeney & Byles.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Room, Producer's Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

RUFUS MULLIN. T. F. MULLIN.

Mullin & Mullin.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 15 Main Street Bradford, Pa.

H. H. Mayo.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Gleason block, Smethport, Pa.

P. E. Cotter.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Eldred, Pa. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Physicians.

H. L. McCoy.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in E. B. McCoy's drug store, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

S. D. Freeman.

SURGEON, Obstetrician and Consulting physician and surgeon. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m., Smethport, Pa.

Dr. Harry Chadwick.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Prompt attention given to calls day or night. Office: first door east of W. T. Callar's drug store. v25n32tf.

Wm. Wilkins.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND COLLECTOR of taxes for Wetmore township, McKean county, Pa. P. O. address, Kanesholm, Pa. v27n19yl

HOTELS.

WRIGHT HOUSE,

Main Street, Smethport, Penn'a, B. F. Wright, Proprietor.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

Grand Central Hotel,

Main Street, Smethport, Pa. F. N. Taylor, Proprietor.

This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

COLEMAN HOUSE,

ELDRED, PA.,

Opposite the B., N. Y. & P. Railroad Depot

On the European Plan.

Newly painted and refurnished. First-class Restaurant in connection with the House. Terms reasonable.
Dec. 17, 1890.

THE FLEMING HOTEL,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF BANK,

KANE - - PA.

This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style. First-class accommodations for the traveling public.

JOHN FLEMING, Proprietor.

BAYER HOUSE,

CLERMONT, PA.

New House. New Furniture. Everything about the premises neat and clean. Table supplied with the best in the market. Patronage of the public solicited.

F. CHALMERS, Proprietor.

Dec 1, 1889—1y.

THOMPSON HOUSE.

MT. JEWETT, PA.

C. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

This house has recently been remodeled and refurnished throughout. First-class restaurant in connection with the house. 27-12-1y

MASONS' SUPLLIES!

Fresh Lime, Plaster, Cement,

Plastering Hair, Tile of all kinds, Fire and Clay Brick, kept constantly on hand and for sale by

A. REILLY,

SMETHPORT, PA.

arch 15, 1889—1y.

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop in to his recently finished and commodious new Mansion Front building next door to W. D. Dailey's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

EXPORT -:- BEER!

Prescott's special ale bottled goods, are Bartholomay's Lager and Export Beer, and Fine Bells and Pale Ale and Porter.

Our shipping facilities are A 1—quick, low rates, [illegible] the quality of the goods are unexcelled.

Family and Shipping Trade a Specialty.

S. S. WOODBURY,

17 Mechanic street, BRADFORD, PA.

Orders by mail, telephone or telegraph promptly attended to.

P. S.—Try our export and be convinced that it is the finest in the market.

American Steamship Line,

JNO. W. BAKER, Agent.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Tickets to and from all points in Europe at reasonable rates.

The "American Line" is the only Trans-Atlantic line sailing under the American flag. Accommodations first-class. Sailings on Wednesday of each week.

For particulars call on or address
JNO. W. BAKER, Agt.,
Smethport, Pa.

— AT —

Latham's Gallery,

SMETHPORT, PA.

The price of Cabinet Size Photographs has been reduced for a few days.

ALL -:- WORK -:- GUARANTEED.

C. A. BURDICK,

General Insurance Agency,

SMETHPORT, PA.

The following first-class companies represented.

North America, Philadelphia	$[illegible]
Franklin, Philadelphia	[illegible]
Pennsylvania Fire, Philadelphia	[illegible]
County, Philadelphia	[illegible]
Hanover, New York	[illegible]
Sun, Fire, London, U. S. Branch	[illegible]
Royal, London	[illegible]
Commercial Union, London	[illegible]

LIFE INSURANCE.

Mutual Life, New York	$[illegible]
Travelers' Accident, Hartford	[illegible]

Also agency for the sale of first-class

Pianos, Organs

BANJOS

— AND —

SEWING MACHINE

All sold for cash or on installments.

Orders by mail promptly attended to and correspondence solicited.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS

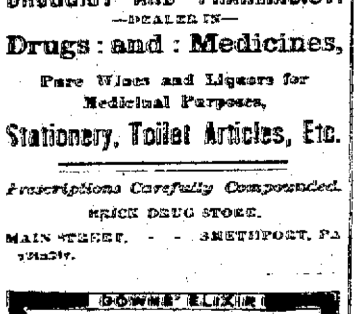
FIRST-CLASS QUARRY STONE

For cellars at $1 per perch of 24¾ feet, mason's measurement, delivered. Also fine stone for Water Tables, Window Sills, and general trimmings for Brick Buildings.

S. A. BACKUS

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 22, 1890.

HOW'S YOUR FENCE?



We have the CHEAPEST and Best WOVEN WIRE FENCING Wire Rope Selvage.

50 INCHES HIGH AT 60 CENTS PER ROD. Lawn, Garden, Poultry and Stock Fencing, all sizes and widths. Gates to match. Prices low. [illegible] Freight Paid. Send for circular. THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO., CHICAGO, ILL. [illegible]

P D HOPKISN

Successor to C. L. Douglass,

Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,

SMETHPORT PA.

—Dealer in—

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for cash.

W. T. CALLAR,

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

—DEALER IN—

Drugs : and : Medicines,

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes,

Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

BRICK DRUG STORE.

MAIN STREET, - - - SMETHPORT, PA.

v24n31y.

DOWNS' ELIXIR

N. H. DOWNS'

VEGETABLE BALSAMIC

ELIXIR

Has stood the test for fifty-nine years and has proved itself the best remedy known for the cure of

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, and all Lung Diseases

In young or old.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Price, 25c., 50c., $1.00 per bottle.

HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

DOWNS' ELIXIR

FOR SALE BY

H. L. McCOY and A. R. ARMSTRONG,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Bang little fortunes have been made at work for us, by Anna Page, Austin, Texas, and Jno. Bonn, Toledo, Ohio. See cut. Others are doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over $500.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 a day. All ages. We show you how and start you. Can work in spare time or all the time. Big money for workers. Failure unknown among them. NEW and wonderful. Particulars free. H. Hallett & Co., Box 880 Portland, Maine

Stop that CHRONIC COUGH NOW!

For if you do not it may become consumptive. For Consumption, Scrofula, General Debility and Wasting Diseases, there is nothing like

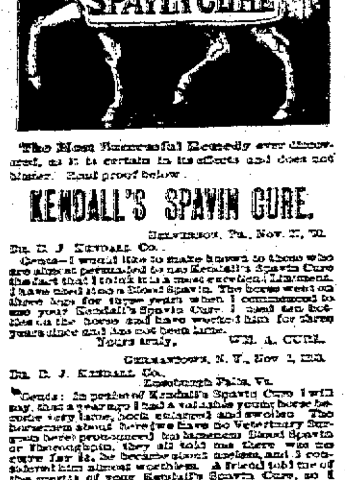
SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES Of Lime and Soda.

It is almost as palatable as milk. Far better than other so-called Emulsions. A wonderful flesh producer.

Scott's Emulsion

There are poor imitations. Get the genuine.



The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

[illegible], Pa., Nov. 27, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.

Gents—I would like to make known to those who are almost persuaded to use Kendall's Spavin Cure the fact that I think it is a most excellent Liniment. I have used it on a Blood Spavin. The horse went on three legs for three years when I commenced to use your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I used ten bottles on the horse and have worked him for three years since and has not been lame.

Yours truly, WM. A. CURL.

GERMANTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1889.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Gents: In praise of Kendall's Spavin Cure I will say, that a year ago I had a valuable young horse become very lame, hock enlarged and swollen. The horsemen about here (we have no Veterinary Surgeon here) pronounced his lameness Blood Spavin or Thoroughpin, they all told me there was no cure for it, he became about useless, and I considered him almost worthless. A friend told me of the merits of your Kendall's Spavin Cure, so I bought a bottle, and I could see very plainly great improvements immediately from its use, and before the bottle was used up I was satisfied that it was doing him a great deal of good. I bought a second bottle and before it was used up my horse was cured and has been in the team doing heavy work all the season since last April, showing no more signs of it. I consider your Kendall's Spavin Cure a valuable medicine, and it should be in every stable in the land.

Respectfully yours, EUGENE DEWITT.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

EMIL THAMM,

Manufacturer of

CIGARS

And dealer in

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO

PIPES, ETC.

49 MAIN STREET,

SMETHPORT PA.

Next door to Callar's Drug Store. June 12-'90

FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITHING!

The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Kreager, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw-mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

SLEIGHS

for Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Brake Attached.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.

CHAS. W. LIGGENDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 8th, '90.

-:- THE BEST -:-

Meat and Vegetable Market

— IN —

SMETHPORT.

We are prepared to furnish the people of town and adjacent country with

FRESH MEAT,

HAM, SAUSAGES,

Salt Meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., &c.

— ALSO —

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON

A FIRST-CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

G. W. WILLIAMS & SONS

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

HOWARD F. WILSON, DINING HALL,

FRESH BALTIMORE

OYSTERS

Served in every style.

FRESH -:- FISH

for family use received every Thursday evening. Leave your orders and they will be delivered at your homes free of charge.

MEALS AND LUNCH

Served at all hours. Call and get

A GOOD DINNER FOR 25 CENTS.

Fine brands of Tobacco and Cigars, and soft drinks of every description constantly on hand!

Smethport, May 2, 1890—tf

FURNITURE

Established, 1836.

BUY OF THE MAKER

We box, ship and pay freight on all out of town orders.

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

We will quote you prices on goods at this season of the year that you cannot obtain at any other time. Will guarantee prompt delivery and entire satisfaction.

Our enormous buildings are groaning under the weight of every description of Furniture. Now we intend moving the goods livelier than ever [and]

CHAMBER SETS,

In Walnut, Mahogany, Birch, Antique Oak and Plain Oak, Antique Ash and Cherry. [illegible] THE BIGGEST CUT IN PRICES we have ever made. [illegible] the largest and best assortment in the United States. [illegible] our

Mammoth Warerooms.

Every horse car conductor can direct you where it is, and [illegible] If you can't come, write [illegible] prices and pieces.

Parlor Suits!

All sorts of styles and prices. MORE PARLOR SUITS in our rooms than are shown by any three houses put together in the city.

Now won't you be better satisfied to select a PARLOR SUIT today from a stock of hundreds than from one dozen? Then again, we will make you almost as low a price on a handsome UPHOLSTERED PLUSH PARLOR SUIT as you can buy a common one for. Then again we combine all the artistic skill and taste of designers and workmen that can be found. Come straight to 247 to 255 Ellicott street. We have made the prices so low that the goods must go, and that quickly. If you can't come, write to us for catalogue.

Fine complete Parlor sets, ranging from $25 to $500.

Fine complete Chamber sets and single pieces in well nigh endless assortment including

Sideboards,	Wardrobes,
Secretaries,	Writing Desks,
Mirrors,	Dining Tables,
Fancy Chairs,	Dining Chairs,
Hat Racks,	Fancy Rockers,

from the cheapest that's reliable to the most expensive that will tempt your money from you and leave no regret.

A postal card is enough to get our illustrated catalogue prepared specially for our out of town buyers.

HERSEE & CO.,

247-255 Ellicott St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Two blocks from Main.

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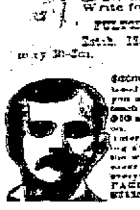

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The Supernatural Supper.

By MARVIN R. CLARK.

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Would you like to hear a true ghost story? If so, listen and I will tell you the most remarkable one of the kind that I ever had narrated to me.

My grandmother Gorse was an Englishwoman. Upon every feature of her dear old face sternness was impressed. Her eyes were gray in color, and her thin, closely compressed lips gave evidence of the firmness of character that impressed one after a short conversation with her. There was no nonsense about her dress, which was of the simplest character and entirely devoid of flounces and furbelows. There was a rigidity about her name even that showed that she was no trifler, and one could not fail to discover a fixedness about her eyes that impressed her speech upon her listener and made her speech truthful despite its improbability at first thought. No more indignant woman could be imagined if you expressed the least doubt concerning her word. She was a good Christian and scorned to lie, and as a consequence I never heard of such a preposterous thing as a person who ever doubted my grandmother's word.

This being her reputation, more dear to her than life, I never could find it in my heart to question her utterances, and in fact, even if I had been so unkind, not to mention the word ungrateful, I would have found no sympathizers. Notwithstanding her stern matter of fact way of thinking and expression, my grandmother had one weakness, if you will permit me to call it such, which was a solemn, fixed belief in and reliance upon "folk lore" and a few, only a few supernatural stories, which had been given to her upon what she declared was the very best authority.

One might as well try to stop the course of the sun as to endeavor to dissuade her from her belief that she would have a visitor during the day after having dropped a dishcloth. She knew it, and it had always come true! She knew that venturesome people who walked under ladders always had bad luck, and that when either man or woman had two knives, forks or spoons placed without premeditation at their platter at table they were sure to get married within a year, because she had seen the fact demonstrated time and again. She knew that if she dropped a fork and the tines stuck into the floor, some gentleman would call during the day, and that bad luck always followed the raising of an umbrella over one in the house. She was always cautious as to which shoulder she saw the new moon over, and it was impossible to shake her belief in the saying that if one tumbles up stairs that person cannot be married within the succeeding year. She never commenced an important undertaking or a journey on a Friday, and she had a horrible dread of the number 13.

To a reasonable extent she believed in signs and omens, but only so far as she claimed to have demonstrated their correctness. I have frequently heard her declare that the howling of a dog at night presaged death as certainly as the breaking of a looking glass, and that it made all the difference in the world what planet a child was born under. Her belief could not be shaken in the saying that the lives of dying persons nearly always ebbed out with the ebbing tide, and her faith in the existence of the "evil eye" was immovable.

When I was 9 years of age I had an ugly looking wart upon my left hand, just where that mark of India ink is now. I tried horsehair, sewing silk, caustic and several other things to worry it out, but it was still there one day when Grandmother Gorse took my hand in her own. She asked me why I did not get rid of it, and I related to her my experience with the many worthless remedies. She declared that it was the easiest thing in the world to remove the ugly excrescence and then said:

"Go to the butcher's and steal a small piece of meat without anybody seeing you, rub it on the wart and bury the meat under the ground. Do all this without letting a soul know anything about it, and before you are aware of it your wart will disappear."

I did as my grandmother directed. I lived in Hubert street then, and the butcher shop was around the corner in Greenwich street. I hope the butcher will not prosecute me for the willful theft, now that I have confessed my sin. It was only a "wee bit" of meat that I stole from his block while he was in the rear room eating his dinner, and that meat did me a power of good. I remember how acutely I suffered in mind for the theft, but I eventually laid the sin upon my grandmother, who had previously told me that "It is a sin to steal a pin," and obeyed her orders in the meat theft to the letter. Three days after that the wart was gone, and it never returned to me. After such an experience no one could have doubted my dear old grandmother. Ever after that I believed implicitly in all that my grandmother said, just as you would have done if you had been me.

There would be no occasion to remark to any one who heard her talk that my grandmother Gorse was an Englishwoman. She was born in the city of Chester and never tired of talking about its wonderful walls. Her maiden name was Buckley, and after marrying my grandfather they removed to Lancashire and settled down in a small place called Bolton, on the "moors," where my mother was born. It was while they resided there that the following facts occurred, but my grandmother never told the story until after urgent persuasion, and then, having smoothed down her dress very carefully, she would look her listener straight in the eye with a fixedness that riveted him to the spot and absorbed his exclusive attention. The old lady always told the story in the same words and with the same emphasis upon the same words. All this was evidence of her truthfulness. She began in a solemn voice and strong emphasis the following narration:

"My husband, John Gorse, was a farmer and a carpenter, and we lived in a cottage in Bolton, on the moors. While living there he had charge of an old country seat of a titled family, but the mansion had not been occupied for many years and, although it was for rent at a low price, no one came near it with any idea of renting the property in all the years we had charge of it. I was glad it was half a mile down the road, for there were strange stories told of it and of a murder that was committed there one night when there was a grand feast going on in the great dining hall. That this was true I never doubted, because I was told that the family moved away within a week of the occurrence and never returned to the beautiful mansion and grounds, which must have been owing to some wonderful occurrence.

"At any rate, I myself and my husband also have heard strange noises in the night proceeding from the mansion, and particularly on the night of the 13th day of March, which was the month and day when the murder occurred! I have seen bright lights in the windows at the midnight hour many a time, and so have many others who have been in the neighborhood and can testify to much that I say.

"We knew that the house was haunted, and we never went near it at night. My husband John was a brave man, and had been an English soldier in Wellington's army when we whipped 'Boney' at the battle of Waterloo, but even John would never go near the old mansion during the night. As for myself, I never even looked in that direction after dark, unless my attention was attracted there by some unusual occurrence, for fear of seeing something that would keep me awake at night.

"It was at twilight in the evening of the 13th day of March, in the year 1820, five years after the battle of Waterloo, while I was preparing supper in the cottage, that a traveler on horseback rode slowly and wearily over the moor and stopped at our door.

"'I am weary with a long journey and my horse is fagged out,' he said. 'Can you accommodate me with room in your stable for my horse and food and shelter for myself for the night, good sir?' he asked of John, who was standing at the gate.

"This was not an unusual request, as we were seven miles away from the nearest inn, but it had always been our habit to decline receiving strangers into our house, because, in fact, we had no room for them. Therefore John replied to the traveler's inquiry:

"'I am sorry that it will be impossible for us to accommodate you, sir. We have no room in our small cottage for strangers.'

"'I am a minister of the gospel,' replied the traveler, who looked like one, 'and both my horse and myself are very much worn out with our long journey. We cannot go a mile farther without dropping from exhaustion.'

"I felt so sorry for the poor preacher and his poor horse, who hung down his head and trembled in every limb, that I whispered to my husband that I was willing to give up our bed in order to accommodate the minister. But John thought too much of his night's rest, and said:

"'We have no room for you, parson, but you will find an inn seven miles on where there are accommodations for man and beast.'

"'There is a fine mansion down the road a little bit. I noticed it as I passed,' remarked the clergyman. 'Perhaps I can get shelter there?'

"Perhaps I can get shelter there."

"'Oh no, not there!' exclaimed John, with a shudder, while I remembered at the moment that it was the anniversary of the murder. 'The house is unoccupied, although all the rooms are just as they were left by the last occupants many years ago. I am in charge of the estate and have the keys of the mansion, but'—

"'You were about to say that it is haunted,' remarked the preacher, with a smile, noticing John's hesitation.

"'Well, haunted or not haunted,' replied my husband, 'I would not stop there an hour after dark for the whole estate.'

"'I am a man of God,' said the preacher, 'and I do not believe in the supernatural. Give me the key and permit me to rest there to-night, and I will prove to you how groundless are your fears.'

"John tried hard to dissuade the minister from going there, but he only laughed at the earnestness of my husband, and said that it was impossible for him to get on to the inn, and after much persuasion John, being somewhat ashamed of his fears, stabled the horse and asked the parson in to sup with us.

"The clergyman prayed with us, read a chapter from the Bible and then John handed him the key with perceptible reluctance, and the minister put on his hat and walked, in the darkness, down the road. We watched him until he disappeared within the mansion, and even after the great front doors had swallowed him up we lingered at the gate of the cottage. As we turned, with heavy hearts, toward the house John said:

"'No good will come of this, missus, mark my words! I'm sorry now that I let the good man go, for he never will come out of the house alive!'

"John always spoke the truth, and he looked as if he would have gone after the clergyman if he had dared.

"We might as well have given up our bed to the minister for all the sleep we got that night. We went to bed with heavy hearts and were both frightened at what we felt sure would be the consequences, and somewhat conscience stricken for refusing to give up our own bed to the parson.

"I cannot say that we slept, for we only dozed, and just as the clock struck midnight through the open window we heard the sound of loud laughter from the direction of the mansion. We sprang to the window simultaneously and threw open the blinds and looked toward the haunted house.

"We saw the parlors of the mansion flooded with light. The great windows were thrown wide open, and we saw many figures passing around the rooms. How they were dressed we could not tell, as the distance was too great, but we could distinguish sufficient at that distance to know that the ghostly visitors were all men and of aristocratic bearing. They were laughing in a most unearthly manner, and apparently drinking and carousing, for we heard the popping of the corks and could imagine the gurgle of the champagne wine, and the thought of it chilled us to the bone as we had pictured before us the murdered man, and thought of the gurgling blood that streamed from his mortal wound!

"John looked at me and said:

"'I told you so, Elizabeth; the poor parson will be murdered, and it is all my fault!'

"I never fainted, never in all my life, but I came near it that night. Oh, it was fearful! I shuddered to see that house all lit up and to hear that horrible laughter and know that it was all our fault that the clergyman was confined there with those awful, unearthly shades of the other world, who would undoubtedly murder him! I thought of the poor man lying in that house weltering in his gore, murdered, and all alone! But we could not hear any cries for help above the din the ghosts were making, and we could only hope that the parson had escaped from the house or that he was lying concealed within.

"We remained by the window, and after five and thirty minutes, I should judge, the lights went out and the windows slammed shut. Then all was still, but we did not move from the window. In half an hour we saw the lights again and the ghosts, just as before. They were laughing and talking as before, but it only lasted for a short time and then all was still again. Shortly after that the house was lit up again, and the noises came to us again on the still night air, but in a few minutes silence reigned and darkness shrouded the old mansion like the pall of death. John said to me in a whisper:

"'Elizabeth, I am sure it is all over with the poor parson!'

"I went back to bed and hid my head under the bedclothes, while John paced the floor until the dawn, when he went out to feed the horses in the barn.

"I rose from the bed, all frightened at being left alone in the cottage, and locked the door. I then sat down by the window, moaning for the poor, dead clergyman. How long I sat there I cannot tell. My hands covered my eyes, and I was crying when I heard the gate open, and ran to unlock the door for John to enter, when what was my astonishment to see what I thought was the ghost of the minister walking up the path from the gate toward the house.

"'Go away!' I screamed at him, slamming the door, which I securely locked and bolted. I did not open it until I heard the voice and the familiar knock of John.

"You may imagine how glad I was when I saw that the clergyman was alive and uninjured. I went about getting the breakfast with a lighter heart and listened to his story with eagerness. Said he:

"'I now know that your fears are not, as I supposed, groundless. Last night I witnessed what few men have ever seen. Although by the will of my Master I have suffered much in mind by my experience of last night, yet I would not hesitate to go through the same experience again, provided, of course, that it would be of service to my fellow man.'

"The parson was pale, and he spoke with great deliberation. With great minuteness he related his experience of the previous evening. It was apparent that he was very much affected. He went on to say:

"'What I am about to tell you is true as I am a minister of the gospel. I have no ulterior object in deceiving you, were I so disposed. You know, from our conversation last evening, that I started out for the old mansion with a smile upon my face and a feeling of sorrow in my heart for your weakness in believing that such a thing as a ghost could exist. I return to you this morning with the full knowledge, gained from my personal observation, that the spirits of the unknown world do, without doubt, visit our earth! I have proven this fact, and will tell you a remarkable experience.

"'You were kind enough to furnish me with a tallow candle, and when I had entered the house I lit it and went upstairs, as you advised me, to the small bedroom at the head of the first flight of stairs. There I found a candlestick and the bed in good order. There was a death like dampness appreciable in the room that chilled me to the bone. This I knew was because of the mansion having been closed for such a great length of time. I raised the window of the chamber with great difficulty, and let the cool night air into the room, which I found to be most refreshing. I discovered a candelabrum on the mantel, and, after lighting one of the wax candles in it, I made an inspection of the lower portion of the house. Everything was in more or less confusion, but, as you remarked, the house was as the last occupants had hurriedly left it.

"'Everything that the old mansion contained was in a state of decay. The solid rosewood furniture in the parlors was intact, but the silken coverings and hangings were faded and falling away from their places. All was reeking with dampness and rotting with age.

"'What most particularly impressed me was the great dining hall, where in the dim light shed by my candle I saw a long oak table spread with costly china, elaborately filagreed silver and exquisite French glassware. Three elegant candelabrums were upon the table, and there were the remnants of a grand feast. I counted just thirteen chairs at and near the table, several of which were overturned and laid nearer to the middle of the room.

"'In one corner was a harp whose strings were broken and flaring wide away from it. A violin and a brass instrument lay beside the harp upon the floor, and a flute was a little way distant from these. The room was paneled in oak and the decorations had evidently been elegant, as the gorgeous fittings of the magnificent parlors would have suggested. In the darkness they looked dingy, and that darkness was intensified by the insufficient tallow light, and the shadows chased themselves about the room in a most ghostly and fantastic manner.

"'As I turned to retrace my steps to the chamber my foot struck against something and, holding the light close down to the floor, I saw a golden scabbard and a sword all stained, evidently with blood. At a short distance lay another sword, broken and bloodless, and close beside the shattered Damascus blade was a great stain on the oak floor!'

"Close beside the shattered Damascus blade was a great stain."

The clergyman paused, as if in prayer, while I looked with a terrified feeling at John and held my hand over my heart.

"What those implements of death told me," continued the parson slowly, "was the apparent truth. What the bloody sword and the blood stain beside the shattered steel revealed to me no words could nearly as eloquently tell. I pictured the whole scene as it must have occurred many years ago. There was a grand feast, with thirteen men of note surrounding the festive board. There was rejoicing over some unusual event. There was feasting and drinking and toasting and wassail. There was life and its enjoyments, sparkles of wit and flashes of humor, words of wisdom, perhaps, and merry songs, such as men in their cups will sing.

"At the very height of their enjoyment I heard a sneer, angry words, an insult, a retaliation, a blow, men struggling to their feet, the flashes from two bright swords, the clash of blades, a mortal combat, the hard glinting of cold steel, the hot breath and labored breathing of the combatants, the piercing eyes and angry faces, the terrible oaths from their lips, the thrust, the parry, the foil, the guard, the shivering of the keen Damascus blade close up to the hilt, the hellish thrust to the heart, the keen steel entering the breast and then withdrawn, followed by the spurting life blood of the victim. I heard the crash of a falling body, the groan of anguish and the gurgle of the flowing blood, while I saw the prostrate form of a man who but an instant before was full of God given life and vigor now weltering in the blood that spurted from the terrible wound in his breast, right there where that dark spot marks the place of his fall, from whence his spirit ascended to the God who gave it!

"In the dim light I saw the death shadow pass over his face. I saw an ashen pallor on the countenance of the man who in his rage had done what at that moment he would have given worlds to undo. I saw the blanched faces of the others, who stood, stupefied at the awful deed. The silence was horrible, and every one of those revelers stood like a marble statue, spellbound and rooted to the spot! Finally there was a movement among them, and one who seemed to be the controlling spirit among them, and wore the uniform of a colonel of the British army, made a movement toward the prostrate body, followed by the others. They raised the corpse, from which there still flowed the life blood in trickling rills. There was a sound of hurrying feet, the closing of a door, and then I was enveloped in an oppressive darkness and alone, for my light had flickered out with the life of the man, as the scene was vividly pictured before me.

"Carefully avoiding the blood-stained spot on the floor, in actual fear of slipping in the gore, I felt my way along the hall, through the grand parlors and up the stairway to my chamber, where the wax candle was still burning. I closed the door and fell on my knees and wrestled with God for the soul of the poor man who had died unshriven in that mortal combat downstairs. I prayed long and fervently, and then rose, lit another candle, in order not to be left in the dark, and throwing myself upon the bed without removing my clothing was soon sound asleep.

"I think that I could not have slept long when I was awakened by sounds of laughter and merriment, proceeding, evidently, from below stairs. I opened my eyes in wonder and still heard the sound. I rubbed my eyes to remove the hallucination, as I thought it, but the sounds continued. I was positive that I was dreaming until I heard a voice calling: 'Peter Halliday! Peter Halliday! Come down here!'

"Thoroughly aroused by this time, I sprang from my couch and opened the door to prove my delusion, when what was my astonishment to discover, not the black darkness I expected, but a brilliant light; and at the foot of the handsome and massive staircase a crowd of forms of men, some wearing the scarlet uniforms of British officers and others in dark civilian evening dress.

"With a shudder I quickly closed the door to shut out the vision and collect my thoughts. I had no fear in my heart, for I am God's servant, ordained to do his holy work and ready to go to him when my work is done, but my hand was unsteady as I grasped the handle of the door and pressed against it, as if to shut out from sight and memory the unearthly scene that I had witnessed at the foot of those stairs. I endeavored to persuade myself that all I had seen was an illusion, and all that I had heard a delusion of the brain, perhaps a waking dream, consequent upon the imagination of the scene of years gone by, that horrible scene that I had pictured of the occurrences of years ago.

"These thoughts flashed through my brain in an instant, and I turned from my door to the couch, and again I heard a chorus of voices, and this time in decisive tones.

"'Peter Halliday! Peter Halliday! Peter Halliday! Come down here at once, or we will come up there and carry you down!'

"I opened my chamber door and deliberately stepped out upon the landing. With studied precision I measured every step, and without touching either banister or wall I went down the staircase, as leisurely as I ever went to breakfast, down the broad staircase and into the midst of what I knew to be unearthly visitors. They jeered and laughed at me, while one, more venturesome than the others, passed a ribald jest upon my cloth, but he desisted when I frowned upon him and said:

"'Gentlemen, I am an English gentleman, born and bred; but better than all, I hold a title from on high, that of minister of the Gospel and'—

"'None of your religion now, Peter Halliday,' interrupted one of the assemblage.

"'I was about to add,' said I, coolly, 'that under both titles I expect a fair field, no favor and the treatment due from gentlemen to a gentleman!'

"'Well said, preacher,' exclaimed the one in the uniform of a colonel of the British army; 'come with me, and by my sword and the flag of England I will protect you from insult and harm.'

"He seized my arm as I declared that a minister of the gospel needed no protection from earthly subjects, but immediately, in confusion, I thought of my error, for these were unearthly shades and not human beings.

"The whole floor was a blaze of light from innumerable candles placed in golden chandeliers. A marble clock upon the mantel told me that it was near the ghostly hour of midnight, and I wondered if I should be relieved of the company of my disagreeable visitors when the midnight hour tolled from the timepiece. After my unwelcome companion had walked me in silence several times up and down the immense parlors the company, at some signal unseen by me, approached the dining hall and arranged themselves around the table, standing behind their chairs as if waiting the approach of some late guest who would take the thirteenth seat.

"An awkward pause ensued, while I stood in wonder in the doorway gazing at the sumptuous feast that loaded down the oaken table, groaning beneath its weight of massive silver, Bohemian ware, old wines and rich viands, looking succulent and enticing.

"'He will not come to-night,' I [illegible] the colonel say. There was a [illegible] pause, after which the speaker said:

"'So we must find a substitute to [illegible] his place.'

"'Let us have the parson!' cried [illegible] of the revelers.

"'Peter Halliday! Peter Halliday! Peter Halliday! our thirteenth [illegible]' chorused the twelve voices.

"I was seized and dragged to the [illegible] of the delinquent guest. Like lightning there passed through my brain these thoughts: This was the seat of the murdered man; I am to take his place and enact his role; I am the thirteenth guest; I am never to go out of here alive after viewing this scene and fixing in my memory these faces. Dead men tell no tales, and I am to be killed to secure silence!

"Knowing that these were the shades of English gentlemen, I felt confident that they would stand until I had asked them to be seated. Leisurely approaching my seat I placed both hands upon the back of the chair and, glancing [illegible] around, confident of my talisman and with the fear of God alone in my heart, I said:

"'Gentlemen, I am Peter Halliday, a minister of the gospel.'

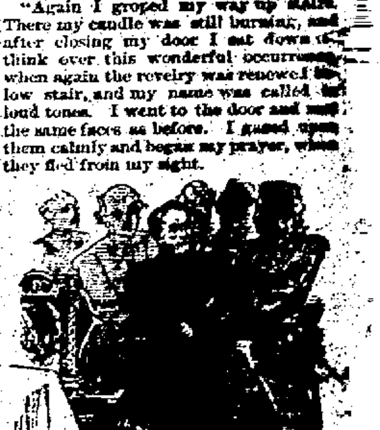
"'Leave out the gospel!' chorused the twelve.

"'But I will not leave out the gospel!' I replied firmly, 'and I must say grace before eating!'

"'Indeed, you shall not say anything of the kind!' angrily shouted the twelve, turning toward me, some with uplifted hands and clinched fists, and others, even the colonel, drawing and brandishing their swords, with horrible oaths and curses upon their lips.

"The danger to me seemed imminent, but I knew that I smiled in the midst of the uproar and as they made a rush toward me with the evident purpose of killing me, I lifted both voice and heart to heaven and prayed. In an instant all was still, and when I opened my closed eyelids all had vanished and I was alone and in darkness.

"Again I groped my way up stairs. There my candle was still burning, and after closing my door I sat down to think over this wonderful occurrence, when again the revelry was renewed below stair, and my name was called in loud tones. I went to the door and saw the same faces as before. I gazed upon them calmly and began my prayer, when they fled from my sight.



"I was seized and dragged to the seat of the delinquent guest."

"For a little space of time I was left to silence and meditation, when a third time I was summoned and a third time I uttered my prayer, and the crowd of shades disappeared I hope forever. They did not further disturb my slumbers and I rested in my chair until daylight.

"With the first glimmer of day I awoke and blew out the light, and then went down to the floor below. Everything was as I had seen it by the faint light of my tallow candle. The dining hall was deserted. The swords lay on the floor near that horrible telltale stain of blood and the death damp seemed to be clutching at everything around. I opened the front door and made my exit. I locked the doors securely, and here, Mr. Gorse, is the key. Believe me, sir, I have told you nothing but the truth, as I am a servant of God and a minister of the gospel!"

THE END.

Balloons for Naval Purposes.

Some experiments have been lately conducted by the French navy which will have an important influence on the future use of the balloon in time of war. A balloon was constructed with a capacity of 11,300 feet, especially for experimental purposes. It was inflated with hydrogen, which was carried in reservoirs under a pressure of 100 atmospheres. A tail rope 120 feet long served to connect the balloon with a ship of the fleet when the balloon was required to be kept captive for reconnoitring purposes. It was found that on a clear day all important objects within a radius of eighteen to twenty-four miles were clearly distinguished. Another very important point was that the waters of the sea, when observed from a considerable altitude, were found to be singularly clear, and the details of the bottom were in one of the ascents perfectly distinguishable, even at a depth of eighty feet.

This peculiarity allowed an observer in the balloon to follow the movements of the submarine boat Gymnote, during its recent trials, without losing sight of it for a single moment, whatever its depth of immersion. The balloon used on this occasion was very stoutly constructed, having been a short time before towed at a speed of 10½ knots an hour for a distance of 21 knots by a torpedo boat without being any the worse.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

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Mrs. S. Palmerton of Delaware county N. Y., was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Shippey of Bordell says, that she has cured herself of dyspepsia and Rheumatism by using four packages. For sale at the Drug Stores or other places of trade or by mail. G. T. DENNIS, Eldred, Pa., Prop'r, and Manufacturer.

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McKean County Miner

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E. WOODRING & SON,
Editors and Proprietors.

Smethport, Pa., Feb. 27, 1891.

"Firm and honest" are the words that General Sherman will have inscribed on his tombstone at his own request. They are the words that are already engraved on the hearts of the people.

EX-GOVERNOR CHARLES FOSTER of Ohio, has been nominated by the President for Secretary of the Treasury. The appointment is an exceedingly satisfactory one to the entire country.

THE struggle of Senators and Representatives to get their pet measures passed before adjournment suggests that they might have better success if they would spend less time in obstructing each other's measures earlier in the session.

ATTORNEY GENERAL HENSEL'S first official decision does not please certain women of Philadelphia. He decides that married women cannot get a charter for even club purposes. These good women, prone to have the last word, will next ask the Supreme Court if Mr. Hensel is right.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

THE Bradford papers talk with considerable confidence, lately of the establishment of the Tubular Car Works in or near that city. Every citizen of the county who is interested in its general welfare hopes to see that great industry planted within its limits. It would help the whole county as well as Bradford.

THE fact that after the first day of April this country will enjoy the fruits of reciprocity with Brazil, under the terms provided in the McKinley Tariff law is one that worries our Democratic friends no little. It knocks out all of their humbug theories about the reciprocity clause of that law being merely attached for effect. It was attached for business, as they now see.

ON Thursday evening of last week the Corporations Committee of the House, by a vote of 11 to 6, negatived Representative Burdick's bill to regulate the transportation and storage of oil. This would leave it off the calendar and virtually kill the bill unless placed on the calendar by a vote of the House and a resolution to that effect was introduced on Friday but up to this writing no action has been taken thereon.

THE Illinois Republicans could not do a worse thing than to join with the three F. M. B. A. men and secure the election of such a man as Streeter. It would be a cowardly surrender of principle. It would be a hundred times better to permit the election of the lunatic, Gen. Palmer. That would be bad enough but it would be infinitely worse to elect a man who represents nothing that is in accord with true Republicanism.

THERE was a howl arose from Sheffield when the duty on cutlery was increased by the McKinley tariff. A mass meeting was held there and the British government was asked to interfere to prevent the United States Congress from passing the bill. Now it is cheerful news to learn that the Orange County Knife Company, of New York, has advanced the wages of its employes 15 per cent., and the price of American knives has not been increased, while they are as good as imported knives.

THE Free Coinage bill has been reported to the House from the Coinage Committee, and a strenuous effort will be made by the Democrats to pass it. There is but little probability, however, that it will pass this session and it ought not to. There are a great many Republicans throughout the country who were in sympathy with the bill until the Senators from the silver States sold out their party. Since then they want to see the bill killed either by a Republican House or a Republican President.

A COMPUTATION recently made in the *Press* shows that the 27th Congressional district is 36,176 under the ratio required for a member of Congress. It has the largest deficiency of any district in the State and in making up a Congressional apportionment territory must be added. By the addition of Potter county it would bring the district within less than 14,000 of a full ratio. Or by adding Potter and Forest or Elk and Forest, the district would only be about 5,000 short. The probabilities are that one of these additions will be made or McKean and probably Cameron will be thrown into a district east of us.

THE New York *Press* tells of a man of southern birth, who originally believed in the doctrine that slavery was of divine origin. He was in the north during the war and had no part in the struggle. He married and was prospered in business, and one winter went to New York on a holiday trip, taking with him his wife and boy, the latter about 7 years old. One night they went to see "Uncle Tom's Cabin" played. The gentleman describes the effect: "Our son sat between us, and when the scene in the play was reached where the two children were being torn away from their mother by brutal hands every drop of blood in my veins seemed to take fire. I looked on that boy of mine and thought of brutes tearing him away from his mother. I was almost excited enough to have sprung on the stage to attack the actors. But from that minute until now I have never ceased to be thankful that slavery was abolished and is gone. All my old ideas about it were changed in that one moment."

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

From our own correspondent.

HARRISBURG, *Feby*, 23.—On Thursday evening of last week a joint session of the Judiciary General committee of the Senate and the Corporation Committee of the House was held in the Supreme Court room to hear final arguments on the Burdick Oil Pipeage and Tankage bill. Standing room was at a premium in the court room and outside in the hall were persons, who patiently awaited the coming out of those inside to get a chance to go in. There were many speculations as to the verdict that would be rendered, and the spectators were an attentive audience to the arguments made. This joint session was held so as to save time and also avoid the necessity for a duplication of arguments by the parties interested in the measure and also because the House and Senate bills were identical. The principal speakers were Mr. J. D. Archbold, President of the Executive Board, Standard Oil Co., of New York, and a Mr. Rogers, who is the manager of the National Transit Company's lines. Mr. Archbold spoke for almost two hours and reviewed the entire business of the Standard and its affiliated interests as effecting Pennsylvania and denied emphatically all that Senator Lee at a previous hearing had charged against the Standard. It would be impossible to go into details here of the telling point in his arguments, but it was evident from the start that the committees were against the bill or that Mr. Archbold's argument was clearly proving to them that the bill was wrong. This, the friends of the bill seemingly saw, and after all argument ceased an executive session of the committees was held, where the bill was ordered to be returned to the House with a negative recommendation. Mr. Butler representing the K. of L. organization and Ex-Senator Lee propounded some very pertinent questions to Mr. Archbold while he was speaking, but as I said before, the committees verdict was made up and the bill of course failed to receive the endorsement of these bodies. Mr. Burdick, however, at Friday morning's session presented a resolution placing the bill on the Calendar, and this resolution will be considered at the session of the House to-night. It will require a two-thirds majority of all the members elect to accomplish this and it is thought the requisite number of votes will be on hand. While on this subject I desire to state that your Representative, J. T. Griffith is thoroughly in favor of the bill and proposed to give it his hearty support when it should come before the House. Mr. Griffith's illness and absence from Harrisburg at his home prevented me from placing him right on the record ere this. He will also vote for the Burdick resolution to place the bill on the Calendar.

The past week the Legislature held but one day's session and transacted little business. On Thursday morning Representative Stocking, Washington county presented a resolution, honoring the name and fame of General Sherman. Captain Skinner, Fulton county, who in the present House was the only representative on the floor of the grand March to the Sea, spoke for fifteen minutes to the resolution. His remarks which were touchingly beautiful paid a true soldier's tribute to a true soldier. He was listened to with marked attention and at the close of his speech the House out of respect to the memory of the dead chieftain adjourned. In the evening the Posts of the G. A. R., the military of the city, and the Senate and House of Representatives together with some three thousand citizens, went to the P. R. R. station and at 12.15 a. m. as the funeral train rolled into the depot, the assembled multitude paid due honor to the dead general, to whose honor they had assembled. The military were drawn up on one side of the train at present arms, and the Senators and Members on the opposite side, with heads uncovered and the great crowd in mute silence flanking the military and legislature with bared heads. It was a sight never before witnessed in the Capital city, but General Sherman's memory deserved it. His death removes the last of the great generals of the war of the rebellion. Grant, first then Sheridan and now Sherman all have now gone to join the great majority in the grand encampment above.

The proposed new edition of the "Birds of Pennsylvania will not appear. In reply to a resolution of inquiry from the House of Representatives the Superintendent of Public Printing answered that the cost of a new edition of thirty-four thousand volumes would amount to, within a few thousand of one hundred thousand dollars. This expensive granger luxury won't be passed at this session of the Legislature and even if it should, Governor Pattison stands ready to knock it out with a veto. The State Ornithologist, Dr. Warren will probably publish a small edition for sale at the cost of printing and binding.

Representative Burdick has presented in the House a skeleton Judicial Apportionment bill, and he proposes in this bill to take care of the interests of McKean county.

Senator Showalter of the Butler Senatorial, has the heartfelt sympathies of his many friends in the Legislature and out of it, for the loss of a bright little jewel in his family, by death on Friday last. His little boy three years old, was only sick two days, everything that was possible was done for the little sufferer but it availed nothing. Saturday morning the Senator, with his dead baby boy and family went to Butler county, where the funeral will take place on Monday.

Locally, the elections here have at last given control of city affairs into the hands of the Republicans. The disgraceful management of city affairs by the Democrats, while they were in power has disgusted everybody and the change was made, not by a partisan victory, but by the voters regardless of party who wanted good government. Our next shot will be take the majority away from the Democrats.

ALCROFT.

THE JOHNSTOWN LOAN.

Whether the present bill to repay to Wm. H. Kemble the $100,000 borrowed from him by Governor Beaver after the Johnstown flood is unconstitutional or not, some means of repayment will doubtless be devised and carried through. Everybody, including Mr. Kemble, foresaw at the time the loan was made that the State would not repudiate it. The pretence that it was made as an individual loan to Governor Beaver was too thin to fool anybody. We haven't had any Governor lately who could borrow $100,000 on his personal paper. Without any disposition to scratch the gilding off the legislative resolution of thanks of Mr. Kemble, it may be added that this $100,000 was less than half of the $300,000 of State money which was at that time on deposit in Mr. Kemble's bank, on which he pays the State no interest. None the less for that he ought to be paid back, and if it has to be done in an irregular and extraordinary manner it is no more than was to be expected when Governor Beaver persisted in refusing to meet the emergency in the only proper and regular way provided by the constitution. Incidental to the consideration of this matter by the Legislature and the Governor, there is likely to be a more exhaustive and satisfactory audit of the Johnstown accounts than the public has yet had the benefit of. There were rumors of ten-dollars a week clerks getting $25 a day pay up there which the foundations ought to be officially cut out from under.—*Pittsburgh Times.*

FROM THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

From our own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 23.

Only eight more working days remain of the 51st Congress, but though there are more important bills that deserve consideration that cannot be reached, the prospect is that the business of the country will find itself on the 4th of March in better shape than it usually is. Practically all of the appropriation bills have been disposed of by the House, and it will not take the Senate long, with night sessions, to despatch them. The Senate passed last week the International Copyright bill and a conference was appointed to adjust differences with the House. The general object of this bill, as has been explained, is to allow authors the benefit of the profit on their own works, and its passage will do much to encourage and elevate literature in this country, and also at the same time place us on better terms with the literary fraternity abroad, for we have always been the worst literary pirates on the face of the earth. We shall however hereafter look in vain for the cheap pirated editions of English works that have heretofore placed the cream of contemporary English literature within the reach of every day laborer—at the expense of the English author. The bill passed by a vote of 36 to 14, and as usual with measures that have any tincture of progress about them, the Democrats were found almost solidly arrayed against it. In short, the minority in this Congress have from first to last occupied the position of dogs in the manger, and their highest conception of their duty has been to obstruct and delay every measure which the majority has attempted to advance.

There was some talk on the part of the silver men of the House, anxious to accept any sop, of a compromise silver bill providing for the purchase of $15,000,000 worth of silver said to be in sight, but now their last hope has fled, and it is not probable that silver legislation of any kind will be again seriously mentioned this session. This was accepted as the final decision when last Friday the Coinage Committee of the House decided to report the Senate Free Coinage bill adversely. The vote was 8 to 4 in favor of this course, and Mr. Vaux of Pennsylvania, a Democrat, had the good sense to vote with the Republicans to this end. This outcome is partly the result of a lukewarm feeling on the part of Democrats, engendered by Mr. Cleveland's letter. Speculations as to the effect of this letter upon his candidacy are still rife, though if his reported declination of the nomination is authentic they would seem to be superfluous.

It was the understanding that when the House had disposed of the appropriation bills the Shipping bills should be taken up, and when that point arrived last week the Democrats, in order to prevent any progress in this direction, brought to bear all their dilatory tactics. Saturday the situation became very interesting and the House adjourned in very bad humor. Last night a conference was held between the Republican members and it is understood privately that it was concluded that if the minority continue to filibuster the majority will take measures to make themselves masters of the situation, in order to dispose of business that is pressing for attention. The first measures to be taken up and passed will probably be the Shipping bills and the Direct Tax bill. If the Republicans of the House were half as attentive to party interests as the Democrats are of course things could not proceed as they have, but without a Republican quorum the Democrats are bound to be fractious. Early last week there was a Republican caucus, the principal result of which was to call attention to the fact that the carelessness of Republican members throughout this session, about being present, had worked great injury and in fact defeated several important measures. Resolutions were adopted demanding the presence of the absentees. In response thereto it is expected that by to-morrow the Republicans will have marshalled a quorum, and then, with the privilege of suspending the rules during the last six days of the session, they will take the reins into their own hands very probably.

The Senate has been working at odd times on the bill to guarantee to the extent of $100,000,000 the bonds of the Nicaragua Canal Company, but most of its attention will be absorbed by the appropriation bills. It was agreed last week to report favorably to the Senate the House bill appropriating $2,000,000 for a new mint in Philadelphia, and it is probable that this will be one of the measures pushed to the front.

A BRITISH VIEW.

From the London Economist.

Silver production has greatly increased of late years, not alone in the United States, but in many other parts of the world as well. Even in Australia, where five years ago practically no silver was produced, there is now an annual output of many millions of ounces, and there can be little hesitation in predicting that a rise of 10 per cent in the market price would result in a further considerable expansion of the output. The result must be that, if the United States unaided should offer 10 per cent more than the rest of the world is prepared to offer for this commodity, she must be prepared to find the world, taking her at her word, supplying her ad libitum. There can be but one end to this. Silver would displace gold, and the gold being bound down to the proportion of 23.8 grains to the dollar, would seek countries where such a restriction was not imposed. In spite of all efforts to the contrary, a free coinage of gold and silver in the United States on fixed terms must flood the country with the metal more cheaply produced, and bring the currency down to the basis of a silver monometallism. The Latin Union, and America at their back, were a few days ago afraid to face the insuperable difficulties of bimetallic standards, because Great Britain declined to join them. Yet here is the United States prepared to fight the world single-handed, and it is a conflict in which she must be worsted if she ventures upon it. Here would be just the opportunity for Belgium and Austria, and the other countries who have a stock of silver coins lying idle, to get rid of them to advantage. If, therefore, free coinage of silver on the terms indicated becomes a law of the United States, a premium on gold will be a question of a short time, and that premium will increase until it practically adjusts the exchangeable value of the dollar to a silver level. We can well understand, therefore, why many big lenders of money on mortgage in the United States are already inserting a gold payment clause. It may prove a very necessary safeguard.

Whiskey.

50c to $2.00 per (full) quart bottles sent securely packed by express. N. B. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa.

AUDITORS' REPORT

—OF THE—

Finances of McKean County,

TOGETHER WITH THE

COMMISSIONERS' STATEMENT

FOR 1890.

L. Rogers, Treasurer of McKean County in account with the State, County, and Dog Funds of said county for the year 1890.

COUNTY FUND.

Dr.		
To am't due fund last auditors' report	22777 82	
To am't charged treasurer by county commissioners	908 18	
To am't seated county tax collected acc't 1887, 8, 9, 90	25275 82	
To am't unseated county tax collected acc't 1888, 89, 90	11548 83	
To State tax collected acc't 1887, 89, 89 and 90	2472 74	
To am't jury fees received from W. B. Clarke, sheriff	160 00	
To am't fines received from W. B. Clarke, sheriff	300 00	
To am't commonwealth costs rec'd from W. B. Clarke, sheriff	1116 59	
To am't transferred from dog fund	300 00	
To am't rec'd acc't Licenses granted	3362 87	68620 15
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	46002 15	
By county school sup't, institute expenses	300 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent.	1251 60	
Balance due fund	21156 20	68620 15

DOG FUND.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	1463 68	
To am't dog taxes collected acc't 1887, 8, 9 and 90	1373 63	2839 31
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	2077 55	
By am't transferred to county fund	300 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	33 61	
Balance due fund	391 15	2839 31

REDEMPTION FUND.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	2300 51	
To am't received for redemption	423 83	2723 40
Cr.		
By commission on $423 83 at 3 per cent	13 03	
Balance due fund	2710 37	2723 40

We, the Auditors of McKean County, having examined the accounts and vouchers of L. Rogers, Treasurer of said county, in account with the foregoing funds for the year 1890, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport, this 21st day of February, 1891.

H. C. WELLS,
J. O. LIDDELL,
A. N. HEARD, } Auditors.

L. Rogers, Treasurer of McKean county in account with the funds of the McKean County Poor District for the year 1890.

POOR FUND.

Dr.		
To seated taxes collected acc't 1888, 89 and 90	4030 73	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1888, 89 and 90	2343 34	
To sundry items from poor farm	315 53	
To amount overpaid	10882 44	17571 11
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	17470 45	
By commission on [illegible] at 1 per cent.	100 66	17571 11

POOR BUILDING FUND.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	13529 52	
To am't seated taxes collected acc't 1887, 8, 9 and 90	2443 64	
To am't unseated taxes collected acc't 1888, 89 and 90	3126 38	
To am't rec'd from L. Bayer in full on contract	2000 00	
To am't rec'd from miscellaneous	68 78	21160 40
Cr.		
By bonds paid and cancelled	9000 00	
By interest on poor bonds	2175 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	273 05	
Balance due fund	9692 35	21140 40

We, the Auditors of McKean county having examined the accounts and vouchers of L. Rogers Treasurer of said county, in account with the funds of the McKean County Poor District for the year 1890, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport, this 21st day of February, 1891.

H. C. WELLS,
A. N. HEARD,
J. O. LIDDELL, } Auditors.

L. Rogers Treasurer of McKean county, in account with the Road, Special Road and Road Bond funds of said county for the year 1890.

Annin Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	137 34	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1888	113 83	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1889	123 10	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1890	67 13	441 40
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	343 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent.	9 30	
Balance due fund	93 62	447 22

Bradford Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	123 70	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1888	70 35	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1889	73 81	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1890	165 27	433 ??
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	270 ??	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	9 20	
Balance due fund	180 24	433 ??

Ceres Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	93 60	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1888	23 43	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1889	21 19	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1890	73 43	223 65
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	93 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	3 60	
Balance due fund	119 98	223 65

Corydon Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	616 14	
To unseated taxes collected acc't 1888	573 55	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	621 59	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	283 40	[illegible]
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1700 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	53 ??	
Balance due fund	381 59	[illegible]

Eldred Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	173 60	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	41 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	91 ??	306 ??
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	206 ??	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent.	6 ??	
Balance due fund	90 27	306 ??

Foster Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	121 62	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	183 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	283 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	130 ??	727 61
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	530 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	17 97	
Balance due fund	189 04	727 61

Hamilton Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	331 10	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	411 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	623 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	153 ??	[illegible]
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1130 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	35 ??	
Balance due fund	220 21	[illegible]

Hamlin Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	363 00	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	637 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	837 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	283 ??	[illegible]
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1730 00	
By commission on $1760 71 at 3 per cent	52 82	
Balance due fund	389 01	[illegible]

Keating Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	123 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	65 45	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	70 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1106 26	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	[illegible]	
Balance due fund	1258 03	[illegible]

Lafayette Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	387 63	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	223 16	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	100 72	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	1522 85	2233 81
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1312 00	
By commission on $1851 73 at 3 per cent	55 55	
Balance due fund	971 21	2233 81

Liberty Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	212 37	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	207 71	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	403 18	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	67 72	947 53
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	600 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	23 07	
Balance due fund	325 81	947 53

Norwich Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	313 53	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	237 05	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	620 65	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	707 ??	2248 41
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	900 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	46 05	
Balance due fund	1290 80	2248 41

Otto Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	143 17	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	8 00	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	31 83	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	144 79	327 79
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	143 17	
By commission on $183 53 at 3 per cent	5 57	
Balance due fund	179 06	327 79

Sergeant Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	1370 21	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	123 69	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	342 70	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	495 71	2334 41
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1379 23	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	28 ??	
Balance due fund	926 53	2334 41

Wetmore Township—Road.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	116 40	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1888	690 83	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	838 ??	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	180 8?	1827 09
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	900 00	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	51 29	
Balance due fund	876 70	1827 09

Annin Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditor's report	67 72	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	89 18	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	35 ??	192 20
Cr.		
By order paid and cancelled	125 00	
By commission on $124 54 at 3 per cent	3 74	
Balance due fund	63 52	192 20

Ceres Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditor's report	63 61	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	11 22	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	21 69	102 95
Cr.		
By order paid and cancelled	58 61	
By commission on $44 31 at 3 per cent	1 33	
Balance due fund, paid Feb. 19 '91	42 08	102 95

Corydon Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditor's report	793 2?	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	941 90	1735 10
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1544 23	
By commission on $941 90 at 3 per cent	28 25	
Balance due fund	163 64	1735 10

Eldred Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	8 32	8 32
Cr.		
By commission on $8 32 at 3 per cent	25	
Balance due fund	8 07	8 32

Foster Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors report	69 62	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	94 94	164 56
Cr.		
By order paid and cancelled	100 00	
By commission on $94 94 at 3 per cent	2 85	
Balance due fund	61 71	164 56

Hamilton Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors report	55 86	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	205 91	261 77
Cr.		
By commission on $205 91 at 3 per cent	6 18	
Balance due fund	255 59	261 77

Hamlin Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	26 31	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	250 82	277 13
Cr.		
By order paid and cancelled	23 31	
By commission on $250 82 at 3 per cent	7 52	
Balance due fund	246 20	277 13

Keating Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	7 41	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	973 76	981 17
Cr.		
By commission on $981 17 at 3 per cent	29 44	
Balance due fund	951 73	981 17

Otto Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors report	3 50	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	7 44	11 00
Cr.		
By commission on $7 44 at 3 per cent	22	
Balance due fund	10 78	11 00

Annin Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	53 39	53 39
Cr.		
By commission on $53 39 at 3 per cent	1 70	
Balance due fund	51 69	53 39

Ceres Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	39 27	39 27
Cr.		
By commission on $39 27 at 3 per cent	1 18	
Balance due fund	38 09	39 27

Eldred Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	27 49	27 49
Cr.		
By commission on $27 49 at 3 per cent	82	
Balance due fund	26 67	27 49

Hamilton Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	245 28	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	347 74	593 02
Cr.		
By order paid and cancelled	550 00	
By commission on $347 74 at 3 per cent	10 43	
Balance due fund	33 49	593 02

Hamlin Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	127 94	127 94
Cr.		
By commission on $127 94 at 3 per cent	3 84	
Balance due fund	124 10	127 94

Keating Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	73 00	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	23 60	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	30 60	130 ??
Cr.		
By order paid and cancelled	73 50	
By commission on $57 30 at 3 per cent	1 72	
Balance due fund	55 48	130 ??

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	256 87	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	387 34	671 72
Cr.		
By order paid and cancelled	400 00	
By commission on $387 34 at 3 per cent	9 22	
Balance due fund	259 59	671 72

Norwich Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	433 60	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	233 05	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	130 45	807 53
Cr.		
By order paid and cancelled	403 00	
By commission on $416 50 at 3 per cent	12 44	
Balance due fund	402 06	807 53

Otto Township—Road Bond

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	55 46	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	11 07	66 52
Cr.		
By commission on $11 07 at 3 per cent	33	
Balance due fund	66 19	66 52

We, the auditors of McKean county, having examined the accounts and vouchers of L. Rogers, treasurer of said county, in account with the foregoing funds for year 1890, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals this 21st day of February, 1891.

H. C. WELLS,
A. N. HEARD,
J. O. LIDDELL, } Auditors.

L. Rogers, treasurer of McKean county, in account with the School, School Building and School Bond funds for the year 1890.

Annin Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	6 95	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	141 24	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	193 93	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	91 85	433 97
Cr.		
By order paid and cancelled	300 00	
By commission on $432 02 at 3 per cent	12 96	
Balance due fund	121 01	433 97

Bradford Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	1328 77	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	105 83	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	214 40	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	216 29	1865 29
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1328 77	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	16 10	
Balance due fund	520 42	1865 29

Ceres Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	147 97	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	37 44	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	45 06	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	66 73	297 20
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	147 97	
By commission on $149 23 at 3 per cent	4 48	
Balance due fund	144 75	297 20

Corydon Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	1468 21	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	1473 58	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	1412 80	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	233 40	4587 85
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	3838 11	
By commission on $3177 ?? at 3 per cent	95 29	
Balance due fund	634 25	4587 85

Eldred Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	313 98	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	62 05	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	181 66	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	184 11	740 80
Cr.		
By commission on $428 82 at 3 per cent	12 84	
Balance due fund	728 00	740 80

Foster Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	358 31	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	500 33	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	461 93	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	270 36	1579 93
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	838 31	
By commission on $1241 62 at 3 per cent	37 25	
Balance due fund	704 37	1579 93

Hamlin Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors report	338 30	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	939 13	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	1331 51	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	336 04	2945 07
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1808 30	
By commission on $2636 69 at 3 per cent	79 10	
Balance due fund	1057 58	2945 07

Hamilton Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	639 81	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	576 21	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	444 83	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	150 60	1811 45
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1000 00	
By commission on $1171 64 at 3 per cent	35 15	
Balance due fund	776 30	1811 45

Keating Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	2391 16	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	71 78	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	83 33	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	1892 52	4438 79
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	3600 00	
By commission on $2047 63 at 3 per cent	61 43	
Balance due fund	777 36	4438 79

Keating Township—School Bond.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	2637 67	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	23 93	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	34 56	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	30 45	2725 60
Cr.		
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	20 64	
Balance due fund	2704 96	2725 60

Lafayette Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	2023 40	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	232 31	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	231 03	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	2449 09	5096 83
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	2403 40	
By commission on $2970 43 at 3 per cent	89 17	
Balance due fund	2503 25	5096 83

Liberty Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	214 00	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	214 16	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	291 31	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	67 72	793 15
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	514 0?	
By commission on $483 19 at 3 per cent	14 50	
Balance due fund	263 69	793 15

Norwich Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	1580 11	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	143 93	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	850 65	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	350 76	2976 ??
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	2050 11	
By commission on $1333 65 at 3 per cent	41 70	
Balance due fund	880 87	2970 78

Otto Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	353 28	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	44 49	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	33 80	
Balance due fund	200 69	731 25
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	560 23	
By commission on $770 97 at 3 per cent	11 13	
Balance due fund	159 64	731 25

To amount due last auditors' report	399 34	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	138 70	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	988 71	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	448 71	[illegible]
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	[illegible]	
By commission on [illegible] at 3 per cent	36 94	
Balance due fund	273 28	[illegible]

Smethport Borough—S and B.

Dr.		
To am't due last auditors' report	121 99	
To unseated taxes collected account 1889.	11 89	
To unseated taxes collected account 1890	14 90	
To unseated taxes collected account 1891	111 72	260 50
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	143 11	
By commission on $138 51 at 3 per cent.	4 16	
Balance due fund	113 23	260 50

Smethport Borough—School Bond.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	35 75	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	2 97	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	4 38	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	31 04	74 14
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	41 57	
By commission on $38 39 at 3 per cent	1 15	
Balance due fund	31 42	74 14

Wetmore Township—S. and B.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	684 10	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1889	1119 81	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1890	1025 43	
To unseated taxes collected, account 1891	181 18	3010 58
Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled	1000 00	
By commission on $2326 42 at 3 per cent	69 79	
Balance due fund	1940 79	3010 58

Eldred Borough.

Dr.		
To amount taxes collected, account 1889	1 35	1 35
Cr.		
By commission on $1 35 at 3 per cent	04	
Balance due fund	1 31	1 35

Port Allegany Borough.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditors' report	4 13	4 13
Cr.		
Balance due fund	4 13	4 13

RECAPITULATION.

To bal due county fund	21,156 20	
" " " dog fund	391 15	
" " " redemption fund	2,710 37	
" " " poor b'ld'g fund	9,692 35	
" " " Annin road	93 62	
" " " Bradford road	180 24	
" " " Ceres road	119 98	
" " " Corydon road	381 59	
" " " Eldred road	90 27	
" " " Foster road	189 04	
" " " Hamilton road	220 21	
" " " Hamlin road	389 01	
" " " Keating road	1,258 03	
" " " Lafayette road	971 21	
" " " Liberty road	325 81	
" " " Norwich road	1,290 80	
" " " Otto road	179 06	
" " " Sergeant road	926 53	
" " " Wetmore road	876 70	
" " " Annin special road	63 52	
To balance due Ceres special road	42 08	
To balance due Eldred special road	8 07	
To balance due Foster special road	61 71	
To balance due Hamilton special road	255 59	
To balance due Hamlin special road	243 37	
To balance due Keating special road	951 73	
To balance due Otto special road	10 78	
To balance due Annin road bond	51 80	
To balance due Ceres road bond	38 80	
To balance due Eldred road bond	26 67	
To balance due Hamilton road bond	33 49	
To balance due Hamlin road bond	124 10	
To balance due Keating road bond	55 48	
To balance due Lafayette road bond	259 59	
To balance due Norwich road bond	402 06	
To balance due Otto road bond	66 19	
To balance due Annin school and building	121 01	
To balance due Bradford school and building	520 42	
To balance due Ceres school and building	144 75	
To balance due Corydon school and building	534 25	
To balance due Eldred school and building	728 00	
To balance due Foster school and building	704 37	
To balance due Hamlin school and building	1,057 58	
To balance due Hamilton school and building	773 30	
To balance due Keating school and building	777 36	
To balance due Keating school bond	2,704 96	
To balance due Lafayette school and building	2,503 25	
To balance due Liberty school and building	263 69	
To balance due Norwich school and building	850 87	
To balance due Otto school and building	159 64	
To balance due Sergeant school and building	273 28	
To balance due Smethport school bond	31 42	
To balance due Smethport school and building	113 23	
To balance due Wetmore school and building	1,940 79	
To balance due Eldred borough	1 31	
To balance due Port Allegany borough	4 13	
To balance due on account licenses	106 87	58,818 76

We the auditors of McKean county, having examined the accounts and vouchers of L. Rogers, treasurer of said county, in account with the several funds of said county, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport this 23d day of February 1891.

A. N. HEARD,
J. O. LIDDELL,
H. C. WELLS, } Auditors.

W. B. Clarke, Sheriff of McKean county, in account with said county for the year 1890:

Cr.		
By balance due last auditors' report	1,980 69	
By publishing election proclamation	2 00	
By commissions on $300 00 at 3 per cent	9 00	
By boarding prisoners 824 weeks, 4 days at $3.75	3,092 14	
By taking prisoners to Western Penitentiary and Asylum	471 41	
By drawing and summoning jurors for 1890	382 80	
By fines paid treasurer	300 00	
By jury fees paid treasurer	160 00	
By commonwealth costs paid treasurer	1,116 59	7,567 63
Dr.		
To orders drawn on account	5,830 60	
To fines collected	300 00	
To jury fees collected	160 00	
To commonwealth costs collected	1,116 59	
Balance due W. B. Clarke	190 35	7,567 63

We, the auditors of McKean county, having examined the accounts and vouchers of W. B. Clark, sheriff of McKean county, in account with said county for the year 1890, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport this 23d day of February, 1891.

H. C. WELLS,
J. O. LIDDELL,
A. N. HEARD, } Auditors.

S. D. Heffner, Coroner of McKean county, in account with said county for the year 1890:

By services and expenses of holding inquisitions on the following named persons		
W. H. McHenry and Alex. Carmon	19 50	
Patrick Cusick	7 12	
Wm. Tranber	30 87	
John L. Johnson	7 12	
John Branagan	19 13	
Unknown child	14 12	97 86
Dr.		
To orders drawn on account	97 86	97 86

We, the auditors of McKean county, having examined the accounts and vouchers of S. D. Heffner, coroner of said county, in account with said county for the year 1890, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport this 23d day of February, 1891.

A. N. HEARD,
J. O. LIDDELL,
H. C. WELLS, } Auditors.

James Anglun, P. M. Fuller and Jas. A. McKean, Commissioners of McKean county, in account with said county for the year 1890.

James Anglun.

Cr.		
By amount due last auditors' report	19 00	
By 109 days' services as commissioner, for year 1890, at $3.00	327 00	
By 3 days' services as commissioner, for year 1891, at $3.00	9 00	355 00
Dr.		
To orders drawn on account	309 00	
Balance due James Anglun	46 00	355 00

P. M. Fuller.

Cr.		
By amount due last auditors' report	17 70	
By 208 days' services as commissioner, for year 1890, at $3.00	624 00	
By 3 days' services as commissioner, for year 1891, at $3.00	9 00	650 70
Dr.		
To orders drawn on account	620 00	
Balance due P. M. Fuller	30 70	650 70

[illegible]		
By [illegible] days' services as commissioner at [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dr.		
To orders drawn on account	[illegible]	
Balance due Jas. A. McKean	15 00	[illegible]

We, the auditors of McKean county, having examined the accounts and vouchers of James Anglun, P. M. Fuller and Jas. A. McKean, commissioners of the county of McKean, in account with McKean county for the year 1890, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport this 23d day of February, 1891.

A. N. HEARD,
J. O. LIDDELL, } Auditors.

James Anglun, P. M. Fuller and Jas. A. McKean, Commissioners of McKean county, in account with the McKean County Poor District for the year 1890:

James Anglun.

Cr.		
By amount due last auditors' report	18 00	
By 105 days' services as commissioner, for 1890, at $2.00	210 00	228 00
Dr.		
To orders drawn on account	214 00	
Balance due James Anglun	14 00	228 00

P. M. Fuller.

Cr.		
By amount due last auditors' report	75 70	
By 105 days' services as commissioner, for 1890, at $2.00	215 00	290 70
Dr.		
To orders drawn on account	245 00	
Balance due P. M. Fuller	45 70	290 70

Jas. A. McKean.

Cr.		
By amount due last auditors' report	50 00	
By 180 days' services as commissioner at $2.00	360 00	410 00
Dr.		
To orders drawn on account	350 00	
Balance due Jas. A. McKean	60 00	410 00

We, the auditors of McKean county, having examined the accounts and vouchers of James Anglun, P. M. Fuller and Jas. A. McKean, commissioners of McKean county, in account with McKean County Poor District for the year 1890, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport this 23d day of February, 1891.

A. N. HEARD,
J. O. LIDDELL, } Auditors.

COMMISSIONERS' STATEMENT

Showing Receipts and Expenditures of McKean County for the Year Ending December 31st. 1890.

RECEIPTS.

To amount due county fund last auditors' report	$22,777 82	
To amount charged treasurer by county commissioners	908 18	
To amount seated county tax collected account 1887, '88, '89, '90	25,275 82	
To amount unseated county tax collected account 1888, '89, '90	11,548 83	
To amount state tax collected account 1887, '88, '89, '90	2,472 74	
To amount of jury fees received from W. B. Clarke, sheriff	160 00	
To amount of fines received from W. B. Clarke, sheriff	300 00	
To amount commonwealth costs received from W. B. Clarke, sheriff	1,116 59	
To amount transferred from dog fund	300 00	
To amount received account licenses granted	3,362 87	68,620 15

EXPENDITURES.

Paid county school superintendent institute expense	300 00	
Paid county treasurer commissions	1,861 80	
Paid Western State Penitentiary	2,222 64	
Paid E. H. Rose, commissioners' counsel	200 00	
Paid Pennsylvania Reform School	1,345 27	
Paid taxes refunded	56 35	
Paid indigent soldier expense	170 00	
Paid examining state boundaries	45 60	
Paid Smethport Gas Co.	1,190 90	
Paid miscellaneous	936 35	
Paid coroners' and justice inquests	109 17	
Paid jury commissioners and clerk	173 78	
Paid Smethport Water Co.	150 00	
Paid books and stationery	441 12	
Paid election expense	2,354 01	
Paid constable returns	282 76	
Paid grand jurors	841 18	
Paid assessors on assessments	2,036 79	
Paid commonwealth costs	4,298 74	
Paid James Anglun on acc't	309 00	
Paid P M Fuller on account	620 00	
Paid Jas A McKean on ac't	403 10	
Paid commissioners' clerk and assistants	1,346 00	
Paid W B Clark, sheriff, on account	5,830 60	
Paid court crier and tipstaves	605 32	
Paid jail expense	791 81	
Paid county auditors	272 23	
Paid court house janitor	540 00	
Paid court house expense	962 35	
Paid justice fees and discharged transcripts	330 15	
Paid printing and publishing	2,054 75	
Paid express, telegrams and postage	101 02	
Paid road views and damages	307 70	
Paid court stenographers	801 55	
Paid traverse jurors	4,520 81	
Paid bridge views and expense	1,586 86	
Paid state taxes on account	5,176 44	
Paid military enrollment expense	183 35	
Paid assessors on registry	1,155 90	
	$47,463 95	
Balance in treasury	21,156 20	
	68,620 15	

Statement showing assets and liabilities of McKean county for the year ending January 3d, 1891.

ASSETS.

	State.	County.
Am't due from B. L. Knapp, col. Smethport boro, 1886	$ 69	$ 4 78
Am't due from M. M. Bowen, col. Foster township, 1887	16	86 79
Am't due from Chas. Paulson, col. Hamlin twp. 1887	46	60
Am't due from Jno Calhoun, col. Kendall boro, 1887	4 ??	11 92
Am't due from Otto Gash, col. Bradford city, 3d ward, 1888	44 36	136 60
Am't due from Otto Gash, col. Bradford city 4th w. 1888	66 32	96 96
Am't due from C C Amalong, col. Duke Centre boro, 1888	46 23	56 93
Am't due from T. T. Mapes, col. Kendall boro, 1888	27 62	106 75
Am't due from L. J Phenix, col. Annin township, 1889	10 68	36 50
Am't due from J L Morris, col. Bradford twp 1889		236 30
Am't due from Thos Osborne, col. Bradford, 1st ward 1889	60 17	462 ??
Am't due from T C Flanigan, col. Bradford, 2d ward, 1889	151 97	185 40
Am't due from Otto Gash, col. Bradford, 3d ward, 1889	41 45	307 78
Am't due from Otto Gash col. Bradford, 4th ward, 1889	364 80	1217 36
Am't due from N J Stanton, col. Bradford 5th w 1889	33 50	448 35
Am't due from H B Roberts, col. Ceres twp. 1889	31 34	278 91
Am't due from H G Heath, col. Eldred boro, 1889	31 56	86 48
Am't due from E W Bissett, col. Foster twp., 1889	22 86	464 15
Am't due from D E Matthews, col. Kane boro, 1889	38 96	157 36
Am't due from M N Heinlein, col. Keating twp, 1889	25 90	157 96
Am't due from E E Sherman, col. Kendall boro 1889	44 30	306 ??
Am't due from Z Wilson, col. Otto twp. 1889	25 79	140 74
Am't due from M. J. Fleming, col Port Allegany boro, 1889	47 60	3 00
Am't due from Jno O Somberg, col. Sergeant twp. 1889	9 12	57 67
Am't due from L J Phenix, col Annin twp. 1890	60 36	527 00
Am't due from J. L. Morris, col. Bradford twp. 1890	24 33	487 87
Am't due from Thos. Osborne, col. Bradford, 1st w., 1890	540 30	2427 ??
Am't due from T C Flanigan, col. Bradford, 2d w, 1890	378 15	1160 15
Am't due from E W Murray, col. Bradford, 3d w, 1890	143 ??	907 50
Am't due from E W Murray, col. Bradford, 4th w, 1890	460 30	1790 ??
Am't due from N J Stanton, col. Bradford 5th w, 1890	2 00	464 50
Am't due from G W Hackett, col. Ceres township, 1890	22 87	452 80
Am't due from H Scholby, col. Corydon township, 1890	8 31	127 01
Am't due from H G Heath, col. Eldred boro., 1890	36 ??	241 80
Am't due from P. M. McDonald, col. Eldred twp. 1890	62 37	304 ??
Am't due from T F Hungiville, col. Foster twp., 1890	62 07	300 ??
Am't due from G H Sparks, col. Hamlin twp., 1890	3 02	104 ??
Am't due from J K Bates, col. Hamilton twp., 1890	1 26	244 ??
Am't due from C V Gillis, col. Kane boro., 1890	19 97	405 74
Am't due from Thos Hussey, col. Keating twp. 1890	64 44	115 27
Am't due from W W Penhollow, col. Kendall boro., 1890	64 50	305 ??
Am't due from L E Woodward, col. Lafayette twp., 1890	7 81	87 39
Am't due from Jno Acre, col. Liberty twp., 1890	82 ??	364 21
Am't due from O D Gallup, col. Norwich twp., 1890	3 71	196 36
Am't due from Z Wilson, col. Otto twp., 1890	55 07	745 ??
Am't due from M T Shurtz, col. Port Allegany boro, 1890	305 21	109 ??
Am't due from Jno O Somberg, col. Sergeant twp., 1890	9 75	447 30
Am't due from J A Holder, col. Smethport boro., 1890	2 46	165 32
Am't due from Wm Wilkins, col. Wetmore twp., 1890	511 73	1409 45
	$4419 65	$20847 36
		4419 65
		[illegible]
County funds in treasury		21156 20
		$46014 97

LIABILITIES.

To W B Clarke, sheriff, bal. of 1890	190 35	
To James Anglun, bal. 1890	46 00	
" P M Fuller do	30 70	
" Jas A McKean do	15 00	
" Commonwealth costs and sundry items (estimated)	1600 00	
To State taxes	4001 62	
To Western penitentiary	2000 00	
Assets in excess of liabilities	38838 54	46014 97

[illegible]
[illegible] Commissioners.

Attest: M. B. GREEN, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Feb 23, 1891.

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditures of McKean county Poor District for the year ending January 3 1891.

RECEIPTS.

To amount due poor building fund last auditors' report	13,529 52	
To amount seated poor building tax collected account 1887, '88, '89, '90	2,443 64	
To amount seated poor building tax collected account 1888, '89, '90	4,030 73	
To amount unseated poor building tax collected account 1888, '89, '90	2,343 34	
To amount unseated poor building tax collected account 1888, '89, '90	3,126 38	
To amount received sundry items from poor farm	315 53	
To amount received from L. Bayer in full for contract	2,000 00	
To amount received from miscellaneous	68 78	27,8?? ??

EXPENDITURES.

Bonds paid and cancelled	9,000 00
Paid interest on poor bonds	2,175 00
Paid county treasurer commissions	373 71
Paid books and stationery	[illegible]
Paid fertilizer	[illegible]
Paid seeds	[illegible]
Paid express, telegrams and postage	[illegible]
Paid livery	[illegible]
Paid telephones	[illegible]
Paid E H Rose commissioners' counsel	100 00
Paid commissioners' clerk	[illegible]
Paid Penn'a state lunatic hospital	91 00
Paid Warren state hospital for insane	[illegible]
Paid fuel	[illegible]
Paid funeral expenses	[illegible]
Paid lumber	[illegible]
Paid county auditors	[illegible]
Paid labor on poor build'g's	[illegible]
Paid ice house expense	[illegible]
Paid Jas Anglun on acc't	[illegible]
Paid P M Fuller on acc't	[illegible]
Paid Jas A McKean on acc't	[illegible]
Paid furniture	[illegible]
Paid trees for farm	[illegible]
Paid plumbing	[illegible]
Paid justice fees	[illegible]
Paid taxes refunded	[illegible]
Paid farming implements, &c	[illegible]
Paid C S King, superintendent	[illegible]
Paid blacksmithing	104 11
Paid hardware	[illegible]
Paid clothing	[illegible]
Paid provisions and groceries	[illegible]
Paid feed	471 73
Paid labor in poor buildings	[illegible]
Paid labor on farm	[illegible]
Paid outside relief, including physicians and medicine	[illegible]
Paid live stock	[illegible]
Printing and publishing	178 25
Paid barn expense	[illegible]
	[illegible]

Statement showing Assets and Liabilities of McKean county Poor District, for year ending Jan. 3, 1891.

ASSETS.

	Poor.	P'Build'g.
Am't due from B L Knapp, col. Smethport boro, 1886	4 36	6 36
Am't due from M M Bowen, col. Foster twp, 1887		18 00
Am't due from Chas Paulson, col. Hamlin twp, 1887		7 75
Am't due from Jno Calhoun, col. Kendall boro, 1887		17 ??
Am't due from C C Amalong, col. Duke Centre boro, 1888	22 ??	27 ??
Am't due from T T Mapes, col. Kendall boro, 1888	36 44	147 01
Am't due from L J Phenix, col. Annin twp, 1889	7 ??	13 83
Am't due from J L Morris, col. Bradford twp, 1889	77 00	152 53
Am't due from H B Roberts, col. Ceres township, 1889	40 ??	136 50
Am't due from H G Heath, col. Eldred boro, 1889	5 ??	21 75
Am't due from E W Bissett, col. Foster twp., 1889	86 70	116 20
Am't due from D E Mathews, col. Kane boro, 1889	40 ??	92 92
Am't due from M W Heinlein, col. Keating twp, 1889	78 ??	144 90
Am't due from E E Sherman, col. Kendall boro, 1889	86 ??	171 01
Am't due from Z Wilson, col. Otto township, 1889	100 36	146 90
Am't due from M J Fleming, col. Port Allegany boro. '89	70	1 81
Am't due from Jno O Somberg, col. Sergeant twp., 1889	12 ??	36 13
Am't due from L J Phenix, col. Annin twp 1890	172 ??	80 72
Am't due from J L Morris, col Bradford twp, 1890	176 72	80 76
Am't due from G W Hackett, col Ceres twp. 1890	150 97	75 92
Am't due from H. Scholby, col. Corydon twp., 1890	76 67	37 90
Am't due from H G Heath, col Eldred boro 1890	109 ??	87 21
Am't due from P McDonald, col. Eldred twp., 1890	161 ??	192 72
Am't due from T F Hungiville col, Foster twp. 1890	210 20	305 63
Am't due from G H Sparks, col. Hamlin twp. 1890	41 ??	90 74
Am't due from J K Bates, col. Hamilton twp 1890	314 65	107 72
Am't due from C V Gillis, col Kane boro, 1890	175 ??	90 54
Am't due from Thos Hussey, col. Keating twp 1890	60 ??	[illegible]
Am't due from W W Penhollow, col. Kendall boro. 1890	174 ??	87 ??
Am't due from L E Woodward, col. Lafayette twp 1890	109 76	183 05
Am't due from Jno Acre, col. Liberty twp., 1890	117 79	59 41
Am't due from O D Gallup, col. Norwich twp., 1890	79 ??	42 ??
Am't due from Z Wilson, col. Otto twp., 1890	348 63	144 54
Am't due from M T Shurtz col. Port Allegany boro, 1890	320 76	163 17
Am't due from Jno O Somberg, col. Sergeant twp., 1890	140 ??	74 6?
Am't due from J A Holder col. Smethport boro, 1890	61 ??	30 11
Am't due from Wm Wilkins, col. Wetmore twp., 1890	440 35	353 77
	3901 19	3227 32
		3901 19
		7218 51
Am't due from A Langfre on purchase		258 00
Poor building fund in treasury		9692 35
Estimated value of Wilcox property in Sergeant and Foster twps.		2000 00
Liabilities in excess of Assets		[illegible]
		$[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Poor bonds outstanding	38000 00	
Interest on poor bonds	2800 00	
Bal. due James Anglun, commissioner	14 00	
Bal. due P M. Fuller com'r	45 70	
" " Jas A McKean com'r	60 00	
Bal. due poor fund	10082 44	[illegible]

Amounts due from collectors are subject to rebate, commissions and exonerations.

We, the undersigned, commissioners of McKean county Poor District, do hereby certify that the foregoing statement of receipts and expenditures and assets and liabilities are correct and true.

JAMES HIGGINS,
FRANK D. SIMAR,
J. H. TATE,
Commissioners.

Attest: M. B. GREEN, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Feb 21, 1891.

Legal Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania, on Thursday the 19th day of March, A. D. 1891, by M. E. Dolley, M. J. Colcord, C. A. Dolley, A. B. Lillibridge and J. C. Goding, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Crystal Spring Water Company," the character and object whereof is for the supply of water to the public at the borough of Port Allegany, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same, and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Acts of the Assembly and its supplements.

M. J. COLCORD, Solicitor.

February 16, 1891.—5w

$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment, at which you can earn that amount. [illegible] E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

LADIES' PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER

For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.

GENERATION AFTER GENERATION

HAVE USED AND BLESSED IT.

SOOTHING-HEALING

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love It.

Every Traveler should have a bottle of it in his satchel.

Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, [illegible] I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

CLUBBING RATES.

We will send the MINER and any paper or magazine mentioned below for one year, to any address, as follows:

The MINER and Philadelphia Weekly *Press* $2 00

The MINER and Albany Weekly *Journal* $1 50

The MINER and Pittsburg *Chronicle* $1 50

The MINER and *Judge Library of Fun* monthly for $1 60

The MINER and Harrisburg Weekly *Patriot* for $1 75

The MINER and New York *World* for $1 50

The MINER and *Cosmopolitan Magazine* for $2 40

The MINER and *American Economist* for $2 0

The MINER and *Demorest Family Magazine* for $3.10

The MINER and *National Tribune* for $2 00

The MINER and *Home Ma[illegible]* for $1 30

The MINER and *Scribner's Magazine* for $3 40

—[illegible] week.

—Bradford dropped its population into Smethport this week.

—The grand jury completed their labors Thursday morning.

—The February Court of Quarter Sessions convened on Monday last.

—A Lock Haven man recently found a $40 pearl in a bivalve he had opened.

—La grippe was known 2000 years ago and at that time was attributed to the cold.

—As we go to press the Vosburgh murder case is on trial. The result will be given next week.

—The social of the W. C. T. U. on Tuesday night was largely attended and was very enjoyable.

—[illegible] day election in Ceres was a square fight between the Union and Alliance [illegible] and the Alliance won.

—A very pleasant party was given on Wednesday evening to Sherwood [illegible] on the 17th anniversary of his birth.

—Port Allegany has a fishing club and [illegible] will be taken [illegible] the State [illegible] of 5000 trout fry to stock [illegible] Creek.

—The [illegible] cases at court this week is unusually large. The hotels are all full and many people are found [illegible] lodging places.

[illegible] County Farmers' Alliance has petitioned the Legislature to abolish the office of County Superintendent of Schools.

According to the Cameron County *Press* there are 16 licensed places in Emporium where liquor is sold [illegible] drinking places [illegible].

—The jury in the celebrated [illegible] case [illegible] after an absence of two hours, rendered a verdict of guilty but defendant to pay costs.

We understand another attempt will be made to organize a Camp of Sons of Veterans in Smethport. We hope the effort will be successful this time.

A large amount of *reading matter* is crowded out this week to make room for the Auditors' Report. We will however give the usual amount next week.

—The M. E. Church at Port Allegany was entered recently by some persons [illegible] and the Sunday school [illegible] broken [illegible] and a small amount of money was carried off.

—The cornice has been placed in position on the new Kelly building on Main street. The building is quite an acquisition to the business places on Main street and presents a very fine appearance.

—The presentation of [illegible] by the Bradford amateurs which was to have been given on Tuesday evening last was indefinitely postponed on account of the death of Mrs. Harry Crane.

—A Dime social will be held next Tuesday evening at the residence of D. L. Forsyth under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. Church. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Refreshments will be served.

—It is lawful to exterminate the English sparrows in this State and it is said that cornmeal mixed with strong brine or moistened with salt, dried and exposed to the ravenous appetite of the sparrows is as sure death as electricity.

—Rev. John Peate of Greenville, Pa., is completing the largest telescope glass or reflecting mirror in the United States and the second largest in the world. It is [illegible] inches in diameter, [illegible] inches thick, and weighs over 400 pounds.

—The first oil well found in America is said by Hon. George K. Anderson to be a well originally drilled for water about two miles from Burksville, Ky. It was quite shallow but flowed 50,000 bbls. of oil before it was tubed and pumped, and is still flowing. It was, he says, put down before even Col. Drake drilled his historic well at Titusville.—*Ex.*

—A young husband: "Here's the old chestnut about a rose being just as sweet by any other name. It says it wouldn't." Young wife: "Pray, what difference could the name make?" Young husband: "Well, here's you, for example. Two months ago you were Miss Catchem, and 'Moses' how sweet you were! and now you're Mrs. Cottin, and O Jerusalem!"—*Boston Courier.*

—At a recent Farmers' Institute in this State an old gentleman by the name of [illegible] stated that one sentence uttered by Horace Greely nearly a century ago had much to do with shaping his life. It was this: "Remember young man, that the most dangerous moment in any individual's life is when he concludes to try and get a dollar without doing anything for it."

—It is a mistaken sentiment that offers opposition to the whipping post for wife beaters. It is not a proper punishment to put a man in jail who beats a defenseless woman. He should be thrashed and there is no better way to do this than at the whipping post. Indiana is about establishing the whipping post for wife beaters, and Pennsylvania would make no mistake in following the lead.

—We learn from the Tionesta *Republican* that "Recorder J. R. Clark of Forest Lodge, A. O. U. W., had the pleasure, on Monday of this week, of handing to Mrs. M. Andrews, widow of the late E. E. Andrews, a draft from the Grand Lodge of this jurisdiction for $2,000, the amount due on his beneficiary certificate as a member of that order." This will be pleasing news to Mrs. Andrews's many friends in this section.

[illegible] benefit of the M. E. Parsonage fund, says: Prof. W. Congrove's literary entertainment "Excelsior" was a great literary treat to those who heard it. The lecturer is too well known in the county to need any introduction to our readers, and his reputation as a man of letters is national.

—Mrs. Viola Hamlin, wife of the late A. D. Hamlin, died at her home in this borough Thursday morning Feb. 26th 1891 of paralysis of the heart, aged 65 years 11 months and 13 days. Mrs. Hamlin was born in Chenango county N. Y. and was married to A. D. Hamlin Sep. [illegible] 1851. She was the mother of eight children, all but two of whom are living. The funeral services will be held at the home of the deceased on Sunday next at 2 o'clock. A lengthy obituary will be given next week.

—A [illegible] A syndicate composed of Bolivar, Portville and Olean capitalists have leased 12,000 acres of territory lying north of this village and propose as soon as [illegible] to [illegible] pipe gas to the residents [illegible] the line down the river to Portville [illegible] of five miles. Two wells have already been drilled on one of the leases and as they show a [illegible] pressure of the [illegible] article there is no doubt of an abundant supply. Other wells will be drilled at once and the enterprise may be said to be a go of most pronounced type. Wilson Bros. of Bolivar are engineering the scheme.

—The Smethport correspondent of the Bradford *Star* has again been heard from, and, while [illegible] the writer as a sneak, again shows the cloven foot by distorting facts, and has always a false impression to go abroad. But in this same letter the correspondent makes *amende honorable* by removing the odium from the [illegible] school board. He says "I repeat there is a feeling against the school board * * * because of church matters. Whether or not it is just I do not know." His first statement was a direct charge against the school board [illegible] therefore [illegible] a repetition and to this last we agree with him to a certain extent. There is a feeling against the board on the part of some persons but happily the number is not great. [illegible] all towns has its [illegible] and they have got to have a certain amount of "kicking" [illegible] the school board something else would have to stand it. So far as the epithet applies to the writer he [illegible] to earn a [illegible] but rather looks upon it as a credit coming from the source it does, so far [illegible] and bringing to light the "dark deeds" [illegible] who furnish [illegible] of the Local and General for the MINER has no grievance, and therefore does not think that any good purpose would be [illegible] by [illegible]. It does [illegible] think the correspondent is very anxious to have it done judging from his [illegible] some day last week. However as the correspondent [illegible] great wrong we have [illegible] further to say on the matter.

JAIL DELIVERY.

On Thursday night last six prisoners confined in the jail here made a bold dash for liberty headed by "Reddy" Mack. The particulars are about as follows:

The jailer [illegible] of the jail [illegible] the prisoners were all [illegible] the day. Mrs. Walter Grubb the sheriff's wife was present and was about to lock the door when one of the prisoners [illegible] a bar in between the door and frame. That prevented the bolt from slipping into its place. While this was going on Jailer Dwyer was seized by two or three of the gang and was choked and otherwise maltreated in a most brutal manner. Mrs. Grubb bravely tried to close the door and prevent the desperate fellows from escaping but she was caught by Reddy Mack [illegible] his powerful grasp while his [illegible] made their hasty exit through the sheriff's residence in the front of the jail building. Then Mack [illegible] the woman [illegible] a corner and rushing into a room [illegible] hand, he leaped through a window and started away upon his journey to freedom. The fugitives took to the woods.

Mrs. Grubb and the jailer soon gave the alarm, when a large crowd assembled at the jail. It was found that the lady was not seriously injured, although suffering from the effects of the rough treatment received from young Mack.

Sheriff Grubb was at Port Allegany at the time but Deputy Sheriff Shoemaker and Ex Sheriff Clarke immediately gave the matter their attention and with a large force of citizens started at once in pursuit of the fugitives.

The prisoners were all from Bradford and a tougher gang it would be hard to find. They were H. L. Pike charged with horse stealing, Fred White a half breed Indian, assault and battery, Jas. alias "Skinner" Mack highway robbery, Ernest Schuster larceny, John Smith alias Phalan, larceny, Thomas Powell, assault and battery, William Barlow, larceny.

Up to the hour of going to press, but one of the birds have been recaptured, John Smith, who again languishes in the jail. Rewards ranging from $50 to $100 have been offered by the County Commissioners for the capture of the fugitives.

"Alas Alas" the dude exclaims "on my slender ankle I've got pains." "Don't fret" said ma, for whom he had sent "I have some Salvation Oil."

—"Gold Leaf" Whiskey distilled by Gold Leaf Distilling Co. N. R. Collins & Co. Owners and Proprietors.

St. Luke's Church.

Services on Sunday next at 8 a. m. (Holy Communion) at 10.30 a. m. and at 7.30 p. m. Subject for third Sunday in Lent, March 1st are "True and False Penitence" at morning services and at 7.30 p. m. "The Centennial of the death of Rev. John Wesley" (ob. March 2, 1791). Services at All Saints Chapel at 2.30 p. m. on Sundays, and at 7.30 p. m. on Thursdays.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by Frank R. Foster, Druggist.

List of Letters

Remaining in the post office at Smethport Pa. for the week ending Feb 21

Private M. L.
[illegible] Alis
Cousins, George
Catt Ginny
Emistrom A. Foreign
Jensen, John J
Dohnberg John

Kutlocker John
M Nally Mrs. John
Marks M. W.
Ryan John
[illegible] Samuel
Wixson Grant
Woolliser Fred

Persons calling for these letters, please say advertised and give date.

E. M. [illegible], P. M.

"My time is up," said the doctor to the patient, whom he found using Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and he was correct.

—Whiskeys, wines and liquors, N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa. Largest stock, lowest prices.

T. L. McKean, of Wilcox, was in town Monday.

District Attorney Benton [illegible] last week.

A. Harvey and wife, of Oil City were in town Tuesday.

Chas. K. Kane of Kane was in town on Monday last.

S. J. Frankenstein, of Titusville was in town this week.

Hon J. W. Lee, of Franklin had business at court this week.

Mrs. William Mason has been quite sick for some days past.

Lawyer P. I. Carter of Bradford had business at court this week.

S. D. Weaver of Bradford was at the county seat Wednesday.

G. W. Cross and Geo. E. Abbey were over from Kendall this week.

Volney Coleman of Olean spent Sunday with friends in Smethport.

Chief of Police [illegible] of Bradford was in attendance at court this week.

C. I. Adamson of Bradford was a caller at the MINER office Monday.

F. P. Slocum is in town attending to his duties as mercantile appraiser.

M. F. Shartz of Port Allegany had business at the county seat this week.

Prest. Judge A. G. Olmsted of Coudersport presided at criminal court this week.

Editor Hughes, of the Port Allegany *Reporter* was a caller at the MINER office Tuesday.

Editor Barbour of the *Star* and son were at the county seat the first part of the week.

P. R. James and D. A. Dennison, of the Bradford *Era* called at the MINER office Tuesday.

Howard Wilson and daughter returned from their visit to Muncey on Saturday evening last.

B. C. Barbour, of Salamanca, representing the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. was in Smethport Wednesday.

Postmaster Kerns has been on the sick list for a week past but has sufficiently recovered to be around again.

J. C. Hall of Port Allegany was a caller at the MINER office on Tuesday. He is serving as a grand juror.

E. P. Dalrymple of the enterprising firm of Dalrymple, Bard & Co. of Port Allegany was in town Wednesday.

Hon. [illegible] of Bradford attended court this week as witness in the Vosburgh murder case.

Mrs. Helen S. Morrison Past Department President attended the annual Convention of the W. R. C. at Altoona this week.

S. W. Smith, M. J. [illegible], W. L. Hildridge and Chas. Collins attorneys of Port Allegany were in attendance at court this week.

Dr. [illegible] of Yorkshire N. Y. was in town on Wednesday having been called to attend a child of A. Drew [illegible] who is very ill.

M. F. Elliott of Tioga county is among the distinguished lawyers in town this week. He is retained for the Commonwealth in the Bradford murder case.

Miss Flora Wright daughter of Col. J. Wright of Smethport, who has been visiting Mrs. S. C. Hyde for a few days went to [illegible] Monday.—*Cameron County Press.*

Among the Bradford Attorneys in attendance at court this week are C. L. Roberts, C. A. Sturgeon, J. B. Chapman, M. H. [illegible], J. M. McClure, Eugene Mullin and [illegible] Mullin.

James W. [illegible] the genial foreman of the *Era* press department, was one of Bradford's representatives on the jury at the criminal court this week. During his stay in town he found time to visit the MINER office.

Among Bradford's representatives in town this week we notice J. L. McKelvy, S. D. Foley, James A. Campbell, J. P. Zane, Hon. F. S. Johnson, Otto Gash, Henry Sanford, J. L. Andrews, C. J. Lane, A. Brown and J. M. Hart.

Sheriff Grubb of Smethport, was in our city on a business mission last Friday. This is his first visit here since election and he is the same genial gentleman as of yore. Mr. Grubb is not the sort of a man to swell up like a poisoned pup after being elevated to a responsible public position. He is not built that way.—*Hart.*

Hon. T. A. Morrison and Hon. L. Rogers, of Smethport, attended the meeting of the G. A. R. encampment in the city last evening. They leave this morning for Altoona, Pa. where they will attend the G. A. R. encampment, which will be held at that place this week. Judge Olmstead will occupy the bench during criminal court this week.—*Bradford Sunday News.*

How to Make Apples a Sure Crop.

A certain farmer gathered from the orchard on his farm last fall about 200 bushels of apples. They were of excellent quality and proved to be good keepers, in proof of which he still has a good quantity after disposing of many around home and in the city market, realizing good prices. The varieties now on hand are principally Smith's Cider and Russets. His success in growing apples is in the fact that he manures his orchard heavily every year. He never misses a crop. He uses barnyard manure and bone and sprinkles ashes liberally under the trees during winter or early spring. Later he allows his hogs the range of the orchard where they keep the ground torn up by rooting and in the late summer eat the apples that fall, thereby destroying the incipient insect that does so much mischief with apples. This farmer's plan is worthy of adoption by others.—*Agitator.*

"The eyes of other people are the eyes that ruin us," but if your eyes are weak and sore from catarrh, Old Saul's Catarrh Cure will relieve you.

Lake Erie Trotting Circuit.

A meeting of the Driving Park Association was held at the Sherman House Jamestown, Monday of last week, for the purpose of forming a circuit for the Spring races. Those who met at the call of Major Collins were Jamestown, J. B. Collins, T. J. Vandergrift, L. Helveran, Erie C. F. Dakins, Warren, George S. Davis, J. H. Gray, Dunkirk and Fredonia, G. R. Moore, Bradford, S. D. Weaver, A. C. Hawkins, F. H. Chapman, E. A. Dempsey, Meadville, C. G. Dempsey. Major A. C. Hawkins was elected chairman and S. D. Weaver secretary. These gentlemen were chosen as permanent officers of the Lake Erie Trotting Circuit. The programme for each place is as follows:

First day—2:30 trot, local race, free-for-all pace. Second day—2:37 trot, local race 2:27 trot. Third day—2:22 trot, local race, 2:27 pace. Fourth day—2:15 trot, local race, free-for-all.

Dates were set as follows, four days in each place, the dates being inclusive in each case: Meadville, June 2-5; Warren, June 9-12; Jamestown, June 15-19; Bradford, June 22-26; Tonawanda, July 1-4; Dunkirk, July 7-10; Erie, July 14-17.

CORRESPONDENCE.

BRADFORD.

On Saturday morning Mrs. Mabel Fuser died of [illegible], aged 25 years.

Wellington Lord, who has been a resident of Bradford since its pioneer days, died Tuesday morning aged 65.

[illegible] Wyck, who has been a teacher in the high school here five years, has [illegible] her home in Oil City.

Mrs. W. H. Weaver intends taking a trip to Florida in company with Mrs. L. E. Hammer and Mrs. Emery, of Titusville, about the 1st of March.

Monday evening a fire broke out in a dwelling house on River street. The house was entirely consumed together with the adjoining building. Loss about $[illegible], partly covered by insurance.

John Johnson, a Swede, had his face horribly cut and bruised Saturday night while engaged in a drunken brawl on Pine street. It is strange that so brutal a scene should have met with no interference from the police.

The death of Mrs. Emma Crane, wife of Dr. Harry Crane, occurred Saturday morning at 2 o'clock. The deceased was 31 years of age and leaves one child a daughter. The funeral services were held on Tuesday at the Baptist church.

Chauncey Carnell was arrested on a charge of embezzlement, preferred by J. F. Savacool and given a hearing before Judge Wolcott. He was held under $300 bail for his appearance at court, but managed to disappear while the constable who held him in charge was absent from the alderman's office.

The Bradford Electric Light and Power Co. have set up a new 150 horse power engine. It gets its steam from a new 100 horse power boiler and runs a dynamo of 1,000 light power. This dynamo makes 1,270 revolutions per minute. The company has one of the most complete plants in this part of the country.

Bradford people are always willing to pay for what they get but they don't like to be imposed upon. The management of the only opera house in the city are putting this characteristic of our people to the test, when they charge $1.50 for seats at attractions which bring only $1 in other cities. Wagner & Reis are not here for their health, of course, but they might be a little more considerate and treat our theatre goers with more fairness.

If present indications prove true Bradford will soon be the seat of an industry that will swell its size and population to twice what it is now. There were present in the city last week, Messrs. J. S. Brien architect and engineer, H. T. Hatton, F. Faringer, H. Homer and H. [illegible] of Philadelphia. These gentlemen were here to purchase 1,000 acres of land for the much talked of Tubular Car Works, which will be located in our vicinity. The inventor of the tubular car J. W. Post is expected here soon and it can be called a sure thing that Bradford is to have this plant.

On Sunday night Miss Celia Christer of Big Shanty and F. A. Fitzgerald an operator at Crawford Junction eloped to Limestone where they intended to be married, but the young lady's mother got wind of the affair and sent a message to the little town over the state line, forbidding the minister and the justice to marry the couple. Two friends of Mrs. Christer drove after the young couple and brought the girl back to her mother. It is said that, in time, Miss Christer will be thankful that her romantic escapade came to so unromantic an ending, for her lover does not bear the best of reputations. The young lady is of excellent character.

PORT ALLEGANY.

Mr. and Mrs. Al. [illegible] are rejoicing at the birth of a twelve pound boy.

Mr. Jno. Rice has taken charge of rebuilding the stacks of the Lumsville tannery. D. U. Taylor of Olean has the contract.

George Hones our popular milkman is building himself a residence on Chestnut street.

Several cases of la grippe in town and nearly every one is troubled with a sympathetic sneeze.

C. L. Ward, L. G. Bartle and R. H. Camp attended the business meeting of the McKean Co. Veteran Association held at Eldred on Wednesday last.

Leander Perkins an old veteran from Friendship, N. Y. has purchased the mill of the Fay Bros. located in the Two Mile. Mr. Perkins is an experienced saw mill man and a straightforward business man, and we gladly welcome him to our circle.

Atty W. L. Hildridge is having a terrible time with the la grippe.

E. B. Dolley was in Buffalo on business for a few days last week.

F. A. Venus of Portage Creek, was in town last week and setting up the cigars all on account of a baby boy which the doctor left at his house a few days ago.

[illegible] daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. [illegible] died at her parents residence [illegible] of cancer. The funeral [illegible] The interment was at the [illegible] cemetery.

On Wednesday last Mrs. George Greer was called to her home in Hornellsville N. Y. by the death of her aunt.

Jas. Dougherty who has been confined to his bed for a long time was able to be on the street on Friday last.

[illegible] is confined with the rheumatism and his many friends are wishing him a speedy recovery.

The borough election passed off quietly. Party lines were entirely ignored and every one voted for the person whom he thought would make the most efficient officer. It was rather a case of [illegible].

Mrs. F. E. Utter of [illegible] N. Y. is in town visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. A. J. [illegible].

The high water of last week done considerable damage to the streets in the lower part of the village.

C. H. Bard [illegible] in the excursion to Washington on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Bard were called to Franklinville on Saturday last by the sudden death of Mrs. Bard's brother.

R. H. Camp has been confined to his home with a severe cold for the past three or four days.

Chas. Bishop of Sweden Valley passed the Sabbath with his family in this village.

Mrs. M. E. Melrose of Rochester who passed a week in town the guest of Mrs. B. G. Bartle returned to her home on Thursday morning last.

ELDRED.

Wm. Lasting has returned from a visit to Buffalo friends.

The Hon. Judge Olmstead of Coudersport was in town Monday.

Mrs. F. A. Harden and Mrs. A. D. Scott are visiting friends in Buffalo.

Tuesday evening's express was several hours late, the delay being caused by a large wreck at E. Aurora.

Misses Fannie Wainman and Frank Douglass and Mr. Harry Waite, delegates from this place to the Epworth League Convention held at Buffalo the better part of last week, returned Monday. They gave very interesting accounts of the convention at the league meeting here Monday evening. The league of this place is in a very prosperous condition. It is now second in size in the district.

The Eldred people are making preparations for the Teachers' Association to be held here the latter part of this week. Quite an interesting programme has been prepared and Prof. Passmore is striving to the utmost to make it a success.

The New Orleans University singers gave a concert at the M. E. Church Tuesday evening for the benefit of the Epworth League. It was well attended and every one was well satisfied with the music rendered.

J. M. Cotter has disposed of his real estate and insurance agency to Mr. Wm. Doyle, of Sartwell. Mr. Cotter leaves this week for Wisconsin.

The Opera House has been undergoing a thorough cleansing this week. It is now under the management of L. A. Machle.

Last Saturday night, horse thieves entered the barn of John J. Welch and took a valuable team, harness and buggy and left no trace behind. It has since been found out that they occupied the school house in the immediate vicinity all Friday night and Saturday, where they broke up seats and desks for fuel and left the place in a very damaged condition. They then drove to Bolivar where they broke into the post office, with what success, we are unable to learn. The team was found Sunday standing where they had left them in front of the post office.

KENDALL CREEK.

Mrs. Chas. Close is visiting friends in Du Bois.

Wm. Kirchner, who is working at Mt. Jewett, spent Sunday with his parents.

F. I. Flood is doing duty as [illegible] at Smethport this week.

There are a large number of cases of chicken pox in town.

Mrs. J. D. Almy and family are visiting friends and relatives in Ceres, N. Y.

Mrs. H. A. Greer who has been sick for the past week with the grip, has recovered.

Rev. J. H. Sandy was confined to his room last Friday and Saturday with a severe cold.

Miss Etta Derry left Wednesday for Kansas City, to visit her father.

Miss Anna May Potter has returned from Watt's Flats, where she has been visiting her sister.

Mrs. Ed. Branson, who has been the guest of Mrs. E. D. McKinney left last week for Buffalo, N. Y.

The recent high water left the road on Railroad street in a very bad condition. A part of it between the bridge and Erie track was washed out by the flood.

Mrs. E. D. Sherman is attending the convention of the W. R. C. at Altoona, Pa. this week.

Miss Mary Dixon, who has been the guest of her cousins, the Misses Lena and Adda Dyer, has returned to her home in Mansfield, O.

The Steel Tubular Car Works are an assured fact. Our little village may expect a 'boom' in the near future. There is rejoicing in the hearts of all business men.

RIXFORD.

Many are suffering with severe colds.

Mr. J. W. Martin has returned.

Miss Letty Owens is convalescent.

The result of the election seems satisfactory.

Mrs. S. M. Love has returned from Ill.

Miss Alice Martin is visiting friends in Pittsburgh.

Mr. E. E. McQuatio is well enough to return to business.

Mr. Edward Rose, of Iowa, has been visiting friends in town.

The E. A. U. visited Gilmore's [illegible] and were royally entertained.

Mr. Geo. Prentice and Miss Mamie Lawrence were quietly married at Knapp's Creek last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Brown will celebrate the 25th Anniversary of the wedding on Friday evening the 27th.

Mrs. F. C. Nicholson and daughter, Clara, of Pittsburgh, are guests of Mrs. Nicholson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Brown.

The Ladies of the M. E. Church have secured Rev. Mr. Gilfrey, of Olean, to lecture on Friday evening, March 6th. His subject is "Great Women of the 19th Century."

[illegible]

Albert [illegible] and [illegible] the county seat last week.

Jacob [illegible] children are very sick with measles.

Several of our prominent citizens had business at the county seat last Monday.

Frank Hensley was reviewing old acquaintances in this place last week.

J. G. C. Graham, of Buffalo, was in town last week.

Thomas Quirk, of Smethport, was in town last Monday.

J. S. McCarty had business at the county seat last Saturday.

D. M. Ernsted, of Smethport, was attending to business in this place last week.

The recent rains have taken all the sleighing off and consequently business is rather dull.

Miss Quirk and Miss McCarty of Smethport, spent Saturday with relatives in this place.

John Delahunty, the genial operator at Instanter, was in town one day last week.

Charles Fulton, C. H. Moore's blacksmith has moved his family to Kane.

Miss Kittie Leitta and Miss Kate Nugent visited friends at Mt. Alton last Saturday and Sunday.

The assignees of C. H. Moore were in town last week but there has been no settlement as yet.

Miss Fannie Swanson was the guest of Miss Lizzie Holtman last Sunday.

It is reported that Moore's new mill at Four Mile has been sold to parties in Philadelphia.

There was a meeting held in the Union Church last Wednesday evening for the purpose of organizing a society. It was named the Clermont Dramatic Society. The following officers were elected: Mr. Prentiss, President, Miss Etta Belknap Vice President, Mr. C. E. Prosho, Secretary, Mr. E. F. Burdick, Treasurer and Miss Teresa Amond, J. S. McCarty and Albert Anderson Trustees. They are going to give an entertainment in the near future, the proceeds to go to the Union Church of this place and we hope they will be successful in all their undertakings as it is for a good cause.

COLEGROVE.

Thomas Walker is visiting his brother, who resides in Philadelphia.

The roads in some places are in a bad condition since the high water last week.

Will Healer is an inmate of the Smethport jail. A charge of obtaining money by false pretenses, was brought against him by Fred. Granteer.

Dr. Warren Smith and Will Evans are looking happy since they were elected supervisors Norwich township. By mistake two other names were published instead of theirs.

Rev. Mr. E. P. Hubbell did not deliver the announced lecture on "courtship and marriage." The high water hastened the departure of Mr. Hubbell. Undoubtedly the lecture will be given in the near future.

The dance given by the K. O. T. M. was a social and financial success. A large number were in attendance. Mr. Granteer the one for whom it was given returns thanks to members of Tent 84 and other who helped make it success. Among the Smethport friends present were John Henderson, Charles Pratt, Lew Ramer and Dr. Chadwick. The receipts for the evening were $50 to clear of expenses.

Mrs. Elisha Bush of Robbins Brook was taken from her home to the home of her father Charles Lee near Port Allegany. Mrs. Bush only lived a few days after her removal. Her death occurred the 19th instant.

If other cases of scarlet fever occur in our vicinity much blame would rest on some who visit a house where so contagious a disease exists and do nothing to prevent carrying the disease to others. They ought to be fumigated worse than Mark Twain was when he was on his trip with the Innocents.

Sneak thieving was reported from Christian Hollow last week.

Mrs. A. Bartlett teacher in school No. 6 usually drives from home to school every day but during the storm last week, did not return until Thursday, and then found that some one had taken a buffalo robe and a rubber lap robe from the barn where the horse was kept. Mrs. Bartlett drove home without the robes but caught so severe a cold she could not return the next day. The purloiner of the robes can save exposure by returning them.

CERES.

F. M. Van Wormer went to Rochester Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelison started on their Australian trip Monday.

E. L. Nicholson was in Olean Wednesday.

Miss Laura Boothe returned Saturday from a two weeks visit among Oil City friends.

J. B. Almy and family staying in Ceres.

Miss Edith Fuller was in Olean Wednesday.

Mrs. J. Ford of Nile visited in Ceres the last of the week.

Mrs. H. F. Lamphier died on Tuesday after a lingering illness and was buried in the Bells Run cemetery on Thursday. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved family.

Bob Hogan was buried from the residence of L. P. White's Saturday afternoon where he has received every care and attention for two weeks that could be rendered. Great credit is due Mr. White's people. The floral decorations were very beautiful.

A suspected poker room was raided last week and four citizens found themselves under arrest. As there was no evidence of gambling at the time of the raid a charge was made of gambling at divers times within two years. The same proved a stunner to the boys, who seemed better posted on poker than has Justice Cone invited three of the aforesaid citizens to a social to be held at Smethport in the near future.

The recently elected Pennsylvania town officers are at Smethport, qualifying for their respective offices.

J. P. Herrick and W. A. Stevens were in Bolivar Monday.

Miss Jenne Carpenter supported by a company of metropolitan artists plays Snowbound in the opera house Wednesday evening.

Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is in great demand everybody speaks well of it. The price is 25 cents.

—For fine goods in the liquor line either for medicinal or family use order of N. R. Collins & Co. Bradford Pa.

The Pennsylvania Railroad's Second Tour to the Golden Gate.

Tourists on the first Pennsylvania Railroad tour to the Golden Gate left New Orleans last week after witnessing the great Carnival of Mardi Gras. Their special train has provoked the greatest admiration and the most favorable comments from the Southern people, owing to its palatial equipment. Letters from the tourists *en route* to friends at home are full of expressions of delight in regard to the trip. The second tour, which will leave Philadelphia Tuesday march 3d, is filling up rapidly, due in great measure to the desire of many to be in California in the delightful season of early spring. The route taken for the second tour west traverses the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona, entering the American Utopian State California from the south while eastbound it takes the same route as the first tour. Stops of longer or shorter duration are made at all the prominent points *en route* in both directions. The rate is remarkably low, being but $275, yet including Pullman Palace Car accommodations, meals, and several side trips. The descriptive itinerary may be procured upon application to George W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agt. For those who anticipate joining this second tour application for space should be made at once, as the number to be carried is limited.

—"Gold Leaf" Whiskeys distilled by Gold Leaf Distilling Co. N. R. Collins & Co., Owners and Proprietors.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Sold at 50c. and $1.00 per bottle by F. R. Foster Druggist.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Clarence W. Bowen, Secretary of the Committee on the Centennial of Washington's Inauguration, 251 Broadway, New York desires information regarding the portraits of Thomas Fitzsimons, Thomas Hartley and Thomas Scott, Members of Congress from Pennsylvania. These portraits, for the Memorial Volume, are particularly desired, to complete the list of portraits of the Pennsylvania delegation in Congress at the time of Washington's Inauguration.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my Lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles; it has cured me and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at F. R. Foster's Drug Store, regular size, 50c. and $1.00.

—"First Attempt" clear Havana.

—Smokers' articles of every description at Emil Thumm's.

—For fine goods in the liquor line, either for medicinal or family use order of N. R. Collins, & Co., Bradford, Pa.

—For fine tobacco, cigars, etc., go to Emil Thumm's. Fine stock and low prices.

—For fine goods in the liquor line, either for medicinal or family use order of N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa.

—Farmers and farmers' sons who have a horse and rig at their disposal and who are looking for profitable employment may secure positions worth from thirty to sixty dollars a week by addressing A. J. Potter, 3 East 14th St., New York.

—"Gold Leaf" Whiskeys distilled by Gold Leaf Distilling Co. N. R. Collins & Co., Owners and Proprietors.

ENGLISH Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeny, ring bone, stifles, sprains, and swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport.

How often we hear middle-aged people say regarding that reliable old cough remedy N. H. Downs' Elixir "Why, my mother gave it to me when I was a child and I used it in my family. It always cures." It is always guaranteed to cure or money refunded. For sale by H. L. McCoy and A. B. Armstrong.

—Whiskeys, wines and liquors, N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa. Largest stock, lowest prices.

Every mother should have Arnica & Oil Liniment always in the house in case of accident from burns, scalds or bruises. For sale by H. L. McCoy and A. B. Armstrong.

—Whiskeys, wines and liquors, at N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa. Largest stock, lowest prices.

Costiveness can be permanently cured by the use of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. For sale by H. L. McCoy and A. B. Armstrong.

China Department.

We carry in stock a full line of white and decorated Haviland China comprising every article for the table, mantel and cabinet. Special attention given to White Haviland China for decorating. Prices the same as the regular New York price viz 50 cents per franc. Usual discount to teachers. Our Smethport and out-of-town customers are cordially invited to send in their orders by mail, which will receive our prompt attention.

L. EMERY JR. & CO.
45 Main St.
(Second Floor) Bradford, Pa.

A Valuable Discovery.

Dr. Brown-Sequard's elixir of youth may be an important discovery but every one knows that Dr. Franklin Miles' New Heart Cure certainly is. It has given thousands afflicted with serious heart disease a New Lease of Life. Druggists who can observe its effects on many customers everywhere speak very highly of it. Mr. John Weaver of Knightstown, Ind. says: "I have sold much of Dr. Miles' New Cure and have received many good reports." O. Monroe of Dunkirk, N. Y. reports large sales. And the best part of it is every bottle has given satisfaction. Sold and guaranteed by A. B. Armstrong.

Life's Mistakes.

Somebody has condensed the mistakes of life and arrived at the conclusion that there are fourteen of them. The greatest of all mistakes is to allow a simple Cough or Cold to take its course, which always ends in death; check it in time and save life by use of Pan Tina Cough and Consumption Cure. Price 25 cents. Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's Drug Store.

Worth Its Weight in Gold.

If you feel depressed, your appetite is poor and are troubled with Dizziness of the head, Biliousness or Dyspepsia, Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator will cure you. Trial size bottles free.

A well known physician in New York advises all his patients that suffer with Coughs and Colds to use Pan Tina Cough and Consumption Cure. 25 and 50 cents. Trial bottles free at Frank R. Foster's Drug Store.

Great Discoverers.

What Bell and Edison are to the telephone and electricity, says the Pittsburg News, Dr. Franklin Miles, the well known specialist in nervous diseases, is to the nervous system and nerve fluid. Among his numerous discoveries the Restorative Nervine is undoubtedly one of the greatest. It is unsurpassed in nervousness, dyspepsia, headache, epilepsy, neuralgia, backache, melancholy, sleeplessness, change of life, etc. Free Trial bottles of it may be had of A. B. Armstrong, Druggist. All should read his "New and startling Facts for the Afflicted," a very able, interesting, and finely illustrated book. Free to all.

Interesting to Ladies.

For many years I was afflicted with all the horrible tortures incident to the diseases peculiar to my sex, and spent a fortune seeking relief among the best physicians of Europe in vain. I was finally cured by a simple vegetable remedy given me by a Franco Mexican Nurse. Desirous that other sufferers may know of it, I will send full particulars to any lady on receipt of stamp to pay postage.

Address —MADAM JULIA LA MONDE,
Buffalo, N. Y.

CATARRH IN NEW ENGLAND.

Ely's Cream Balm gives satisfaction to every one using it for catarrhal troubles.—G. K. Mellor, Druggist, Worcester, Mass.

I believe Ely's Cream Balm is the best article for catarrh ever offered the public.—Bush & Co., Druggist, Worcester, Mass.

An article of real merit.—C. P. Alden, Druggist, Springfield, Mass.

Those who use it speak highly of it.—Geo. A. Hill, Druggist, Springfield, Mass.

Cream Balm has given satisfactory results.—W. P. Draper, Druggist, Springfield, Mass.

MUNN & CO.
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY for
PATENTS
A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free.
Address MUNN & CO.
361 Broadway,
New York.

WM. RADAM'S
MICROBE KILLER
CURES ALL DISEASES.
THE GREATEST MEDICINE OF THE AGE
IT PURIFIES THE BLOOD,
DESTROYS MICROBES,
the cause of every disease, and is a wonderful
Tonic and Antiseptic.
Book giving history of microbes and the Microbe Killer FREE.
Address, 7 Laight St., NEW YORK CITY.
25-[illegible]

D. T. & Co
CASH AND ONE PRICE.

BUFFALO, Feb. 25, '91.

The only competition we know of in carpets is our own past: and we know of no equal incentive for the future. The success of 1890 surcharges energy of 1891. The evidence confronts you. Here are—

The new Axminsters
The gorgeous Wiltons.
Peerless Brussels.
Most delicate of Moquettes.
Grandest tapestries.
Most sensible Ingrains.

And all the round of carpet relationship.

Mattings of every imaginable style. China mattings by the score of pattern.

And these are but the heralds of things to come.

We promise you better styles, better attention, better facilities for quick seeing and matching, and more prompt attention to every detail than ever before.

Rugs.

The news of Oriental Rugs is that the finer grades are getting scarce. We have plenty. We mean to keep a stock that for quantity, high-grade qualities and style we've never yet approached. Up to a year ago the finer Orientals were an incident of our trade. We took hold of the matter in dead earnest and now we hold subject to your approval, a stock which would do credit to an antiquary's shop. You could count on your fingers the stores the whole country over that equal it.

Upholsteries.

The heading isn't right, but it isn't the printer's mistake. We mean the second floor.

Draperies, Upholsteries,
Draping Silks, Fringes,
Upholstery and Curtain Materials,
Art Furniture, Japanese Ware

We know of no such school of taste, such a gathering place of all classes of goods the people want, such welcome to look and learn, such opportunity of finding what you want or should have.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO

THE LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME
SEWING MACHINE
THE BEST ATTACHMENTS THE FINEST WOODWORK
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE, MASS.
CHICAGO, ILL. 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
ST. LOUIS, MO. BOSTON, MASS. ATLANTA, GA. DALLAS, TEX.
FOR SALE BY

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace, orphans and court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday December 12th, 1890 and to me directed, for holding a court of common pleas, at the borough of Smethport on Tuesday the 10th day of March, 1891 and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Feb. 16, 1890, and in the 115th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

WALTER GRUBB, Sheriff.

Notice.

In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 2 for the County of Philadelphia. } Of December Term 1890. No. 782.

In the matter of the dissolution of The Clermont and Bradford Railroad Company a corporation.

Notice is hereby given in McKean county (where the principal operations of the Company were conducted) that on Saturday, the 21st February 1891 The Clermont and Bradford Railroad Company filed its petition in the Court of Common Pleas No. 2 of Philadelphia County praying for a decree of dissolution.

And that the Court has appointed Saturday April 4th 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. to hear the application for dissolution, when and where all parties interested can attend to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the petition should not be granted.

A notice similar to this is published in Philadelphia (where the principal office of the Company is located).

F. HOWE HANSON, Sol. for petitioner
No. 707 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

T. H. PURTLE,
General Blacksmithing,
CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKS.
WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Repairing in all its branches promptly done. By the aid of competent workmen, I am able to turn out first-class work at moderate prices.

Horseshoeing -:- A -:- Specialty

Agent for Edmund's Celebrated Hoof Expander, a positive cure for contracted feet. A reward of $500 will be paid for any case of contraction that cannot be cured by the use of this contrivance.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE,
PISO'S CURE
FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION immediately. By Druggists. 25 cents.

HOP BALSAM

Cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung Diseases. Nature's own wonderful and speedy cure. Never fails. Tastes good. Children like it. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price 25c.

Contract To Let.

To cut, haul, and load on cars 10,000 cords of hard wood. Inquire over 82 Main St. or address T. J. Bond, Bradford, Pa.

FOR RENT—That large, new, commodious hotel, situated at Clermont, Pa., known as the Bayer House. For terms apply to
L. BAYER, Clermont, Pa.

SALE CONTINUED ONE WEEK LONGER

A Chace for You to Save Money at Our Expense!

We are preparing for our semi-annual inventory, and to reduce stock will offer for

ONE WEEK ONLY

300 yards	4-4 Unbleeched Muslin	- - - -	@ 5c worth 6c.
600 "	4-4 " "	- - - -	@ 6c worth 7c.
1200 "	4-4 " "	- - - -	@ 6¼c worth 7½c.
800 "	4-4 " "	- - - -	@ 7c worth 8c.
400 "	4-4 " "	- - - -	@ 7½c worth 8½c.
1000 "	Lounsdale 4-4 Bleached	- - - -	@ 8c worth 10c
500 "	Fruit of Loom "	- - - -	@ 8½c worth 10c

5-4, 6-4, 8-4, 9-4 and 10-4, Bleached and Unbleached at much less than value. Coats spool Cotton, 6 spools for 25c for this sale only.

2500 yards Best Makes Standard Prints, Choicest Styles @ 7c regular price 8c.

Odds and Ends, and seasonable goods in every department that we desire to close to make room for spring goods.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.
OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,
SMETHPORT, PA.

STILL -:- TO -:- BE -:- FOUND!
—AT—
D. C. YOUNG'S
NEW -:- STORE

The Best and Cheapest lot of DOLLS ever brought into the town. Dressed Dolls from five cents up, worth twice as much.

FANCY -:- TOYS,

Story Books for the Children,
Gift Books for Grown People.

Pretty Hemstitched Handkerchiefs for 5 and 10 cents. Albums, Photograph frames, Glove Boxes.

TOILET CASES,

in fact everything to gladden the eye and please the hearts of the people.

And right here I wish to state that nearly all these goods were made in this country, and bought at much lower prices than the same can be purchased abroad. This was all brought about by the

PROTECTIVE TARIFF,

and the genius and intelligence of the American people, consequently the cry that the "tariff is a tax" and that those that buy imported goods pay the tax, will not apply here.

I have American Cashmere, all wool, which I am selling at 50 to 55 cents a yard, as good as imported goods at 75 cents, also a full line of Arcade Flannels, for women's and children's wear, warranted not to fade or shrink, together with a complete line of

JAMESTOWN DRESS GOODS,

warranted in the same way, that cannot be beaten in the world for price and durability. I also have a full line of Jamestown Hosiery, which pleases all my customers, and one of the finest stocks of

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBER GOODS

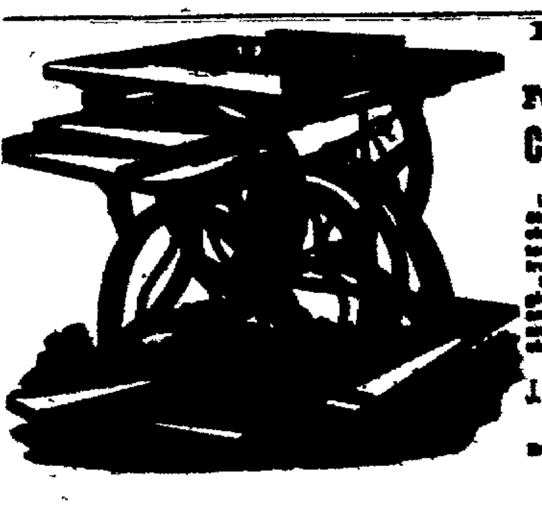
in the country, and at the old prices, together with a new lot of Slippers for Christmas.

My line of Groceries is very fine as will be attested by all who use them.

My stock of goods is so large and varied that it is impossible to mention even a small part of what I keep. Come to my store and prove for yourself that prices have not advanced, but are lower than ever before. If you do not see what you want call for it, and the goods will be cheerfully shown you.

D. C. YOUNG.

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 9, 1890.



HAND
—
FOOT POWER
Circular Saw.

Iron Frame, Steel Shafts and Arbor, Machine Cut Gears, Center of Table made of Iron.

Send for Catalogue giving full Description and Prices of our Hand and Foot Power Machinery.

J. B. [illegible] & CO.
Station A,
BOSTON, - MASS.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.,

THE LEADING

-:-CLOTHIERS,-:-

SMETHPORT, PA.

CUSTOM CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suitings, Overcoatings, Pantaloonings and Vestings The finest line in this section of the country.

READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Full and Complete Line Prices to correspond with the times, and satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

A FULL LINE OF BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

The latest novelties and finest stock of

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
MEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,

Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire

SATISFACTION :-: GUARANTEED.

N. R. COLLINS & CO.,

WHISKIES, WINES AND LIQUORS.

The Gold Leaf Distilling Co., Covington, Ky. Distillers

N. R. Collins & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

GOLD LEAF OLD RYE 1877 6th Dist Kenton Co Kentucky N.R. COLLINS & CO. CINCINNATI O

GOLD LEAF OLD RYE 1875 PRIVATE STOCK 6th Dist Kenton Co Kentucky N.R. COLLINS & CO CINCINNATI O

GOLD LEAF OLD RYE 1872 IMPERIAL 6th D Kenton Kentucky N.R. COLLINS & CO CINCINNATI O

Family Trade solicited

The Finest Goods our specialty

88 Main Street, - - Bradford, Pa.

W. R. WEAVER. L. EMERY, JR.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.

THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE!

41, 43 and 45 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

We wish to call the attention of builders to our stock of

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
BUILDING PAPER,
TARRED FELT,
DRUID ROOFING FELT,
PAINTS, OILS and GLASS.

Agent for

:: The Simonds Crescent Ground Cross Cut Saws, ::

Warranted to cut ten per cent more timber (the same labor being used) than any other saw made Wholesale agents for

THE NIAGARA NATURAL GAS BURNER

producing the finest light from natural gas of any burner in existence

Manufacturers' agents for

Tubing, Casing and Pipe,

from the well-known mills of the National Tube Works, Morris Tasker & Co., and The Riverside Iron Works.

GAS AND LAMP FIXTURES!

Manufacturers of

The Emery Rig Irons,

light and heavy, the best irons in the market

Gas, Water and Steam Fittings,

at wholesale and retail

SAW-MILL SUPPLIES,
TANNERY SUPPLIES,
STABLESUPPLIES.

EMERY ∴ & ∴ WEAVER,

BRADFORD, PA.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wholesale and Retail

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF

Nearly opposite Catholic church

J. F. ROONEY

DRUGS.

Patent Medicines,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods,

DRUGGISTS' -:- SUNDRIES.

Prescriptions promptly filled

H. C. WELLS Smethport, Pa

No more of this!

[illegible] RUBBER CO. [illegible]

"[illegible] COUNTERS."

RAMSDELL SWEET & CO Wholesale Agt's, BUFFALO

AT RETAIL BY

Retail dealers can have their names inserted here on application

---

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

BOB SLEDS!

Don't make a purchase until you have examined my stock and prices. They are superior in material and workmanship, and prices very low

I make a specialty of

HORSESHOEING,

and am prepared to do repairing of all kinds. Wagon and Blacksmith shop on Water street.

WM MASSLE.

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS

OF EVERY TYLES AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets;
Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 12, 1884.

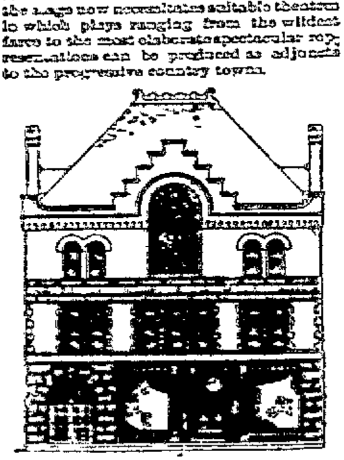
AGENTS WANTED [illegible]

A COUNTRY THEATRE.

It Will Seat Six Hundred, and Is Attractive and Cheap.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

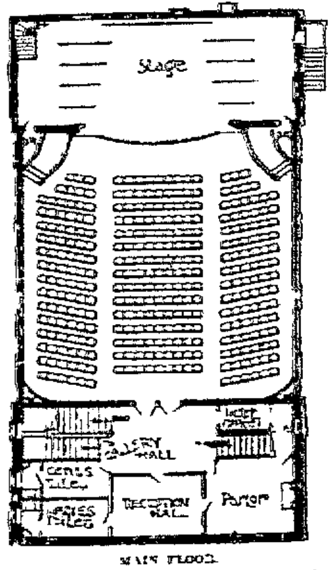
The modern system of theatrical management has not only had an appreciable effect upon the drama itself and the artists who portray that drama, but also upon the structures in which it is produced. Thirty years ago the bands of strolling players which traveled through the country, visiting only the larger towns, were content to play in halls, or even barns and school houses, with no scenery except a drop curtain in many instances. The introduction of the combination system has materially changed all that, and the growth of stage realism, in which fire engines, water tanks, architectural structures, etc., are used upon the stage now necessitates suitable theatres in which plays ranging from the wildest farce to the most elaborate spectacular representations can be produced as adjuncts to the progressive country town.



FRONT ELEVATION.

These cuts represent the plans and front elevation of a small theatre for a town of from ten to fifteen thousand inhabitants.

The first floor is occupied by a large store in the front part, while the rear is devoted to dressing rooms and stage purposes. From the side street a strong iron stairway leads from the sidewalk to the stage. The main entrance to the theatre is in the front, at one side. From the vestibule a broad staircase, broken by a large landing, leads directly to the foyer of the theatre and to the gallery stairs. The box office is placed at the right side of the foyer, convenient to the main entrance. In addition to the main auditorium and stage, this floor contains a parlor reception room and ladies' and gentlemen's toilet rooms. In the third story is the gallery of the theatre, and a large lodge room with necessary ante rooms complete. There are two private boxes in the parquet and two in the gallery.

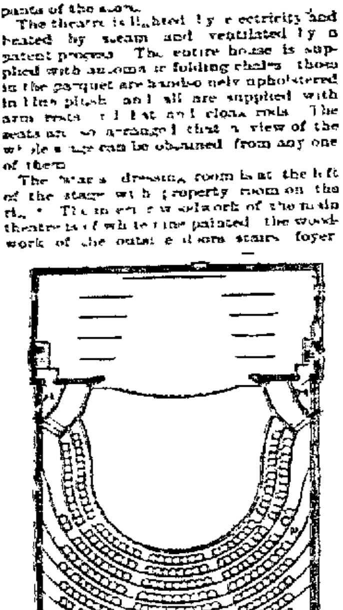


MAIN FLOOR.

The building is of brick with stone trimmings. A sub-basement with a concrete floor extends under the entire building. In it are a toilet room, furnace room, store room and cellars for the use of the occupants of the store.

The theatre is lighted by electricity and heated by steam and ventilated by a patent process. The entire house is supplied with automatic folding chairs; those in the parquet are handsomely upholstered in plush, and all are supplied with arm rests, hat and cloak rails. The seats are so arranged that a view of the whole stage can be obtained from any one of them.

The star's dressing room is at the left of the stage with property room on the right. The interior woodwork of the main theatre is of white pine painted; the woodwork of the outside doors, stairs, foyer



GALLERY FLOOR.

and all rooms in the second and third stories in front are finished in light oak. The walls of the proscenium arch and ceilings are decorated with papier mache ornaments in relief.

The roof is of slate.

The stairs are provided with strong newels, balusters and railings. The outside doors open outward, to preclude possibility of danger in case of a panic. The seating capacity is about 600, including boxes.

D. W. KING

Consumption Surely Cured.

To THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

A Connecticut Yankee.

Wanted an agent in each town to sell the above named book. This is Mark Twain's latest. Nearly 50 000 copies already sold. 220 illustrations. Nearly 600 pages. A great many agents average forty orders per week. Almost anyone can sell twenty five weekly. This is a very profitable business. Write for terms. C. L. Webster & Co., 3 East 14th St. New York.

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipation. Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at A. B. Armstrong's drug store.

—Persons desiring to travel, please call on, or write for rates to W. W. Ball & Sons, Railroad Ticket Brokers and Gen. Pass. Agts to any point and over any line. 103 Union St., Olean, N. Y. Telephone connections.

Whiskeys

50c to $2.00 per (full) quart bottle sent securely packed by express. N. R. Collins & Co., Bradford, Pa.

—After breakfast smoke "First Attempt!"

FARM, FIELD, GARDEN.

NEWS NOTES AND EXPERIENCES IN COUNTRY LIFE.

A Review of the Improved Breeds of Cattle—The Characteristics Which Mark Distinctive and Favorite Types Closely Defined—Cattle for Beef.

Our native cattle are chiefly the remote descendants of English stock imported in the early settlement of the country; whatever distinctive characteristics they may have possessed at that time have been lost or bred out of them by admixture of races, and whatever good qualities some of them now possess are the results of selection and cultivation and cannot be traced back to original blood. With increased population and wealth there have come increased attention to improved breeds of domestic animals and greater care in preserving the various types in their purity.

From England we have derived the beautiful Devons, and although some of this blood were probably brought over by early English settlers, the pure Devons we now have are of more recent importation. The distinctive characteristics of this breed are their uniformly medium size, red color, fine smooth shape, quick movement and graceful appearance. They give excellent milk, though not in large quantities, and in quality of beef are the equals of any other breeds. As general purpose cattle, adapted to hilly and rough pasturage, they have no superiors, and their quick movement and good tempers make them favorites for the yoke.

The Hereford, another English breed of larger size than the Devons, exist in considerable herds in some sections, where they are held in high favor for grazing purposes as early maturing beef cattle.

Of all our foreign breeds none is better known or more popular than the shorthorns and Jerseys, and differing widely as they do in their characteristics each may be said to stand at the head of its own class. The large size, uniformly fine development and adaptability to luxuriant pasturage make the shorthorns special favorites in blue grass regions or wherever good rich grazing is abundant. The Jerseys or Alderneys, natives of adjacent islands in the British channel, are a breed of small cattle, angular and rough in shape as compared with the foregoing, but widely known and especially esteemed as a butter making breed. The Guernseys, from another island, are a somewhat larger breed with the same characteristics, and by some are preferred to the Jerseys.

The Ayrshire and polled Galloways are from Scotland. The former are considered an excellent race for the dairy, the cows having a good reputation as large milkers; the latter are hardy animals, enduring cold well and will thrive on pastures where shorthorns will not. They are raised chiefly for beef, mostly black in color and without horns. The Holsteins or Dutch cattle, as they are sometimes called, are of large size and highly esteemed as a valuable dairy breed. In color they are black and white. It has now become quite common with progressive and amateur farmers to restrict their herds to some one of the improved breeds. By this course a healthy rivalry is produced among breeders, which naturally tends to a general improvement.

Capons and Caponizing.

Considerable ignorance prevails in regard to caponizing fowls, a practice very general in France and one that is on the increase in this country.

A capon is a cockerel of any breed that has been castrated. The taking away from the cockerel the power of reproduction greatly increases both the weight of the bird and the tenderness of the flesh. The consequence is capons are in demand and as a rule command about fifty per cent. more per pound than other fowls. While capons may of course be of any breed, success is attained with varieties that produce naturally quick growth with hardiness of constitution and an aptitude to lay on flesh.

It is generally conceded that the art of caponizing is one soon acquired and with little practice the operation becomes a simple one. George Q. Dow, who is one of the authorities on the subject, affirms that "the operation can be performed in four minutes and the bird recovers from it in three days and begins to lay on flesh. All that is required is a set of good instruments, which cost now a comparatively small sum. Cockerels may be caponized at any time of the year, but the best time is when the chick weighs one pound and a half." Other authorities advise caponizing at from three to four months of age.

Rations for Milk.

At one of the New York Farmers' institutes the query was asked "What ration shall we give our cows to make the most milk?"

Among other responses was the one made by John Tanner, who found the most profit in one-third corn on the cob ground, oats one-third and buckwheat one-third. He considered bran good but not equal to buckwheat. A mixture suggested by another attendant was 100 pounds of corn meal, 100 pounds of cotton seed meal and 200 pounds of wheat bran mixed.

A Word About Clover.

At one of the New York farmers' clubs F. O. Ives said "We put our clover into the mow after it has been cocked up, and put a layer of oat straw in with a layer of clover, and it keeps good and the sheep eat it all clean. The oat straw has the flavor of the hay imparted to it. I do not suppose the straw has any additional nutriment, but it smells and tastes better, and the sheep like it, and will eat more of it thus handled than when fed alone."

The Florida agricultural department estimates that the orange crop of the state will be [illegible] boxes or 63 per cent. of [illegible].

Whiskeys.

50c to $2.00 per (full) quart bottle sent securely packed by express. N. R. Collins & Co. Bradford, Pa.

Every Home Should Have It.

It is not always convenient to call a physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag Oil in the house you have a physician always at hand, it kills rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, bruises and all aches and pains. Price 25 cents.

There are a few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one of them, Pan Tina Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for coughs, colds and consumption. Price 25 cents. Trial bottle free at Frank Foster's drug store.

—Cortland county creamery butter can be found at J. H. Stull's meat market, East Smethport, Pa.

Special Announcement.

We have made arrangements with Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases," which will enable all our subscribers to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address (enclosing a two cent stamp for mailing same) to Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. This book is now recognized as standard authority upon all diseases of the horse, as its phenomenal sale attests, over four million copies having been sold in the past ten years, a sale never before reached by any publication in the same period of time. We feel confident that our patrons will appreciate the work, and be glad to avail themselves of this opportunity of obtaining a valuable book.

It is necessary that you mention this paper in sending for the "Treatise." This offer will remain open for only a short time.

About to visit some section of the country where malarial disease, either in the form of chills and fever or bilious remittent was particularly rife, what would be about the best advice you could give him? We will tell you—to carry along, or procure on arriving, that potent medicinal safeguard, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, known throughout malaria plagued regions, here and in other countries, as the surest means of disarming the miasmatic scourge, and robbing it of its fell destructive influence. Not only does it fortify the system by increasing its stamina, but overcomes irregularity of digestion, the liver and bowels, and counteracts the unfavorable effects of over exertion bodily and mental, exposure in rough weather, or occupation too sedentary or laborious, loss of appetite and excessive nervousness. The functions of alimentation, bilious secretion and sleep have in it a most powerful and reliable auxiliary.

The Perpetual Borrower.

Of course you have encountered this pest. He is more prevalent than the man who smokes in a car, and quite as annoying. He borrows your penknife, your razors, your buttonhooks, your writing utensils, your umbrella, and would borrow your toothpick and your toothbrush if the usages of society admitted of their double "occupancy." What you lend him goes, as a rule, to that bourne from which no traveler returns.

Not that he is dishonest, but he considers himself a sort of pensioner on the world at large for minor conveniences, and has no idea that their restoration is expected. As he is usually a good natured fellow, who would give you anything he had if he had anything to give, you don't like to snub him, and so he passes through life in his shiftless careless way, unconscious of his demerits, a tolerated nuisance.

Willingly would you raise a subscription, heading the list of donors yourself, to furnish him with all he borrows. But it would be useless. There is no tenacity in his slipshod nature. Whatever you might give him would slip through his fingers. Besides, your professional borrower of small chattels prefers a loan to a gift. So far as your personal comfort is concerned it is best to meet his application for loans with an emphatic "no." He is not pertinacious. A few rebuffs will suffice. He knows well enough that if you won't supply the article he wants somebody else will—that if you are mean there are others who are "generous."—New York Ledger.

Indians Trying to Stop a Train.

B. W. Velder, a locomotive engineer, says: When the Kansas Pacific was first opened the Indians were very hostile, and there was constant fear that they would wreck the trains. That they did not is due to their ignorance of the iron horse and of the best methods of destroying it. One of my firemen had an experience with the Cheyennes that he will never forget. He was on the road near Fort Wallace when he saw that the Indians had cut the telegraph wire and knew that he might look out for squalls. They were never satisfied with simply cutting the wire, but chopped it into inch pieces with their tomahawks to effectually stop the mysterious messages.

As the train came near a large patch of sunflowers which grew on both sides of the track over 100 Indians rose up, stretched a strong rope across the track, braced themselves and prepared to receive the shock of the locomotive. As was afterward learned, they had taken rawhide strips, braided them together and with a force of fifty at each end of the rope thought that they would be able to stop the train. The instant the locomotive struck the rope the air was full of Indians. They were thrown in all directions. Some were jerked clear across the train and more than a dozen were killed or seriously injured. This was the last attempt made for years to stop the trains.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

An "L" Road Beat.

"Will you kindly let me pass this morning? I have forgotten my purse."

This question was put by a rather pretty woman to the ticket agent of the downtown station of the Third avenue elevated road one morning, and I expected the chopper's reply would be "Certainly, with pleasure." Instead he said:

"I am very sorry, madam, but the rules of the road are very strict, and I could not pass you without a ticket. You can go home and get your purse."

"But I will be late at my work if I go home again," pleaded the little woman. "Can't you let me pass this once?"

"No, madam," was the agent's reply. "I cannot."

I handed the agent five cents, the lady got a ticket and with a sweet smile boarded the train.

"You should not have done that," said the agent to me. "You have no idea how many requests of that kind are made to me every day. That woman whose ticket you bought is a professional beat. She does the same thing here almost every morning and generally gets some soft headed man to buy her a ticket. If I let every one pass I would be out about $2 a day. You think I am hard hearted, but I am not. I'm down on beats though, and she was a good specimen."—New York Telegram.

Very Gross Receipts.

"What were your gross receipts last [illegible]" said a lover of statistics to a [illegible] who had count[illegible] [illegible] fearfully day by day [illegible] fearfully. Ninety eight [illegible]

NEVER A FAILURE.

The Red River Valley of
Minnesota and
North Dakota
has
never
had a failure
of crops.
It produced 30 000,000
bushels of wheat
besides other cereals in 1890.
Farms can be had
on the
crop plan, or long time
cash payments.
It is not an uncommon thing
to pay for a farm
from the proceeds of
one crop
It has all the advantages
of an old country in
the shape of school, church,
market, postal and railway facilities,
and all the chances of
a new country in
the way of
cheap lands, rich soil, and
increase in values.
It is one of the most
Fertile and promising
regions in America
not yet fully occupied,
In the rush to the far
west, however
the rich valley has
been over-looked,
It has room for a
million more people
Write to
F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.,
for particulars
Publications sent free

MONEY can be earned at our NEW line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new lead, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

RUPTURE cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phil'a, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or business delay. Thousands cured. Send for Circular. No. 30 tf.

—Setter No. 1 is the best cigar in the market. Sold by Howard Wilson.

INE CANDIES

My present stock of fine candies surpasses any heretofore shown in this section, and embraces all the finer as well as cheaper grades. Among the novelties may be mentioned

BON-BON BOXES, FINE CRYSTALIZED FRUITS,

French Mixed in 5-pound Boxes—Very Fine,

Chocolate Creams of all kinds, etc. Also a complete stock of

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Etc.

Everything in the line of Gents' Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs too numerous to mention, Mufflers, Collars and Cuffs, and the largest line of Neckwear to be found in the city. I am headquarters for

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, in fact everything in the Smokers line

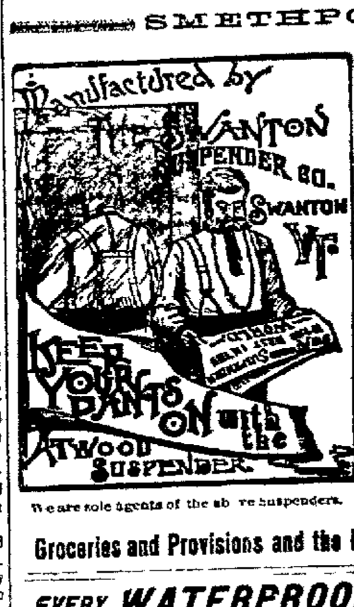
GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

GEO. A. BACKUS.

Opposite Court House, Main Street, Smethport.

∴ BROWNELL BROS, ∴

SMETHPORT, PA.,


Manufactured by
The Swanton Suspender Co.
Swanton Vt.
Keep Your Pants On with the Atwood Suspender.

We are sole agents of the above suspenders.

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

OUR EPICUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF,

THAT CAN BE RELIED ON

Not to Split!

Not to Discolor!

BEARS THIS MARK.

BE UP TO THE MARK

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.

THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

CARPETS!

The largest and best assortment of carpets ever seen in this section of country is now offered for sale at the Furniture and Carpet Store in Smethport. A. Reilly, the manager, has just returned from Philadelphia, the great carpet manufacturing centre of the United States, where he has made this selection. Mr Reilly's experience in the wool and carpet business for over twenty years gives him an experience that few, if any, in the county possess. The goods were bought direct from the manufacturers and the cash discount saved which enables us, with store rent free, insurance less than one per cent., not only to compete with surrounding cities but to sell our goods from five to ten per cent. less than the same goods are sold in some carpet houses in the cities.

Our stock of carpets includes Moquets, Velvet, Body and Tapestry Brussels, Three-Ply Ingrain All Wool, Two-Ply Ingrain, all wool, Two Two-Ply Ingrain, Cotton Chain, also a fine quality Rag Carpet, Oil Cloths and Rugs of all sizes and prices. It will pay people wanting carpets to come many miles to see and examine our stock before purchasing.

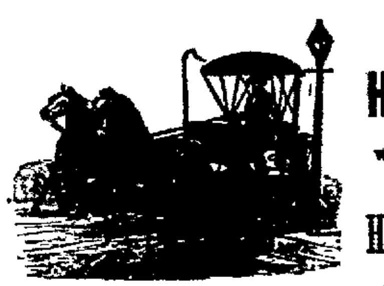
SMETHPORT FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

A. REILLY, Manager.

8-tf

A. T. PALMER,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.



DEALER IN HORSES, Wagons, Carriages, Carts, Harness, Etc.

WATER STREET BARN.

FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,

BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE, SMETHPORT, PA.

Ely's Cream Balm For CATARRH THE POSITIVE CURE. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

-:- FURNITURE. -:-

Talk is cheap, but Sound Business Principles always pays in the long run. To the people of Smethport and the country surrounding, we have a few words to say.

First—we keep the finest and best quality as well as the cheapest goods in the furniture line, to be found in any establishment.

Second—We sell our goods at a living profit, and don't pretend to sell at less than what they cost.

Third—If we have not the goods wanted we will procure them at prices to suit purchasers.

We claim that no purchaser wants shoddy furniture palmed off onto them for first-class goods, and an experience of 27 years in the business convinces us that success always attends

-:- SQUARE DEALING. -:-

We sell a handsomer and better made bedroom set of Antique Oak furniture for $25 than was brought into this country from Buffalo during the past year for which $30 was paid,

We sell beautiful parlor sets and lounges at ten per cent. less than it will cost you to ship them in from Buffalo or Rochester.

Don't purchase until you look over our goods and prices.

SPECHT & SASSE.

[illegible] Trains leave Smethport for Larrabee, [illegible], Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS.........[illegible] A. M.
BUFFALO MAIL.........[illegible] P. M.

Trains leaving Smethport at [illegible] p. m. connect at [illegible] with [illegible] for Bradford, at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south,

CLERMONT MAIL.........7:[illegible] A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMODATION.........[illegible] P. M.
LOCAL.........[illegible] P. M.

Clermont Mail connects through to Johnsonburgh.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. K. Wooding, Ticket Agent,

[illegible], General Supt.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt., Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct lines between the Bradford and Elk county, Clarion and Bakersfield oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT DEC. 1, 1888.

WESTWARD. EASTWARD

STATIONS: ar..Bradford..lv; Kinzua Jn.; New City; Kinzua; Duke Centre; Eldred; B. B. & C. R. R.; Ceres; Little Genesee; Lv..Bolivar..Ar; Allentown; Lv Wellsville ar; ar..Bradford..lv; Kinzua Junction; Aiken; Davis; Simpson; Ormsby; Smethport; Mt. Jewett; Kane. [illegible]

JNO. G. [illegible], General Supt.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, taken effect Monday, Dec. 1, 1888.

AR. EASTW'D. STATIONS. LV WESTW'D

Coudersport; Pine Creek Jn.; Hammond; Fish Hatchery; Olmsted; Mina; Knowlton; Roulette; Pomeroy Bridge; Burtville; Coneaman; Port Allegany. [illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Dec. 14, 1888.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION

EASTWARD.

[illegible] a. m.—Train [illegible], daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6 44 p. m., New York 9.30 p. m., Baltimore [illegible] p. m., Washington [illegible] p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

[illegible] p. m.—Train [illegible], daily except Sunday for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4 25 a. m., New York 7.[illegible] a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.00 a. m.

9.[illegible] p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia [illegible] a. m., New York [illegible] a. m., Baltimore [illegible] a. m., Washington 7 30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia, and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

6:15 a. m.—Train 17, daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway [illegible] p. m. for Erie.

10:30 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

7.15 p. m.—Train 11 daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH

Train 17 leaves Renovo [illegible] a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Jn. [illegible] a. m.

Train 11 leaves Philadelphia [illegible] a. m., Washington [illegible] a. m., Baltimore [illegible] a. m., daily except Sunday arriving at Emporium Junction 7 15 p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane.

Train 3, leaves New York [illegible] p. m., Philadelphia 11:[illegible] p. m., Washington [illegible] p. m., Baltimore 11:[illegible] p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10:30 a.m., with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD.

Daily except Sunday.

NORTH STATIONS. SOUTH

A. M. Lv.	STATIONS.	Ar. A. M.
9.40	Ridgway	11
9.55	Johnsonburg	11
10 0	Glen Hazel	11
10 19	Straight	11
10 24	Instanter	11
10 30	Smith's Run	11
10 37	Woodvale	11
10 45	Clermont	11

Connections are made with train 17, leaving Johnsonburg at 2.18 p. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at 8.05 p. m. also at Ridgway with train 4, leaving Ridgway at 1.16 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

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